CITY OF PHOENIX, ARIZONA OFFICE OF THE CITY ENGINEER DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION PROCUREMENT



PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS EDISON IMPACT HUB CONSTRUCTION

PROJECT NO. AH20300003

PROCUREPHX PRODUCT CATEGORY CODE 912000000 RFx 6000001671

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CALL FOR BIDS

CITY OF PHOENIX EDISON IMPACT HUB CONSTRUCTION DESIGN-BID-BUILD

PROJECT NO. AH20300003

PROCUREPHX PRODUCT CATEGORY CODE 912000000 RFx 6000001671

BIDS WILL BE DUE: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 22, 2024 AT 2:00 P.M. SUBMITTED INTO THE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION PROCUREMENT BID BOX LOCATED ON THE 1ST FLOOR LOBBY OF THE PHOENIX CITY HALL BUILDING, 200 W. WASHINGTON STREET, PHOENIX, ARIZONA, 85003

BIDS WILL BE READ: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 22, 2024, 2024 AT 2:00 P.M.

ON 5TH FLOOR, ROOM 5 WEST

PHOENIX CITY HALL

200 W. WASHINGTON STREET

PHOENIX, AZ 85003-1611

*All times are local Phoenix time

SCOPE OF WORK

The City of Phoenix is seeking a qualified contractor to provide construction services for the project listed below.

The City of Phoenix proposes to construct the Edison Impact Hub project (the Project), a commercial building that will serve the Edison-Eastlake community residents, located at 1855 East Garfield Street, Phoenix, Arizona 85006. The property consists of 3.7-acres with 16,450 SF vacant commercial building and a 1,224 SF storage/maintenance building. The property is located within the Edison Eastlake Neighborhood and within the boundaries of the Choice Neighborhoods redevelopment area.

The activities for the restoration and renovation of the historic portion includes, new roofing, exterior wall repairs, new interior walls, electrical, plumbing, HVAC systems, insulation, flooring and ceiling finishes, doors and trim. Some windows will be abated and restored, and others replaced with more energy efficient windows.

The garage/maintenance building on site will include maintenance activities, including roof repairs and interior/exterior painting.

The contractor will be responsible for installing the art feature foundation, sidewalks, electrical wiring and light fixtures related to the artwork.

This is a federal-aid project. The prevailing basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefit payments, as determined by the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act, shall be the minimum wages paid to the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed or working on the site to perform the contract.

This project will utilize federal funds and is subject to the requirements of 49 Code of Federal Regulations Part 26, the U.S. Department of Transportation DBE Program, and the Federal Regulations under the American Rescue Plan Act.

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Section 3 requirements apply. The contractor must

take all necessary affirmative steps to ensure that minority businesses, women's business enterprises, and labor surplus area firms are used when possible.

No goal has been established for this project.

The City of Phoenix, in accordance with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252.42 U.S.C. §§ 2000d-4) and the Regulations, hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively ensure that any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full and fair opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in consideration for an award.

PRE-BID MEETING

A pre-bid meeting will be held on Tuesday, October 8, 2024, at 10:00 a.m., at 200 W. Washington Street, City Hall, 5th Floor, Conference Room 5 West. At this meeting, staff will discuss the scope of work, general contract issues and respond to questions from the attendees. As City staff will not be available to respond to individual inquiries regarding the project scope outside of this pre-bid meeting, it is strongly recommended that interested firms send a representative to the pre-bid meeting.

REQUEST FOR BID PACKET

On Thursday, September 26, 2024, the bid packet may be downloaded from the City of Phoenix's eProcurement site at:

https://eprocurement.phoenix.gov/irj/portal

(OR)

the City of Phoenix's "Solicitations" web page as. The web address is:

https://solicitations.phoenix.gov

Firms receiving a copy of the bid packet through any other means are strongly encouraged to download the bid packet from the City webpage.

Firms must be registered in eProcurement https://www.phoenix.gov/finance/vendorsreg as a vendor.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The City reserves the right to award the contract to the lowest responsible responsive bidder or all bids will be rejected, as soon as practicable after the date of opening bids.

The City of Phoenix will provide reasonable accommodations for alternate formats of the bid packet by calling Kathleen Kennedy at (602) 534-5789 or calling TTY 711. Requests will only be honored if made within the first week of the advertising period. Please allow a minimum of seven calendar days for production.

Questions pertaining to process or contract issues should be directed to Kathleen Kennedy at (602) 534-5789 or kennedy@phoenix.gov.

Jeffrey Barton City Manager

Published: Arizona Business Gazette

Date: September 26, 2024 Date: October 3, 2024

District: 8

Eric J. Froberg, PE City Engineer

INFORMATION FOR BIDDERS

1. <u>102 BIDDING REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS</u>, Add the following to <u>MAG and COP</u> <u>Supplement to MAG Section 102 BIDDING REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS</u>:

INFORMATION FOR BIDDERS

A. QUESTIONS ON PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Neither the Engineer nor the City of Phoenix shall be held responsible for any oral instructions. Any changes to the plans and specifications will be in the form of an addendum. All Addenda will be posted online within the project folder at the following website:

https://solicitations.phoenix.gov

OR

https://eprocurement.phoenix.gov/irj/portal

For additional information prior to submitting your bid, contact:

Plans, Technical/Special Provisions, Proposal or Specifications:

NAME: Kathleen Kennedy, Design and Construction Procurement

ADDRESS: 200 W. Washington Street, 5th Floor, Phoenix, AZ 85003-1611

PHONE: (602) 534-5789 E-MAIL: kathleen.kennedy@phoenix.gov

Federal Labor Standards/Davis-Bacon and related Acts contact Labor and Compliance Office:

NAME: Alex Rivera III, Compliance Project Manager, Housing PHONE: (602) 262-6017 E-MAIL: alex.rivera.iii@phoenix.gov

All questions regarding the plans and specifications must be received (in writing) at a minimum seven calendar days prior to bid opening. Questions received after that time may not be given any consideration.

B. **REQUEST FOR SUBSTITUTIONS**

Paragraph A, B, and C of MAG Section 106.4 are deleted and the following paragraphs substituted:

- 1. The Engineer will consider written request(s), by a prime bidder only, for substitution(s) which is/are considered equivalent to the item(s) specified in the Contract documents. The written request will be considered only if it is received at <u>least twelve calendar days prior</u> to the established bid date. Notification of acceptable substitutions will be made by addendum issued no fewer than seven calendar days prior to the established bid date. (A.R.S. 34-104)
- 2. The prime bidder, at his own expense, shall furnish the necessary data of substitution and validate that the physical, chemical, and operational qualities of each substitute item is such that this item will fulfill the originally specified required function.
- 3. The substitution, if approved, will be authorized by a written addendum to the Contract documents and will be made available to all bidders. The bid date and the scheduled completion time will not be affected by any circumstances developing from this substitution.
- 4. The request will be submitted to Design and Construction Procurement, Attention Kathleen Kennedy, 5th floor, Phoenix City Hall, 200 W. Washington Street, Phoenix, Arizona 85003-1611 or via email to kathleen.kennedy@phoenix.gov.

C. BID BOND

Bidders must submit a properly completed proposal guarantee in the form of certified check, cashier's check, or surety bond on the form provided, for an amount not less than ten percent of the total amount bid included in the proposal as a guarantee that the contractor will enter into a contract to perform the proposal in accordance with the plans and specifications. Surety bonds submitted for this project shall be provided by a company which has been rated "A- or better for the prior four quarters" by the A.M. Best Company. A bid will be deemed non-responsive if not accompanied by this guarantee.

The surety bond shall be executed solely by a surety company or companies holding a certificate of authority to transact surety business in the State of Arizona, issued by the Director of the Department of Insurance pursuant to Title 20, Chapter 2, Article 1. The surety bond shall not be executed by an individual surety or sureties even if the requirements of Section 7-101 are satisfied. The certified check, cashiers check, or surety bond will be returned to the contractors whose proposals are not accepted, and to the successful contractor upon the execution of a satisfactory bond and contract.

When providing a Surety Bond, failure to provide an "A- or better for the prior four quarters" bond will result in bid rejection.

D. <u>LIST OF MAJOR SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS & LIST OF ALL SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS</u>

A bid will be deemed non-responsive if not accompanied by a properly completed and signed L.O.S.-1 "List of Major Subcontractors and Suppliers" form.

To assist in eliminating the practice of bid shopping on City construction projects, the Bidder shall list all Major Subcontractors and Suppliers to whom the Bidder intends to contract with that are equal to or greater than 5% of the base bid. The list of Major Subcontractors and Suppliers will be provided on the L.O.S.-1 "List of Major Subcontractors" form. Failure to properly complete and sign this form will result in bid rejection. This form is due with the bid.

If substantial evidence exists that bid shopping occurred on this project, the Bidder will be ineligible to bid on City or City-affiliated construction projects for a period of one year.

The list of All Subcontractors and Suppliers shall be provided on the L.O.S.-2 "List of All Subcontractors and Suppliers" form. This form is due three calendar days after bid opening by 5:00 p.m. All bidders will be required to submit the L.O.S.-1 form. The three lowest bidders will be required to submit the L.O.S.-2 form is not submitted by the post-bid deadline, the Bidder will still be required to submit the document prior to award. If the Bidder fails to submit the required L.O.S.-2 form by the post-bid deadline, the Bidder's bid bond may be placed in jeopardy because the City may make a claim against the Bidder's bid bond for the cost difference between the lowest responsive and responsible Bidder's bid and the next lowest bid (and any additional costs involved in awarding the contract to the next lowest responsive and responsible bidder).

E. <u>BID SUBMITTAL</u>

The properly completed bid documents along with the ten percent bid guarantee shall be submitted in a sealed envelope. The outside of the envelope shall be marked as follows:

Bid of <u>(Firm's Name, Address and Phone Number)</u> For: Edison Impact Hub Construction

City of Phoenix Project Number: AH20300003

Sealed bids will be submitted to the bid box located on the first floor of the Phoenix City Hall Building, 200 W. Washington Street, Phoenix, Arizona, 85003 prior to the time and date specified for bid opening.

F. BID WITHDRAWALS

MAG Section 102-10, Withdrawal or Revision of Proposal, is hereby deleted and the following paragraph is submitted:

"No bidder may withdraw or revise a proposal after it has been deposited with the City except as provided in Phoenix City Code Chapter 2, Section 190.2. Proposals, read or unread, will not be returned to the bidders until after determination of award has been made.

G. ADDENDA

Acknowledge all addenda; a bid will be deemed non-responsive if all issued addenda for this project are not acknowledged in writing on Page P. -1.

The City of Phoenix shall not be responsible for any oral responses or instructions made by any employees or officers of the City of Phoenix regarding bidding instructions, plans, drawings, specifications or contract documents. A verbal reply to an inquiry does not constitute a modification of the Invitation for Bid. Any changes to the plans, drawings and specifications will be in the form of an addendum.

It shall be the responsibility of the prospective bidder to determine, prior to the submittal of its bid, if any addenda to the project have been issued by Design and Construction Procurement. All addenda issued shall be acknowledged by the bidder on Page P-1. All addenda (if any) will be available online within each project's folder at the following website:

https://solicitations.phoenix.gov

The contractors and/or consultants are responsible for ensuring they have all addenda and/or notifications for all projects they are submitting on. Prospective bidders are strongly encouraged to check the Design and Construction Procurement website to ascertain if any addenda have been issued for the project.

H. BID SUBMITTAL CHECKLIST

All firms must be registered in the City's Vendor Management System prior to submitting a bid. For new firms – the City will send an email to your firm with a vendor number within two days of submitting the request. The vendor number needs to be included on the cover of the bid proposal package/envelope. Information on how to register with the City is available at:

https://www.phoenix.gov/finance/vendorsreg

BID SUBMITTAL CHECKLIST

This checklist is provided to remind bidders of several of the required elements of the bid packages. It is not intended to be a comprehensive list of all of the contract documents. Bidders are encouraged to review all of the Bid Instructions to determine compliance therein.

- Acknowledge all addenda? (Page P.-1)
- Completed all of the Bid Proposal forms? (Pages P-1 to P-2 and P.S.-1)

- Included your Bid Bond (rated A- or better for the prior four quarters) or Guarantee Cashier's Check? (Page S.B.-1)
- Completed Certification with Regard to Equal Opportunity Clause for Contractor and Subcontractors (E.E.O.C.-1 to 4)
- Completed List of Major Subcontractors and Suppliers form? (Page L.O.S.-1)
- Completed HUD 2992 Certificate Regarding Debarment and Suspension (Pages H2992-1 to H2992-2)
- Completed HUD 2530 Previous Participation Certification (Pages H2530-1 to H2530-5)
- Completed HUD 5369A Certifications, Representations and Other Statements of Bidders Form (Pages H5369A-1 to H5369A-4)
- o Completed HUD 60002 Section 3 Summary Reports (Pages H60002-1 to H60002-2)
- No Collusion Affidavit (Page N.C.A. 1)
- Certification of Non-Segregated Facilities (Page N.S.F. -1 to 2)

PLEASE DO NOT SUBMIT THE ENTIRE SPECIFICATION BOOK WHEN SUBMITTING YOUR BID. INCLUDE ONLY THE REQUIRED BIDDING DOCUMENTS.

POST-BID SUBMITTAL CHECKLIST

The three lowest bidders must submit completed contracts documents listed below, no later than three calendar days after bid opening by 5:00 p.m. The documents must be submitted to Design and Construction Procurement, 5th Floor, or can be sent by email to kathleen.kennedy@phoenix.gov.

- Completed List of All Subcontractors and Suppliers form (L.O.S.-2)
- Bidders Disclosure Statement (Pages B.D.S.-1 to 4)
- o Submit Affidavit of Identity (if you are a sole proprietor) (Page A.O.I.-1)

PRIOR TO CONTRACT EXECUTION

- Contractor must provide proof of license required to perform the work.
- Verification of Experience Modification Rate (EMR) the awarded company will be required to provide an EMR verification letter from the insurance company prior to contract execution.

*ALL DOCUMENTS NOTED AS REQUIRED IN SUBCONTRACTS MUST BE INCLUDED IN EVERY SUBCONTRACT THAT IS UPLOADED INTO THE B2G SYSTEM.

I. PERMITS

CITY RESPONSIBILITY – The City will be responsible for City of Phoenix review and permit(s) fees for building and demolition permits. The City will also pay review fees for grading and drainage, water, sewer, and landscaping. The City will also pay for utility design fees for permanent services.

CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY – The Contractor will be responsible for all other permits and review fees not specifically listed above. The Contractor is responsible for the cost of water meters, water and sewer taps, fire lines and taps, and all water bills on the project meters until the project is accepted. Arrangements for construction water are the Contractor's responsibility.

The Contractor may elect to use a City fire hydrant for its source of construction water only if an existing water service connection is unavailable or inadequate. The Contractor will be required to comply with Phoenix City Code Section 37-13A.

The Contractor is specifically reminded of the need to obtain the necessary environmental permits or file the necessary environmental notices. Copies of these permits and notices must be provided to the City's Project Manager prior to starting the permitted activity. In the case of Fire Department permits, a copy of the application for permit will also be provided to the Project Manager. This provision does not constitute an assumption by the City of an obligation of any kind for violation of said permit or notice requirements.

J. WAGE DETERMINATION

In the event that the wage determination decision of the Secretary of Labor is required for a project (attached hereto on pages G.W.D.-1 to 6 and made a part hereof) and has been superseded by any subsequent wage determination decision(s) published up to and including 10 days prior to bid opening, the most recent applicable wage decision shall be incorporated by reference, and the successful bidder agrees to be bound by it, regardless of what is contained in the specifications. State or local wage rates will not apply if the state or local wage rate exceeds the corresponding Federal Wage Determination rate.

K. WORKFORCE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

The contractor shall submit payrolls electronically through the internet to the City of Phoenix web-based certified payroll tracking system. The City of Phoenix uses the "LCP Tracker" website to track the certified payroll information. Additional information regarding the use of this system is available at https://lcptracker.net. This requirement shall also apply to every lower-tier subcontractor that is required to provide weekly certified payroll reports.

L. PAYMENT WITHHOLDING

Payrolls, including subcontractor's payrolls, must be submitted weekly no later than seven days after each pay period ending date. Payments may be withheld in part or in full until payrolls are received and reviewed to assure compliance with the Federal Labor Standards.

Failure to clarify, when requested, discrepancies between hourly wages paid individual workers and the minimum hourly wages required by the Federal Wage Decisions contained in the contract documents may affect the complete or timely release of payments.

M. LABOR COMPLIANCE PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE

On all federally assisted projects, a Labor Compliance Conference must be held after project award and prior to the established Notice to Proceed. This meeting is separate from and in addition to the pre-construction conference.

The successful bidder shall schedule the conference by calling the Housing Labor Compliance Office, (602) 262-6017. Minimum attendance shall be a corporate officer, who is authorized to execute and sign documents for the firm and the payroll representative of the prime, sub and lower-tier Contractors.

N. BUSINESS AND OPERATION LICENSES, PERMITS AND CERTIFICATIONS REQUIRED

It is the responsibility of the bidder to determine whether it has the appropriate contracting licenses to perform the work. The City will make the award, if any, to the lowest responsive, responsible bidder who has the proper licenses. For all projects except Federal-aid funded projects, the bidder must have the proper licenses at the time the bid is submitted to the City. On Federal aid funded projects, the bidder is not required to have the licenses at the time of bidding, but it must procure the licenses before award can be made, and no later than 60 days after the date bids are opened. Licensing information is available from the Arizona Registrar of Contractors.

Prior to award of the contract, the successful bidder must provide Design and Construction Procurement its Contractor's License Classification and number, its City of Phoenix Privilege License number and Federal Tax Identification number.

Bidder shall submit the Bidder's Disclosure Statement as set forth in Pages B.D.S. - 1 to B.D.S. - 4 within five calendar days of bid opening by 5:00 p.m. Bidder will be deemed non-responsive and the bid rejected if Bidder fails to submit a substantially completed Bidder's Disclosure Statement as specified above.

O. TAX LIABILITIES; DISCLOSURE OF CONVICTIONS AND BREACH(ES) OF CONTRACT

On or before the award of the contract for this project, the successful bidder shall: (i) file all applicable tax returns and shall make payment for all applicable State of Arizona and Maricopa County Transaction Taxes (ARS Sec. 41-1305) and City of Phoenix Privilege License Taxes (Phoenix City Code Sec.14-415); (ii) disclose any civil fines, penalties or any criminal convictions, other than for traffic related offenses, for violation of federal, state, county or city laws, rules or regulations including, but not limited to, environmental, OSHA, or labor compliance laws (collectively "Laws") by Bidder, Bidder's directors, managing members. responsible corporate officers or party who will be responsible for overseeing and administering this project (collectively "Bidder"); and (iii) disclose any material breach(s) of an agreement with the City of Phoenix, any termination for cause or any litigation involving the City of Phoenix occurring within the past three calendar years. Unless provided otherwise in this solicitation, the successful bidder shall be deemed non-responsible and the bid rejected for any of the following: (i) Bidder's civil or criminal conviction, other than for traffic related offenses, for a violation of Laws within the past three calendar years; (ii) liability or culpability resulting in payment of fines or penalties in the cumulative total amount of \$100,000 or greater for a violation of "Laws" within the past three calendar years; (iii) material breach of a City of Phoenix agreement, termination for cause or litigation with the City of Phoenix within the past three calendar years; and (iv) Bidder's failure to disclose the information as required by this provision. Further, after award of contract, in addition to any other remedy, Bidder's failure to remit proper taxes to the City of Phoenix may result in the City withholding payment pursuant to Phoenix City Charter Chapter XVIII, Section 14 until all delinquent taxes, interest, and penalties have been paid.

State and Local Transaction Privilege Taxes:

In accordance with applicable state and local law, transaction privilege taxes may be applicable to this transaction. The state and local transaction privilege (sales) tax burden is on the person who is conducting business in Arizona and the City of Phoenix. The legal liability to remit the tax is on the person conducting business in Arizona. Any failure by the Contractor to collect applicable taxes from the City will not relieve the Contractor from its obligation to remit taxes.

It is the responsibility of the prospective bidder to determine any applicable taxes. The City will review the price or offer submitted and will not deduct, add or alter pricing based on taxes.

If you have questions regarding tax liability, seek advice from a tax professional prior to submitting bid. Once your bid is submitted, the Offer is valid for the time specified in this Solicitation, regardless of mistake or omission of tax liability.

If the City finds over payment of a project due to tax consideration that was not due, the Contractor will be liable to the City for that amount, and by contracting with the City agrees to remit any overpayments back to the City for miscalculations on taxes included in a bid price.

For purposes of A.R.S. 42-5075(P), this contract is subject to A.R.S. Title 34.

<u>Tax Indemnification:</u>

Contractor will, and require the same of all subcontractors, pay all federal, state and local taxes applicable to its operation and any persons employed by the Contractor. Contractor will, and require the same of all subcontractors, hold the City harmless from any responsibility for taxes, damages and interest, if applicable, contributions required under federal, and/or state and local laws and regulations and any other costs including transaction privilege taxes, unemployment compensation insurance, Social Security and Worker's Compensation.

Tax Responsibility Qualification:

Contractor may be required to establish, to the satisfaction of City, that any and all fees and taxes due to the City or the State of Arizona for any License or Transaction Privilege taxes, Use Taxes or similar excise taxes, are currently paid (except for matters under legal protest).

Contractor agrees to a waiver of the confidentiality provisions contained in the City Finance Code and any similar confidentiality provisions contained in Arizona statutes relative to State Transaction Privilege Taxes or Use Taxes.

Contractor agrees to provide written authorization to the City Finance Department and to the Arizona State Department of Revenue to release tax information relative to Arizona Transaction Privilege Taxes or Arizona Use Taxes in order to assist the Department in evaluating Contractor's qualifications for and compliance with contract for duration of the term of contract.

P. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS

Except as otherwise required in these specifications, bid preparation and construction of this project shall be in accordance with all applicable Maricopa Association of Governments' (MAG) Uniform Standard Specifications and Uniform Standard Details, latest edition, the City of Phoenix Supplements to the MAG Uniform Standard Specifications and Details, latest edition, and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, latest edition.

Q. PRECEDENCE OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

In case of a discrepancy or conflict, the precedence of contract documents is as follows:

- 1. Change Orders or Supplemental Agreements
- 2.Addenda
- 3. Contract Specifications/Special Provisions/Technical Provisions
- 4. The Plans
- 5.COP Supplement to MAG Standard Specifications and Details, latest edition
- 6.MAG Standard Specifications and Details, latest edition

The precedence of any Addenda falls within the category of which it represents.

R. CONFIDENTIALITY OF PLANS & SPECIFICATIONS

Any plans generated for this project must include the following statement in the Title Block on every page: "Per City of Phoenix City Code Chapter 2, Section 2-28, these plans are for official use only and may not be shared with others except as required to fulfill the obligations of Contractor's contract with the City of Phoenix."

S. AUDIT AND RECORDS

Records of the Contractor's direct personnel payroll, bond expenses, and reimbursable expenses pertaining to this Project, and records of accounts between the City and Contractor shall be kept on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles and must be made available to the City and its auditors for up to five years following Final Acceptance of the Project.

The City, its authorized representative, and/or any federal agency, reserves the right to audit the Contractor's records to verify the accuracy and appropriateness of all cost and pricing data, including data used to negotiate the Contract and any change orders.

The City reserves the right to decrease Contract price and/or payments made on this Contract and/or request reimbursement from the Contractor following final contract payment on this Contract if, upon audit of the Contractor's records, the audit discloses the Contractor has provided false, misleading, or inaccurate cost and pricing data.

The Contractor shall include a similar provision in all of its Agreements with subcontractors and suppliers providing services or supplying materials under the Contract Documents to ensure that the City, its authorized representative, and/or the appropriate federal agency has access to the Subcontractor's and Supplier's records to verify the accuracy of all cost and pricing data.

The City reserves the right to decrease the Contract price and/or payments made on this Contract and/or request reimbursement from the Contractor following final contract payment on this Contract if the above provision is not included in the Subcontractor's and Supplier's contracts, and one or more Subcontractors or Suppliers refuse to allow the City to audit their records to verify the accuracy and appropriateness of cost and pricing data.

If, following an audit of this Contract, the audit discloses the Contractor has provided false, misleading or inaccurate cost and pricing data, and the cost discrepancies exceed 1% of the total Contract billings, the Contractor shall be liable for reimbursement of the reasonable, actual cost of the audit.

T. IMMIGRATION REFORM AND CONTROL ACT

Compliance with Federal Laws Required. Contractor understands and acknowledges the applicability of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 and the Drug Free Workplace Act to it. Contractor agrees to comply with these Federal Laws in performing under this Agreement and to permit City inspection of its personnel records to verify such compliance.

U. <u>LEGAL WORKER REQUIREMENTS</u>

The City of Phoenix is prohibited by A.R.S. § 41-4401 from awarding a contract to any contractor who fails, or whose subcontractors fail, to comply with A.R.S. § 23-214(A). Therefore, Contractor agrees that:

1. Contractor and each subcontractor it uses warrants their compliance with all

federal immigration laws and regulations that relate to their employees and their compliance with § 23-214, subsection A.

- A breach of a warranty under paragraph 1 shall be deemed a material breach of the contract that is subject to penalties up to and including termination of the contract.
- 3. The City of Phoenix retains the legal right to inspect the papers of any Contractor or subcontractor employee who works on the contract to ensure that the Contractor or subcontractor is complying with the warranty under paragraph 1.

V. CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTOR WORKER BACKGROUND SCREENING

Contractor agrees that all Contractor's and subcontractors' workers (collectively "Contract Worker(s))" pursuant to this Agreement will be subject to background and security checks and screening (collectively "Background Screening") at Contractor's sole cost and expense, unless otherwise provided for in the scope of work. Contractor's background screening will comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations. Contractor further agrees that the background screening is necessary to preserve and protect the public health, safety and welfare. The City requires a completed Contract Worker Badge/Key/Intrusion Detection Responsibilities Agreement for each Contract Worker who requires a badge or key.

Background Screening Risk Level: The City has established two levels of risk: Standard and Maximum risk. The current risk level and background screening required is **STANDARD RISK LEVEL.** If the scope of work changes, the City may amend the level of risk, which could require the Contractor to incur additional contract costs to obtain background screens or badges.

Terms of This Section Applicable to all Contractor's Contracts and Subcontracts: Contractor will include Contract Worker background screening in all contracts and subcontracts for services furnished under this agreement.

Materiality of Background Screening Requirements; Indemnity: The background screening requirements are material to City's entry into this agreement and any breach of these provisions will be deemed a material breach of this contract. In addition to the indemnity provisions set forth in this agreement, Contractor will defend, indemnify and hold harmless the City for all claims arising out of this background screening section including, but not limited to, the disqualifications of a Contract Worker by Contractor. The background screening requirements are the minimum requirements for the Agreement. The City in no way warrants that these minimum requirements are sufficient to protect Contractor from any liabilities that may arise out of the Contractor's services under this Agreement or Contractor's failure to comply with this section. Therefore, Contractor and its Contract Workers will take any reasonable, prudent and necessary measures to preserve and protect public health, safety and welfare when providing services under this Agreement.

Continuing Duty; Audit: Contractor's obligations and requirements will continue throughout the entire term of this Agreement. Contractor will maintain all records and documents related to all background screenings and the City reserves the right to audit Contractor's records.

Contractor's Default; Liquidated Damages; Reservation of Remedies for Material Breach: If Contractor is required to access any City facilities without an escort, City badging is required. Contractor's default under this section will include, but is not limited to, the following:

- Contract Worker gains access to a City facility(s) without the proper badge or key;
- Contract Worker uses a badge or key of another to gain access to a City facility;

- Contract Worker commences services under this agreement without the proper badge, key or background screening;
- Contract Worker or Contractor submits false information or negligently submits wrong information to the City to obtain a badge, key or applicable background screening; or
- Contractor fails to collect and timely return Contract Worker's badge or key upon termination of Contract Worker's employment, reassignment of Contract Worker to another City facility or upon the expiration, cancellation or termination of this Agreement.
- Contractor acknowledges and agrees that the access control, badge and key requirements in this section are necessary to preserve and protect the public health, safety and welfare. Accordingly, Contractor agrees to properly cure any default under this section within three business days (excluding weekends and City holidays) from the date notice of default is sent by the City. The parties agree that Contractor's failure to properly cure any default under this section will constitute a breach of this section. In addition to any other remedy available to the City at law or in equity, the Contractor will be liable for and pay to the City the sum of \$1,000.00 for each breach by Contractor in this section. The parties further agree that the sum fixed above is reasonable and approximates the actual or anticipated loss to the City at the time and making of this agreement if Contractor breaches this section. Further, the parties expressly acknowledge and agree to the fixed sum set forth above because of the difficulty of proving the City's actual damages if Contractor breaches this section. The parties further agree that three breaches by Contractor in this section arising out of any default within a consecutive period of three months or three breaches by Contractor in this section arising out of the same default within a period of 12 consecutive months will constitute a material breach of this agreement by Contractor and the City expressly reserves all of its rights, remedies and interests under this agreement, at law and in equity including, but not limited to, termination of this agreement.

Employee Identification and Access: Contract Workers are forbidden access to designated restricted areas. Access to each building will be as directed by the authorized Phoenix authorized representative. Contract Workers are not authorized access other than during scheduled hours. Access to the building will be directed by the City's authorized representative.

Only authorized Contract Workers are allowed on the premises of the City facilities/buildings. Contract Workers are not to be accompanied in the work area by acquaintances, family members, assistants or any other person unless said person is an authorized Contract Worker.

Unless otherwise provided for in the scope of work:

- Contract Workers must **always** have city issued badges and some form of verifiable company identification (badge, uniform, employee id).
- Contractor will supply a list of the names and titles of all employees requiring access to the buildings. It is the Contractor's responsibility to provide updates and changes of personnel as necessary.

Key Access Procedures: If the Contractor Worker's services require keyed access to enter a City facility(ies), a separate key issue/return form must be completed and submitted by the Contractor for each key issued. Contractor must submit the completed key issue/return form to the appropriate badging office.

Stolen or Lost Badges or Keys: Contractor must immediately report lost or stolen badges or keys to the City's appropriate badging office. If the badge/key was stolen, Contract Worker's must report the theft to their local police department. Prior to issuance of a new badge or key, a new badge application or key issue form must be completed, submittal of a police department report for stolen badges, and applicable payment of the fee(s) listed herein.

Return of Badge or Key: All badges and keys are the property of the City and must be returned to the City at the badging office within one business day (excluding weekends and City holidays) of when the Contract Worker's access to a City facility is no longer required to furnish the services under this agreement. Contractor will collect a Contract Worker's badge and key(s) upon the termination of the Contract Worker's employment; when the Contractor Worker's services are no longer required at a City facility(s); or upon termination, cancellation or expiration of this agreement.

Badge and Key Fees: The following constitute the badge and key fees under this agreement. The City reserves the right to amend these fees upon a 30-day prior written to Contractor.

Replacement Badge Fee: \$55.00 per badge Lost/Stolen Badge Fee: \$55.00 per badge Replacement Key Fee: \$55.00 per key Replacement Locks: \$55.00 per lock

BACKGROUND SCREENING - STANDARD RISK:

The current risk level and background screening required is **STANDARD RISK**.

A standard risk background screening will be performed when the Contract Worker's work assignment will:

- require a badge or key for access to City facilities; or
- allow any access to sensitive, confidential records, personal identifying information or restricted City information; or
- allow unescorted access to City facilities during normal and non-business hours.

Requirements: The background screening for this standard risk level will include a background check for real identity/legal name and will include felony and misdemeanor records from any county in the United States, the state of Arizona, plus any other jurisdiction where the Contractor Worker has lived at any time in the preceding seven years from the Contract Worker's proposed date of hire.

Contractor Certification; City Approval of Background Screening: Unless otherwise provided for in the Scope, Contractor will be responsible for:

- determining whether Contract Worker(s) are disqualified from performing work for the City for standard risk level background checks; and,
- for reviewing the results of the background check every five years; and,
- to engage in whatever due diligence is necessary to make the decision on whether to disqualify a Contract Worker; and,
- Submitting the list of qualified Contract Workers to the contracting department.
- For sole proprietors, the Contractor must comply with the background check for himself and any business partners, or members or employees who will assist on the contract and for whom the requirements of the Agreement apply.
- By executing this agreement, Contractor certifies and warrants that Contractor has read
 the background screening requirements and criteria in this section, and that all
 background screening information furnished to the City is accurate and current. Also, by
 executing this agreement, Contractor further certifies and warrants that Contractor has
 satisfied all background screening requirements for the standard risk background
 screening, and verified legal worker status, as required.

The City may, at any time, in its sole discretion, refuse to allow an employee access to an area for any of the following reasons, but not limited to:

- Conviction of a felony.
- Conviction of a misdemeanor (not including traffic or parking violation).
- Any outstanding warrants (including traffic and parking violations).
- A person currently on parole or probation.
- A person currently involved in an investigation.

CONFIDENTIALITY AND DATA SECURITY: All data, regardless of form, including originals, images and reproductions, prepared by, obtained by, or transmitted to Contractor in connection with this Agreement is confidential, proprietary information owned by the City, unless otherwise agreed upon within this Agreement. Except as specifically provided in this Agreement, the Contractor shall not disclose data generated in the performance of the service to any third person without the prior written consent of the City Manager or his/her designee.

Contractor agrees to abide by all current applicable legal and industry data security and privacy requirements and to notify the City immediately if the scope of work changes or personal identifying information or information subject to Payment Card Industry Standards becomes part of the Agreement.

Contractor agrees to comply with all City information security and technology policies, standards, and procedures when accessing City networks and computerized systems whether onsite or remotely.

A violation of this Section may result in immediate termination of this Agreement without notice. The obligations of Contractor under this Section shall survive the termination of this Agreement.

SECURITY INQUIRIES: Contractor acknowledges that all of the employees that it provides pursuant to this Contract shall, at Contractor's expense, be subject to background and security checks and screening at the request of the City. Contractor shall perform all such security inquiries and shall make the results available to the City for all employees considered for performing work (including supervision and oversight) under this Contract. City may make further security inquiries. Whether or not further security inquiries are made by the City, City may, at its sole, absolute and unfettered discretion, accept or reject any or all the employees proposed by the Contractor for performing work under this Contract. Employees rejected by the City for performing services under this Contract may still be engaged by Contractor for other work not involving the City. An employee rejected for work under this Contract shall not be proposed to perform work under other City contracts or engagements without the City's prior approval.

The City, in its sole discretion, reserves the right, but not the obligation to:

- require an employee/prospective employee of the Contractor to provide fingerprints and execute such other documentation as may be necessary to obtain criminal justice information pursuant to A.R.S. 41-1750 (G) (4);
- act on newly acquired information whether or not such information should have been previously discovered;
- unilaterally change its standards and criteria relative to the acceptability of Contractor's employees and/or prospective employees; and
- object, at any time and for any reason, to an employee of Contractor performing work (including supervision and oversight) under this Agreement. Contractor will bear the costs of all inquiries requested by the City.

W. LAWFUL PRESENCE REQUIREMENT

Pursuant to A.R.S. §§ 1-501 and 1-502, the City of Phoenix is prohibited from awarding a contract to any natural person who cannot establish that such person is lawfully present in the United States. To establish lawful presence, a person must produce qualifying identification and sign a City-provided affidavit affirming that the identification provided is genuine. This requirement will be imposed at the time of contract award. This requirement does not apply to business organizations such as corporations, partnerships or limited liability companies.

X. LEADERSHIP IN ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN (LEED)

If practical, the contractor shall provide an easily accessible area to serve the construction site that is dedicated to the separation, collection and storage of materials for recycling including (at a minimum) paper, glass, plastics, metals, and designate an area specifically for construction and demolition waste recycling. The contractor must provide documentation that the materials have been taken to a Maricopa County approved recycling facility.

Y. CITY OF PHOENIX EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY REQUIREMENT

- 1. In order to do business with the City, Contractor must comply with Phoenix City Code, 1969, Chapter 18, Article V, as amended, Equal Employment Opportunity Requirements. Contractor will direct any questions in regard to these requirements to the Equal Opportunity Department, (602) 262-6790.
- 2. Any Contractor in performing under this contract shall not discriminate against any worker, employee or applicant, or any member of the public, because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, or disability nor otherwise commit an unfair employment practice. The Contractor shall ensure that applicants are employed, and employees are dealt with during employment without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, or disability and will adhere to a policy to pay equal compensation to men and women who perform jobs that require substantially equal skill, effort, and responsibility, and that are performed within the same establishment under similar working conditions. Such action shall include but not be limited to the following: Employment, promotion, demotion or transfer, recruitment or recruitment advertising, layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training; including apprenticeship. The Contractor further agrees that this clause will be incorporated in all subcontracts with all labor organizations furnishing skilled, unskilled and union labor, or who may perform any such labor or services in connection with this contract.

If the Contractor employs more than thirty-five employees, the following language shall apply as the last paragraph to the clause above:

The Contractor further agrees not to discriminate against any worker, employee or applicant, or any member of the public, because of sexual orientation or gender identity or expression and shall ensure that applicants are employed, and employees are dealt with during employment without regard to their sexual orientation or gender identity or expression.

- 3. *Documentation*. Contractor may be required to provide additional documentation to the Equal Opportunity Department affirming that a nondiscriminatory policy is being utilized.
- 4. *Monitoring*. The Equal Opportunity Department shall monitor the employment policies and practices of suppliers and lessees subject to this article as deemed necessary. The Equal Opportunity Department is authorized to conduct on-site compliance reviews of selected firms, which may include an audit of personnel and payroll records, if necessary.

Z. **PROTEST PROCEDURES**

Any bidder who has any objections to the awarding of a contract to any bidder by the City of Phoenix, pursuant to competitive bidding procedures, shall comply with Phoenix City Code Chapter 2, Section 188."

AA. **DATA CONFIDENTIALITY**

As used in the Contract, "data" means all information, whether written or verbal, including plans, photographs, studies, investigations, audits, analyses, samples, reports, calculations, internal memos, meeting minutes, data field notes, work product, proposals, correspondence and any other similar documents or information prepared by, obtained by, or transmitted to the Contractor or its subcontractors in the performance of this Contract.

The parties agree that all data, regardless of form, including originals, images, and reproductions, prepared by, obtained by, or transmitted to the Contractor or its subcontractors in connection with the Contractor's or its subcontractor's performance of this Contract is confidential and proprietary information belonging to the City.

Except as specifically provided in this Contract, the Contractor or its subcontractors shall not divulge data to any third party without prior written consent of the City. The Contractor or its subcontractors shall not use the data for any purposes except to perform the services required under this Contract. These prohibitions shall not apply to the following data provided the Contractor or its subcontractors have first given the required notice to the City:

- Data which was known to the Contractor or its subcontractors prior to its performance under this Contract unless such data was acquired in connection with work performed for the City;
- 2. Data which was acquired by the Contractor or its subcontractors in its performance under this Contract and which was disclosed to the Contractor or its subcontractors by a third party, who to the best of the Contractor's or its subcontractor's knowledge and belief, had the legal right to make such disclosure and the Contractor or its subcontractors are not otherwise required to hold such data in confidence; or
- 3. Data which is required to be disclosed by virtue of law, regulation, or court order, to which the Contractor or its subcontractors are subject.

In the event the Contractor or its subcontractors are required or requested to disclose data to a third party, or any other information to which the Contractor or its subcontractors became privy as a result of any other contract with the City, the Contractor shall first notify the City as set forth in this section of the request or demand for the data. The Contractor or its subcontractors shall give the City sufficient facts so that the City can be given an opportunity to first give its consent or take such action that the City may deem appropriate to protect such data or other information from disclosure.

The Contractor, unless prohibited by law, within ten calendar days after completion of services for a third party on real or personal property owned or leased by the City, the Contractor or its subcontractors shall promptly deliver, as set forth in this section, a copy of all data to the City. All data shall continue to be subject to the confidentiality agreements of this Contract.

The Contractor or its subcontractors assume all liability for maintaining the confidentiality of the data in its possession and agrees to compensate the City if any of the provisions of this section are violated by the Contractor, its employees, agents or subcontractors. Solely for the purposes of seeking injunctive relief, it is agreed that a breach of this section shall be deemed to cause irreparable harm that justifies injunctive relief in court. Contractor agrees that the

requirements of this Section shall be incorporated into all subcontracts entered into by Contractor. A violation of this Section may result in immediate termination of this Contract without notice.

Personal Identifying Information-Data Security

Personal identifying information, financial account information, or restricted City information, whether electronic format or hard copy, must be secured and protected at all times. At a minimum, Contractor must encrypt and/or password protects electronic files. This includes data saved to laptop computers, computerized devices or removable storage devices.

When personal identifying information, financial account information, or restricted City information, regardless of its format, is no longer necessary, the information must be redacted or destroyed through appropriate and secure methods that ensure the information cannot be viewed, accessed, or reconstructed.

In the event that data collected or obtained by Contractor or its subcontractors in connection with this Contract is believed to have been compromised, Contractor or its subcontractors shall immediately notify the Project Manager and City Engineer. Contractor agrees to reimburse the City for any costs incurred by the City to investigate potential breaches of this data and, where applicable, the cost of notifying individuals who may be impacted by the breach.

Contractor agrees that the requirements of this Section shall be incorporated into all subcontracts entered into by Contractor. It is further agreed that a violation of this Section shall be deemed to cause irreparable harm that justifies injunctive relief in court. A violation of this Section may result in immediate termination of this Contract without notice.

The obligations of Contractor or its subcontractors under this Section shall survive the termination of this Contract.

BB. PROJECT MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM (UNIFIER)

The Housing Department's Project Manager may determine that use of UNIFIER will be required during this contract. The following information provides a guideline for utilization. Any questions related to the requirements of UNIFIER should be directed to the VPM Project Manager.

- 1. The contractor will be required to maintain all project records in electronic format. The City provides an Application Service Provider (ASP) web-based project management database which the contractor will be required to utilize in the fulfillment of the contract requirements. Although this electronic platform does not fulfill this requirement in its entirety, the contractor will be required to utilize this platform as the basis for this work.
- 2. The contractor will be required to process information into electronic digital form. In order to fulfill this requirement, the contractor shall provide all necessary equipment to perform the functions necessary to generate, convert, store, maintain, connect to web-based ASP and transfer electronic data.
- 3. The contractor shall provide a computerized networked office platform with broadband internet connectivity. Wired or wireless is acceptable. This platform shall function well in a web-based environment utilizing an internet browser compatible with the City UNIFIER ASP system.

UNIFIER training will be provided through the City of Phoenix. Contact information will be provided to the firms under contract, to establish the set up with a log-in and password.

CC. CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTOR RECORDS

The contractor, subcontractors and all suppliers shall keep and maintain all books, papers, records, files, accounts, reports, bid documents with backup data, including electronic data, and all other material relating to the contract and project for five years following completion and acceptance of the work.

All the above material shall be made available to the City for auditing, inspection and copying and shall be produced, upon request.

The contractor shall insert the above requirement in each subcontract, purchase order and lease agreement and shall also Include in all subcontracts a clause requiring subcontractors to Include the above requirement in any lower-tier subcontract, purchase order or lease agreement.

DD. FEDERAL IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT

The contractor, including all subcontractors, shall comply with all federal, state and local immigration laws and regulations, as set forth in Arizona Executive Order 2005-30, relating to the immigration status of their employees who perform services on the contract during the duration of the contract. The Agency shall retain the right to perform random audits of contractor and subcontractor records or to inspect papers of any employee thereof to ensure compliance.

By submission of a bid, the contractor warrants that the contractor and all proposed subcontractors are and shall remain in compliance with all federal, state and local immigration laws and regulations relating to the immigration status of their employees who perform services on the contract. The Agency may, at its sole discretion, require evidence of compliance from the contractor or subcontractor. Should the Agency request evidence of compliance, the contractor or subcontractor shall have ten working days from receipt of the request to supply adequate information. The City will accept, as evidence of compliance, a showing by the contractor or subcontractor that it has followed the employment verification provisions of the Federal Immigration and Nationality Act as set forth in Sections 274A and 274B of that Act, including implementation of regulations and agreements between the Department of Homeland Security and the Social Security Administration's verification service. The contractor shall include the requirements of the provisions of ADOT Standard Specifications Subsection 107.19 In all its subcontracts.

Failure to comply with the immigration laws or to submit proof of compliance constitutes a material breach of contract. The City will reduce the contractor's compensation by \$10,000 for the initial Instance of non-compliance by the contractor or a subcontractor. Should the same contractor or subcontractor commit subsequent violations within a two-year time-period from the initial violation, the contractor's compensation will be reduced by \$50,000 for each violation. The third instance by the same contractor or subcontractor within a two-year period may result, in addition to the \$50,000 reduction in compensation, in removal of the offending contractor or subcontractor, suspension of work in whole or in part or, in the case of a third violation by the contractor, termination of the contract for default. In addition, the City may debar a contractor or subcontractor who has committed three violations within a two-year period for up to one year. For purposes of this paragraph, a violation by a subcontractor does not count as a violation by the contractor.

Any delay resulting from a sanction under this subsection is a non-excusable delay. The contractor is not entitled to any compensation or extension of time for any delays or additional costs resulting from a sanction under this subsection.

EE. **PROJECT STAFFING**

Key Personnel: Before starting work, Contractor must submit detailed résumés of key personnel involved in that work for City's approval (which City will not unreasonably withhold). If Contractor later desires to change key personnel involved in that work, Contractor must submit detailed résumés of the new personnel for City's approval (which City will not unreasonably withhold).

Qualified Staff: Contractor must maintain an adequate and competent staff of qualified persons—as City may determine in its sole discretion—during performance of this Master Agreement. If City in its sole discretion determines that any of Contractor's staff is objectionable, Contractor must take prompt corrective action or replace that staff with new personnel, subject to City's approval.

Third-Party Employment Brokers: Contractor and Subcontractors will not utilize a third-party labor broker for any construction worker under this Agreement. The Contractor and Subcontractors must be the employers of record for its construction staff under this Agreement.

FF. NO ISRAEL BOYCOTT

If this Contract is valued at \$100,000 or more and requires Contractor (a company engaging in for-profit activity and having ten or more full-time employees) to acquire or dispose of services, supplies, information technology, or construction, then Contractor must certify and agree that it does not and will not boycott goods or services from Israel, pursuant to Title 35, Chapter 2, Article 9 of the Arizona Revised Statutes. Provided that these statutory requirements are applicable, Contractor by entering this Contract now certifies that it is not currently engaged in, and agrees for the duration of the Contract to not engage in, a boycott of goods or services from Israel.

GG. NO FORCED LABOR OF ETHNIC UYGHURS

If this Contract requires Contractor (a company engaging in for-profit activity and having ten or more full-time employees) to acquire or dispose of services, supplies, information technology, goods, or construction, then pursuant to Title 35, Chapter 2, Article 10 of the Arizona Revised Statutes Contractor must certify and agree that it and any contractors, subcontractors, or suppliers it utilizes do not and will not use the forced labor of ethnic Uyghurs in the People's Republic of China or any goods or services produced by such forced labor. Provided these statutory requirements are applicable, Contractor, by entering this Contract, now certifies it is not currently engaged in, and agrees for the duration of the Contract to not engage in, (a) the use of forced labor of ethnic Uyghurs in the People's Republic of China; (b) the use of any goods or services produced by the forced labor of ethnic Uyghurs in the People's Republic of China; or (c) the use of any contractors, subcontractors, or suppliers that use the forced labor or any goods or services produced by the forced labor of ethnic Uyghurs in the People's Republic of China.

HH. COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS

Contractor must comply with all existing and subsequently enacted federal, state and local laws, ordinances and codes, all applicable ADA requirements, regulations that are, or become applicable to this Agreement, and be in general conformance with PROWAG guidance. If a subsequently enacted law imposes substantial additional costs on Contractor, a request for an amendment may be submitted pursuant to this Agreement. Contractor is also required to certify its compliance with all applicable laws and Contractor must pass along these requirements to its Subcontractors. If any of Contractor's certifications is found to be false, the City may terminate this Agreement or impose other remedies due to the false certification.

II. HEAT MITIGATION

Per Phoenix City Code G-7241, effective April 25, 2024, any Contractor whose employees and contract workers perform work in an outdoor environment under this contract must keep on file a written heat safety plan. The City may request a copy of this plan and documentation of all heat safety and mitigation efforts currently implemented to prevent heat-related illnesses and injuries in the workplace. The plan must also be posted where it is accessible to employees. At a minimum, the heat safety and mitigation plan and documentation required under this Provision shall include each of the following as it relates to heat safety and mitigation:

- 1. Availability of sanitized cool drink water free of charge at locations that are accessible to all employees and contract workers.
- 2. Ability to take regular and necessary breaks as needed and additional breaks for hydration.
- 3. Access to shaded areas and/or air conditioning.
- 4. Access to air conditioning in vehicles with enclosed cabs. All such vehicles must contain functioning air conditioning by no later than May 1, 2025.
- 5. Effective acclimatization practices to promote the physiological adaptations of employees or contract workers newly assigned or reassigned to work in an outside environment.
- 6. Conduct training and make it available and understandable to all employees and contract workers on heat illness and injury that focuses on the environmental and personal risk factors, prevention, how to recognize and report signs and symptoms of heat illness and injury, how to administer appropriate first aid measures and how to report heat illness and injury to emergency medical personnel.

The Contractor further agrees that this clause will be incorporated in all subcontracts with subconsultants, sublicensees or sublessees who may perform labor or services in connection with this contract. Additionally, the Contractor agrees to require all subcontractors, sublicensees or sublessees to include this clause in all contracts with any third party who is contracted to perform labor or services in connection with this contract. It is the obligation of the Contractor to ensure compliance by its subcontractors.

JJ. SECTION 3 REQUIREMENTS

Prior to Contract award, the Contractor will complete the Estimated Project Work Force breakdown pages SC-10 to 12 indicating the labor trades to be used and the number of vacancies which could be filled from lower income sources within the Section 3 area. A copy of this form is included in the specification for information only.

On and after execution of the Contract, Contractor will fulfill all Section 3 requirements and submit to Owner all required Section 3 reports sufficient to establish compliance with applicable Section 3 requirements as generally described in pages SC-1-12 and as may otherwise by requested by Owner.

SUPPLEMENTARY CONDITIONS

1. <u>103 AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection 103.3</u> <u>AWARD OF CONTRACT</u>:

Contract award will be made to a responsive and responsible bidder based on the low total base bid or on the low combination of the total base bid and any selected alternate(s), whichever is in the best interest of the City. If unit pricing is required in the proposal, the extensions and additions will be verified to ensure correctness. Award will be based on the revised total if any errors are found. Additionally, the Contractor shall meet the minimum DBE subcontracting goal set for this contract or have been granted a full or partial waiver of the goal. The City expressly reserves the right to cancel this agreement without recourse or prejudice to Contractor until all parties have executed the agreement in full.

Any bidder that currently contracts with the City must be in good standing for its proposal to be considered responsive. For the purpose of this Invitation to Bid, good standing means compliance with all contractual provisions, including payment of financial obligations.

2. <u>103 AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection 103.5</u>, <u>REQUIREMENT OF CONTRACT BONDS</u>:

1. PERFORMANCE BOND AND LABOR AND MATERIAL BOND

Prior to the execution of a contract, the successful bidder must provide a performance bond and a labor and material bond, each in an amount equal to the full amount of the contract. Each such bond shall be executed by a surety company or companies holding a certificate of authority to transact surety business in the State of Arizona issued by the Director of the Department of Insurance. A copy of the Certificate of Authority shall accompany the bonds. The Certificate shall have been issued or updated within two years prior to the execution of the Contract. The bonds shall be made payable and acceptable to the City of Phoenix. The bonds shall be written or countersigned by an authorized representative of the surety who is either a resident of the State of Arizona or whose principal office is maintained in this state, as required by law, and the bonds shall have attached thereto a certified copy of Power of Attorney of the signing official. If one Power of Attorney is submitted, it shall be for twice the total contract amount. If two Powers of Attorney are submitted, each shall be for the total contract amount. Personal or individual bonds are not acceptable. Failure to comply with these provisions will be cause for rejection of the bidder's proposal.

2. BONDING COMPANIES

All bonds submitted for this project shall be provided by a company which has been rated "A-or better for the prior four quarters" by the A. M. Best Company. **Failure to provide an "A- or better for the prior four quarters" bond will result in bid rejection.**

3. 103 AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT, Delete Subsection 103.6, CONTRACTOR'S INSURANCE in its entirety and substitute the following:

103.6.1 General:

Contractor and subcontractors must procure insurance against claims that may arise from or relate to performance of the work hereunder by Contractor and its agents, representatives, employees and subconsultants. Contractor and subcontractors must maintain that insurance until all their obligations have been discharged, including any warranty periods under this Contract.

The City in no way warrants that the limits stated in this section are sufficient to protect the

Contractor from liabilities that might arise out of the performance of the work under this Contract by the Contractor, its agents, representatives, employees, or subcontractors and Contractor may purchase additional insurance as they determine necessary.

SCOPE AND LIMITS OF INSURANCE

Contractor must provide coverage with limits of liability not less than those stated below. An excess liability policy or umbrella liability policy may be used to meet the liability limits provided that (1) the coverage is written on a "following form" basis, and (2) all terms under each line of coverage below are met:

1. Commercial General Liability - Occurrence Form

Policy must include bodily injury, property damage, broad form contractual liability and XCU coverage.

General Aggregate	\$2,000,000
Products – Completed Operations Aggregate	\$1,000,000
Personal and Advertising Injury	\$1,000,000
Each Occurrence	\$1,000,000

- a. The policy must name the City of Phoenix as an additional insured with respect to liability for bodily injury, property damage and personal and advertising injury with respect to premises, ongoing operations, products and completed operations, and liability assumed under an insured contract arising out of the activities performed by, or on behalf of the Contractor, related to this Contract.
- b. Coverage must include XCU coverage.
- c. There shall be no endorsement or modification which limits the scope of coverage or the policy limits available to the City of Phoenix as an additional insured.
- d. City of Phoenix is an additional insured to the full limits of liability purchased by the Contractor.
- e. The Contractor's insurance coverage must be primary and non-contributory with respect to any insurance or self-insurance carried by the City.
- f. Contractor's policies must be endorsed to provide an extension of the completed operations coverage for a period of nine years.

2. Automobile Liability

Bodily injury and property damage for any owned, hired, and non-owned vehicles used in the performance of this Contract.

Combined Single Limit (CSL)

\$1,000,000

- a. The policy must be endorsed to include The City of Phoenix as an additional insured with respect to liability arising out of the activities performed by, or on behalf of the Contractor, related to this contract.
- b. City of Phoenix is an additional insured to the full limits of liability purchased by the Contractor.
- c. The Contractor's insurance coverage must be primary and non-contributory with respect to any insurance or self-insurance carried by the City.

3. Worker's Compensation and Employers' Liability

Workers' Compensation	Statutory
Employers' Liability	
Each Accident	\$100,000
Disease – Each Employee	\$100,000
Disease – Policy Limit	\$500,000

- a. Policy must contain a waiver of subrogation against the City of Phoenix.
- b. This requirement does not apply when a Contractor or subcontractor is exempt under A.R.S. §23-902(E), **AND** when such Contractor or subcontractor executed the appropriate sole proprietor waiver form.

4. Builders' Risk Insurance (Course of Construction) or Installation Floater

Policy must be in an amount equal to the initial Contract Amount plus additional coverage equal to Contract Amount for all subsequent change orders.

- a. The City of Phoenix, the Contractor and subcontractors, must be named insureds on the policy.
- b. Special Causes of Loss coverage must be written on a replacement cost basis and must include coverage for soft costs, flood and earth movement.
- c. Policy must be maintained until whichever of the following must first occur: (1) final payment has been made; or, (2) until no person or entity, other than the City of Phoenix, has an insurable interest in the property required to be covered.
- d. Policy must be endorsed such that the insurance must not be canceled or lapse because of any partial use or occupancy by the City.
- e. Policy must provide coverage from the time any covered property becomes the responsibility of the Contractor, and continue without interruption during construction, renovation, or installation, including any time during which the covered property is being transported to the construction installation site, or awaiting installation, whether on or off site.
- f. Policy must contain a waiver of subrogation against the City of Phoenix.
- g. Contractor is responsible for the payment of all policy deductibles.

2. NOTICE OF CANCELATION

For each insurance policy required by the insurance provisions of this Contract, the Contractor must provide to the City, within five business days of receipt, a notice if a policy is

suspended, voided or cancelled for any reason. Such notice must be mailed, emailed or hand delivered to Design and Construction Procurement, 200 W. Washington Street, 5th Floor, by certified mail, return receipt requested.

3. ACCEPTABILITY OF INSURERS

Insurance is to be placed with insurers duly licensed or authorized to do business in the state of Arizona and with an "A.M. Best" rating of not less than B+ VI. The City in no way warrants that the required minimum insurer rating is sufficient to protect the Contractor from potential insurer insolvency.

4. VERIFICATION OF COVERAGE

Contractor must furnish the City with certificates of insurance (ACORD form or equivalent approved by the City) as required by this Contract. The certificates for each insurance policy are to be signed by a person authorized by that insurer to bind coverage on its behalf.

All certificates and any required endorsements are to be received and approved by the City before work commences. Each insurance policy required by this Contract must be in effect at or prior to commencement of work under this Contract and remain in effect for the duration of the project. Failure to maintain the insurance policies as required by this Contract or to provide evidence of renewal is a material breach of contract.

All certificates required by this Contract must be sent directly to Design and Construction Procurement via email at str.title34.procure@phoenix.gov. The City project number, contract number and project description must be noted on the certificate of insurance. The City reserves the right to require complete copies of all insurance policies required by this Contract, at any time. DO NOT SEND CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE TO THE CITY'S RISK MANAGEMENT DIVISION.

5. SUBCONTRACTORS

Contractor's certificates shall include all subcontractors as additional insureds under its policies **OR** Contractor shall be responsible for ensuring and verifying that all subcontractors have valid and collectable insurance. At any time throughout the life of the contract, the City of Phoenix reserves the right to require proof from the Contractor that its subcontractors have insurance coverage. All subcontractors providing services included under this Contract's Scope of Services are subject to the insurance coverages identified above and must include the City of Phoenix as an additional insured. In certain circumstances, the Contractor may, on behalf of its subcontractors, waive a specific type of coverage or limit of liability where appropriate to the type of work being performed under the subcontract. Contractor assumes liability for all subcontractors with respect to this Contract.

6. APPROVAL

Any modification or variation from the insurance coverages and conditions in this Contract must be documented by an executed contract amendment.

103.6.2 Defense and Indemnification

To the maximum extent allowed by law, including Title 34 A.R.S., Contractor ("Indemnitor") agrees to defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the City of Phoenix and its officers, officials (elected or appointed), agents and employees (and any jurisdiction or agency issuing permits for any work included in the project, and its officers, agents and employees) ("Indemnitee") from any and all claims, actions, liabilities, damages, losses or expenses, (including but not limited to court costs, attorney fees, expert fees, and costs of claim processing, investigation and litigation) of any nature

or kind whatsoever ("Losses") caused or alleged to be caused, in whole or in part, by the wrongful, negligent or willful acts, or errors or omissions of Indemnitor or any of its owners, officers, directors, members, managers, agents, employees, or subcontractors (Indemnitor's Agents") arising out of or in connection with this Contract. This defense and indemnity obligation includes holding Indemnitee harmless for any Losses or other amount arising out of or recovered under any state's workers' compensation law or arising out of the failure of Indemnitor or Indemnitor's Agents to conform to any federal, state or local law, statute, ordinance, rule, regulation, or court decree. Indemnitor's duty to defend Indemnitee accrues immediately at the time a claim is threatened or a claim is made against Indemnitee, whichever is first. Indemnitor's duty to defend exists regardless of whether Indemnitor is ultimately found liable. Indemnitor must indemnify Indemnitee from and against any and all Losses, except where it is proven that those Losses are solely as a result of Indemnitee's own negligent or willful acts or omissions. Indemnitor is responsible for primary loss investigation, defense and judgment costs where this indemnification applies. In consideration of the City's award of this Contract. Indemnitor agrees to waive all rights of subrogation against Indemnitee for losses arising from or related to any work performed by Indemnitor or Indemnitor's Agents for the City of Phoenix under this Contract. The obligations of Indemnitor under this provision survive the termination or expiration of this Contract.

4. 104 SCOPE OF WORK, Add the following to Section 104.1 WORK TO BE DONE:

The following environmental commitment measures are required to be followed. Refer to Environmental Clearance Letter section for additional information and guidance.

The project mitigation measures are not subject to change without written approval from City of Phoenix Environmental Program Coordinator.

The Contractor shall follow all the requirements of the permits specified herein and comply with the project special provisions, as well as the MAG Uniform Standard Specifications for Public Works, as well as all applicable local environmental requirements.

5. <u>104.1.1 SCOPE OF WORK Add the following to Section 104.1.1 WORK TO BE DONE:</u>

Edison Impact Hub. The City of Phoenix proposes to construct the Edison Impact Hub project (the Project), a commercial building that will serve the Edison-Eastlake community residents, located at 1855 East Garfield Street, Phoenix, Maricopa County, Arizona 85006 (APN 116-11-002B). The property consists of 3.7-acres with 16,450 SF vacant commercial building and a 1,224 SF storage/maintenance building. The property is located within the Edison Eastlake Neighborhood and within the boundaries of the Choice Neighborhoods redevelopment area. The commercial building was the former Crippled Children's Hospital. This historic portion will be renovated, adaptively reusing the building to provide community services such as, behavioral and health clinic, community kitchen, workforce services, and classroom space. The activities for the restoration and renovation of the historic portion includes, new roofing, exterior wall repairs, new interior walls, electrical, plumbing, HVAC systems, insulation, flooring and ceiling finishes, doors and trim. Some windows will be abated and restored, and others replaced with more energy efficient windows. The garage/maintenance building on site will include maintenance activities, including roof repairs and interior/exterior painting. The work will also include earthwork, asphalt, striping, parking, curbs, concrete foundations, slabs, sidewalks, landscaping, ADA improvements, and art design, fabrication and installation activities (by others), including the installations and components in the courtyard and entrance. The contractor will be responsible for installing the art feature foundation, sidewalks, electrical wiring and light fixtures related to the artwork. The subject property is currently zoned Walkable Urban Code, Transect T5:2 District, Transit Eastlake-Garfield Character Area, Historic Preservation District (WU T5:2). The design and construction of the Project will be in accordance with Phoenix building, zoning, and development codes as approved by the City Planning and Development Department (PDD). The planned activities are proposed in accordance with the City of Phoenix General Plan and the City's 2020-2024 Consolidated Plan. The total estimated project cost is \$8,699,631. \$5,100,000 in Federal funding, with \$4,100,000 from

American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, and \$1,000,000 from Economic Development Initiative / Community Project Grant, and \$3,599,631 in non-Federal funds, with \$3,000,000 in PCDIC Grant Funds, \$300,000 from Heritage Fund Grant and \$299,631 from Affordable Housing Funds for the project located at 1855 East Garfield Street, Phoenix, Maricopa County, Arizona 85006 (APN 116-11-002B). The design and construction of the project will be in accordance with Phoenix building, zoning, and development codes as approved by the City Planning and Development Department. Historic Preservation in accordance with sections 106 and 110, 36 CFR Part 800. Environmental mitigation will include soil vapor probes and post construction testing.

104.1.2 SCOPE OF WORK ARCHAEOLOGICAL REQUIREMENTS - The site is located in an archaeologically sensitive area. As such, an archaeological monitor must be present whenever ground disturbing activities are occurring. Contractor is responsible for contacting the City's archaeological monitor and scheduling them for ground disturbing workdays. Contractor must stop work in the area if an archaeological feature is found. Contractor and subcontractor personnel that will be performing ground disturbing activities will be required to take the SRPMIC Cultural Sensitivity class and display a current SRPMIC Cultural Sensitivity sticker on their hard hats.

HISTORIC PRESERVATION - Contractor will be required to work with and receive approval from the City Historic Preservation Office and State Historic Preservation Office.

6. 104 SCOPE OF WORK, Add the following to Subsection 104.1.3 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC:

ADA AND ANSI ACCESS OF PREMISES DURING CONSTRUCTION

Contractor shall maintain existing ADA and ANSI accessibility requirements during construction activities in an occupied building or facility. ADA and ANSI accessibility requirements shall include, but not be limited to, parking, building access, entrances, exits, restrooms, areas of refuge, and emergency exit paths of travel. Contractor shall be responsible for the coordination of all work to minimize disruption to building occupants and facilities.

7. <u>105 CONTROL OF WORK,</u> Add the following to <u>Subsection 105.1, AUTHORITY OF THE</u> ENGINEER:

CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION

The definition of "Engineer" shall read as follows:

"<u>Engineer</u>": All references to "Engineer" in these contract bid documents, including the MAG Specifications, shall mean the Architect of Record and/or Vertical Project Manager.

2. PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE

After completion of the contract documents, to include bonds, insurance and signatures and prior to the commencement of any work on the project, the Street Transportation Department, Vertical Project Management Division, (telephone 602-370-3415), will schedule a Pre-Construction Conference. This will be held at 1855 East Garfield Street, Phoenix, Arizona.

The purpose of this conference is to establish a working relationship between the Contractor, utility firms and various City agencies. The agenda will include critical elements of the work schedule, submittal schedule, cost breakdown of major lump sum items, payment application and processing, coordination with the involved utility firms, emergency telephone numbers for all representatives involved in the course of construction and establishment of the notice to proceed date. The Contractor shall also provide copies of all purchase orders and/or contracts with DBE subcontractors and suppliers used to meet the subcontract goal programmed for this project.

Minimum attendance by the Contractor shall be a responsible company/corporate official, who is authorized to execute and sign documents on behalf of the firm, the job superintendent and the Contractor's safety officer.

AUTHORIZATION OF THE VERTICAL PROJECT MANAGER

The City may, at its discretion and without cause, order the Contractor in writing to stop and suspend work. Immediately after receiving such notice, the Contractor shall discontinue advancing the work specified under this Agreement.

Such suspension shall not exceed one hundred and eighty (180) consecutive days during the duration of the project.

The Contractor may seek an adjustment of the contract price and time, if the cost or time to perform the work has been adversely impacted by any suspension or stoppage of work by the City.

8. <u>105 CONTROL OF WORK</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection 105.2 PLANS AND SHOP DRAWINGS</u>:

The Contractor shall submit as many of the required shop drawings and product data submittals at the Pre-Construction meeting as practical and possible. All shop drawings and product data submittals shall be submitted sufficiently in advance to allow adequate time for City review(s) and approval. The Contractor shall submit early enough to allow enough time for reviews based on the assumption that a submittal may be marked "Revise and Resubmit" or "Rejected", requiring the Contractor to modify the submittal and resubmit for additional review(s) until acceptance.

A separate transmittal shall be used for each specific item type, class of material or equipment for which a submittal is required. Multiple items under one transmittal will only be allowed when the items taken together constitute a complete manufacturer's package or are so functionally related that the entire package should be reviewed as a whole. The contractor shall submit six (6) hard copies of each shop drawing for review. **Email or FAX submittals will not be accepted.**

The Contractor shall allow up to four (4) weeks for City review for each submittal. Some submittals may be simple and straightforward and may not require the full four (4) weeks, but other more complex submittals may take the full four (4) weeks.

9. <u>105 CONTROL OF WORK</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection 105.7 COOPERATION BETWEEN</u> <u>CONTRACTORS</u>

Other Contractors are expected to be working in or near the area of this contract. The Parasols Art Project will be under construction while this project is being constructed. Abatement monitoring and abatement will be performed by other contractors. The Contractor shall conduct his work as specified in MAG Section 105.7.

Record Drawings

The Contractor shall maintain a record set of plans at the job site. These shall be kept legible and current and shall show all changes or work added in a contrasting, reproducible color. Two weeks prior to issuance of substantial completion, the Contractor shall submit, prior to final inspection, corrected landscape drawings showing the location of all utility services, controller, pipe, valves and wiring. The Engineer shall be the sole judge as to the acceptability of the record plans and receipt of an acceptable set is a pre-requisite for final payment.

Prior to final acceptance, the Contractor will provide a complete as-built set, sealed by a Registered Professional, showing all field modifications and final elevation, stations and offset of the completed improvements. For construction related to sewer, and water facilities, and other utilities, as-built information may be requested at the Engineer prior to completion of as-builts at no additional cost.

10. <u>105 CONTROL OF WORK</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection 105.15 ACCEPTANCE</u>, <u>paragraph</u> (B) Final Acceptance:

1. SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

The work may be judged substantially complete when all construction, including all applicable ADA requirements, has been completed with the possible exception of final inspection punch list work. The purpose of granting or acknowledging substantial completion is to stop contract time. This is particularly important to the Contractor if contract time is exhausted or nearly so and/or punch list work is anticipated to extend beyond the allotted time. Granting of substantial completion will eliminate the possibility of incurring liquidated damages or additional liquidated damages beyond the substantial completion date, whichever case may apply.

In the event that the Engineer grants substantial completion, the Contractor shall have thirty (30) days thereafter to complete punch list work, unless additional time is granted--in writing-by the Engineer. In no case shall a Contractor be granted more than thirty (30) days to complete punch list work, unless there are extenuating circumstances such as delay in shipment of a specialized piece of equipment, labor strike, or other circumstances beyond the Contractor's control which would necessitate a further time extension.

2. PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO COMPLETE PUNCH LIST WORK WITHIN SPECIFIED TIME

In the event the Contractor fails to complete the punch list work within thirty (30) days following the contract completion date, or in the case of specialized situations within the additional time allotted by the Engineer, the Contractor may be declared in default, and the Engineer may order the work completed by others.

In the event of default, as described herein, the Engineer shall withhold from the Contractor's final payment, an amount equal to at least twice the estimated cost of the remaining work. In addition, the Engineer shall withhold the retention deducted from contract progress payments until all punch list work has been satisfactorily completed, whereupon twice the amount of the actual cost of completing the work shall be deducted from the Contractor's final payment and the remaining funds, if any, including the contract retention, shall be released in accordance with the conditions set forth in contract retention.

3. CONTRACT RETENTION

This project shall not be considered complete until all work has been completed, including punch list work. Under no circumstances shall a Contractor receive any portion of the legally retained progress payments until the City has granted a final acceptance and/or acknowledged substantial completion. The following conditions shall apply to each case:

- 1. <u>Substantial Completion</u>: The Engineer may reduce outstanding contract retention to not less than one (1) percent of the total contract amount, upon granting substantial completion, if the value of the punch list work is estimated to be less than one (1) percent of the total contract.
- 2. <u>Project Acceptance</u>: Project acceptance implies that all punch list work is done and the improvements have been accepted by the City. Under these conditions, the retention will be fully released to the Contractor subject only to the signing of the standard claims

affidavit and hold harmless clause required for all contracts.

3. Final Release of Contract Retention and/or Release of More Than Ninety (90) Percent of the Contract Funds: Prior to final payment and release of monies retained and/or in the case of substantial completion where the Contractor has requested a reduction in contract retention, the Contractor will be required to sign a claims affidavit agreeing to hold the City harmless from any and all claims arising out of the contract.

11. <u>107 LEGAL REGULATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITY TO PUBLIC</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection 107.1, LAWS TO BE OBSERVED</u>, paragraph (C):

While every effort has been made to Blue Stake all known utilities, and to research and show on the plans all existing underground utilities based on the best available information, it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to locate and pothole all existing utilities sufficiently in advance of anticipated new underground construction to identify any potential conflicts and allow reasonable time for the Engineer to determine solutions. Any claims for additional compensation or work required due to the Contractor's non-compliance with this provision shall not be considered for payment by the City.

12. <u>107 LEGAL REGULATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITY TO PUBLIC</u>, Add the following new paragraphs to <u>Subsection 107.1, LAWS TO BE OBSERVED</u>:

(A) FAIR TREATMENT OF WORKERS

The Contractor shall keep fully informed of all Federal and State laws, County and City ordinances, regulations, codes and all orders and decrees of bodies or tribunals having any jurisdiction or authority, which in any way affect the conduct of the work. He shall at all times observe and comply with all such laws, ordinances, regulations, codes, orders and decrees; this includes, but is not limited to laws and regulations ensuring fair and equal treatment for all employees and against unfair employment practices, including OSHA and the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA). The Contractor shall protect and indemnify the Contracting Agency and its representatives against any claim or liability arising from or based on the violation of such, whether by himself or his employees.

(B) DESERT TORTOISE MITIGATION

As stated in the Arizona Interagency Desert Tortoise Team (AIDTT) Management Plan (1996), if a desert tortoise is found in a project area, activities should be modified to avoid injuring or harming it. If activities cannot be modified, tortoises in harm's way should be moved in accordance with Arizona Game and Fish Department's "Guidelines for Handling Sonoran Desert Tortoises Encountered on Development Projects", revised October 23, 2007 (or the latest revision), included in these contract provisions. Taking, possession, or harassment of a desert tortoise is prohibited by State law, unless specifically authorized by Arizona Game and Fish Department.

(C) BURROWING OWLS MITIGATION - MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT OF 1918

While no burrowing owls have been seen at the project site, small animal burrows likely used by rodents and cottontail rabbits are present. In the event that burrowing owls are found on the site, the project shall comply with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918 and relocate the birds prior to grading. A contact for relocation of burrowing owls is Bob Fox or Greg Clark of Wild at Heart, 31840 North 45th Street, Cave Creek, AZ 85331, 480-595-5047.

13. <u>107 LEGAL REGULATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITY TO PUBLIC</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection 107.2, PERMITS</u>:

1. STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN AND AZPDES PERMIT

Any project that disturbs 1 acre or more of the ground surface requires the Contractor to obtain an AZPDES permit and prepare a SWPPP. This project requires an AZPDES permit and SWPPP.

3. DUST PERMIT

Any project that disturbs more than 1/10 acre of soil requires an earthmoving permit from Maricopa County. Information and forms can be found at:

www.maricopa.gov/ag/divisions/permit engineering/applications/Default.aspx

To facilitate and encourage strict compliance with the Maricopa County Air Pollution Control Regulations pertaining to fugitive dust control, the Contractor shall submit the following documentation to the Engineer at the Pre-Construction meeting prior to conducting any earth moving or dust generating activities under the Contract.

- a. Copy of a valid Maricopa County Earth Moving (Dust Control) Permit applicable to the work or services under the Contract.
- b. Copy of the Dust Control Plan applicable to the work or services under the Contract.
- c. Documentation that all of the Contractor's on-site project managers have received the Comprehensive or Basic dust control training as required by Maricopa County Rule 310 based on project disturbed acres.

For construction sites where 5-acres or more are disturbed, the Contractor shall designate and identify to the City an individual who has completed the dust control training as required for the site Dust Control Coordinator. The Dust Control Coordinator shall be present on-site all times that earth moving or dust generating activities are occurring and until all ground surfaces at the site have been stabilized.

For construction sites less than 1-acre, the Contractor shall designate an individual who has completed Basic Training to be on site at all times that earth moving or dust generating activities are occurring.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer within twenty-four (24) hours of any inspection, Notice of Violation, or other contact by the Maricopa County Air Quality Department with it or any of its subcontractors regarding the work or services under the Contract. A copy of any written communications, notices or citations issued to Contractor or any of its subcontractors regarding the work or services under the Contract shall likewise be transmitted to the Engineer within twenty-four (24) hours.

The Contractor shall prevent any dust nuisance due to construction operations in accordance with MAG Specifications, Section 104.1.3, Cleanup and Dust Control. The Contractor shall use a power pick-up broom as part of the dust control effort. No separate measurement or payment will be made for cleanup or dust control, or for providing a power pick-up broom on the job.

The Contractor agrees to indemnify and reimburse the City for any fine, penalty, fee or monetary sanction imposed on the City by Maricopa County arising out of, or caused by the performance of work or services under the Contract. The Contractor shall remit payment of the reimbursable sum to the City within thirty (30) days of being presented with a demand for payment from the City.

4. TEMPORARY RESTRICTION AND CLOSURE SYSTEM (TRACS) PERMIT

The Contractor shall obtain a TRACS permit for any construction that restricts access (partial or complete closures) on Major/Collector public streets, or complete closures on Local streets, sidewalks, bike lanes and alleys. The Contractor shall obtain this permit in accordance with the City of Phoenix Traffic Barricade Manual, latest edition. The Contractor shall follow all requirements of the TRACS permit during construction. The Contractor shall obtain this permit before the Notice to Proceed date. Any construction delays caused by non-compliance with the TRACS permit or the City of Phoenix Traffic Barricade Manual requirements shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

14. <u>107 LEGAL REGULATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITY TO PUBLIC</u>, Revise the title of <u>Subsection 107.4 ARCHAEOLOGICAL REPORTS</u> to 107.4 ARCHAEOLOGICAL MONITORING AND <u>DISCOVERIES</u>, and add the following:

Archaeological monitoring will be required within the limits of the project during construction. The Contractor must coordinate all ground disturbing work with the archaeologist(s) and provide a current work schedule to facilitate the archaeologist's investigation and monitoring of all ground disturbing work within the area(s) of interest. When archaeological materials are discovered, the Contractor must stop work immediately within a 10-meter zone of the discovery, secure the area, and immediately notify the on-site archaeologist(s) who must then contact the City Archaeology Office (602-495-0901) or the Street Transportation Environmental Section at 602-534-3747, who will coordinate with the City Archaeology Office. The Contractor must not recommence work in the area of discovery until directed in writing by the City Archaeology Office. All contractor and subcontractor personnel performing ground disturbing activities must take and pass the SRPMIC Cultural Sensitivity Course and display a current sticker on their hard hats.

If suspected archaeological materials are discovered during construction without an archaeologist present, the Contractor must stop work immediately within a 10-meter zone of the discovery, secure the area, and immediately notify the City Archaeology Office (602-495-0901). The Contractor must not recommence work in the area of discovery until directed in writing by the City Archaeology Office.

In 1990, the Arizona legislature amended two state laws (Arizona Antiquities Act & State Historic Preservation Act) that protect human burials and associated artifacts on both private and state land. As specified in these laws and rephrased below:

- I) A person shall not knowingly excavate in or upon any historic or prehistoric archaeological site, except when acting as a duly authorized agent of an institution or corporation organized for scientific, research or land use planning purposes. [Arizona Revised Statute §41-841(A) Archaeological Discoveries] Any person, institution or corporation violating any provision of this article is guilty of a class 2 misdemeanor. [A.R.S. §41-846 Violation]
- 2) A person who knowingly excavates in violation of A.R.S. §41-841 is guilty of a class 5 felony pursuant to Arizona Criminal Code- Title 13. A second or subsequent violation under this subsection is a class 3 felony. [A.R.S. I 7 .OJ Excavating Certain Sites].

A class 5 felony carries potential penalties of up to two years in prison. If a City of Phoenix (City) project may impact historic or pre-historic archaeological resources, the guidelines described above must be adhered to. Therefore, no subsurface disturbance activities related to this without having an archaeological consultant on-site prior to and during this project's ground disturbance activities.

The City of Phoenix Office of the City Engineer is requesting that the Project Archaeological Requirements Acknowledgment Form is completed for all City sponsored or managed projects involving ground subsurface disturbance activities in areas that may include archaeological resources, as determined by the City of Phoenix Archaeology Office (CAO). If archaeological

monitoring is required on a project, a City Archaeological Monitoring Acknowledgment form will be provided for your review and signature. The guidelines and the provisions in the Terms and Conditions of the Archaeological Monitoring Form must be followed as prescribed on the form and referenced above in this section. Penalties for non-compliance are detailed on the Archaeological Monitoring Form. Failure to comply with the requirements of this acknowledgment form and the City contract may constitute a breach of contract.

15. <u>107 LEGAL REGULATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITY TO PUBLIC</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection 107.11, CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR UTILITY PROPERTY AND SERVICES:</u>

1. UNDERGROUND FACILITIES

The Contractor will make whatever investigation it deems necessary to verify the location of underground utility facilities. If such facilities are not in the location shown in the drawings, then (regardless of whether this is discovered prior to or during construction) the contractor's remedies, if any, pursuant to Art. 6.3, Chapter 2, Title 40, A.R.S. (A.R.S. 40-360.21 through 40-360.32, "Underground Facilities"), shall be the contractor's sole remedy for extra work, delays and disruption of the job, or any other claim based on the location of utility facilities. Locations of utility facilities shown on drawings furnished by the City are to be regarded as preliminary information only, subject to further investigation by the contractor. The City does not warrant the accuracy of these locations, and the contractor, by entering into this contract, expressly waives and disclaims any claim or action against the City under any theory for damages resulting from location of utility facilities.

The Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining all Blue Stake utility location information, and for performing all requirements as prescribed in A.R.S. 40-360.21 through .29, for all underground facilities, including those that have been installed on the current project, until the project is accepted by the City.

At least two (2) working days prior to commencing any excavation, the Contractor shall call the BLUE STAKE CENTER, between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday for information relative to the location of buried utilities. The number to be called is as follows:

Maricopa County (602) 263-1100

2. UTILITY-RELATED CONSTRUCTION DELAY DAMAGES CLAIM PROCEDURES

The following procedure is intended to provide a fair and impartial process for the settlement of construction delay claims associated with unknown or improperly located utility facilities.

The Contractor shall immediately notify, in writing, the Project Engineer of any potential utility-related delay claim.

The Contractor shall immediately notify the appropriate liaison of the affected utility verbally, followed by a written notification.

The Contractor shall coordinate an investigation of the situation with the affected utility and the City's Utility Coordinator. After resolution, the Contractor will provide written notification of the settlement of the claim to all affected parties. If the affected utility makes a decision to handle negotiations for a claim, their personnel will be responsible for monitoring the project and all negotiations with the Contractor regarding the claim.

The Contractor shall determine to document requirements of the affected utility for their acceptance of responsibility for the claims. The Contractor shall provide four (4) copies of the required documentation to the utility involved and two (2) copies of this documentation to the

Project Engineer. The Contractor shall obtain written confirmation from the utility company involved of their documentation requirements.

16. <u>108 COMMENCEMENT, PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS</u> Add the following to <u>Subsection 108.2, SUBLETTING OF CONTRACT</u>:

PROMPT PAYMENT

1. Contractor Payment to Subcontractor or Supplier

Contractor shall pay its subcontractors or suppliers within seven (7) calendar days of receipt of each progress payment from the City. The Contractor shall pay for the amount of work performed or materials supplied by each subcontractor or supplier as accepted and approved by the City with each progress payment. In addition, any reduction of retention by the City to the Contractor shall result in a corresponding reduction to subcontractors or suppliers who have performed satisfactory work. Contractor shall pay subcontractors or suppliers the reduced retention within fourteen (14) days of the payment of the reduction of the retention to the Contractor. No Contract between Contractor and its subcontractors and suppliers may materially alter the rights of any subcontractor or supplier to receive prompt payment and retention reduction as provided herein. If the Contractor fails to make payments in accordance with these provisions, the City may take any one or more of the following actions and Contractor agrees that the City may take such actions: (1) to hold the Contractor in default under this agreement; (2) withhold future payments including retention until proper payment has been made to subcontractors or suppliers in accordance with these provisions; (3) reject all future bids from the Contractor for a period not to exceed one year from substantial completion date of this project; or (4) terminate agreement.

2. Alternative Dispute Resolution Between Contractor and Subcontractor or Supplier

If Contractor's payment to a subcontractor or supplier is in dispute, Contractor and subcontractor or supplier agree to submit the dispute to any one of the following dispute resolution processes within fourteen (14) calendar days from the date that any party involved gives written notice to the other party(ies): (1) binding arbitration; (2) a form of alternative dispute resolution (ADR) agreeable to all parties; or (3) a City of Phoenix facilitated mediation. When disputed claim is resolved through ADR or otherwise, the Contractor and subcontractor or supplier agree to implement the resolution within seven (7) calendar days from the resolution date.

3. **Inspection and Audit**

Contractor, its subcontractors and suppliers shall comply with A.R.S. 35-214 and the City shall have all rights and remedies to inspect and audit the records and files of Contractor, subcontractor or supplier, as afforded the State of Arizona in accordance with the provisions of A.R.S. Section 35-214.

4. Non-Waiver

Should the City fail or delay in exercising or enforcing any right, power, privilege, or remedy under this Section, such failure or delay shall not be deemed a waiver, release, or modification of the requirements of this Section or of any of the terms or provisions thereof.

5. Inclusion of provisions in Subcontracts

Contractor shall include these prompt payment provisions in every subcontract, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment for this Agreement.

6. No Third Party Benefits or Rights

Nothing contained in this Agreement is intended to benefit or confer any rights on any person or entity not a party to this Agreement, and no such person or entity, including but not limited to other Contractors, subcontractors or suppliers, may assert any claim, cause of action, or remedy against the City hereunder.

17. <u>108 COMMENCEMENT, PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection</u> <u>108.4, CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE</u>:

No later than one (1) week after the Pre-Construction meeting (or one week after the Notice to Proceed date is firmly established), the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer, two (2) copies of a detailed Critical Path Model (CPM) chart outlining the detailed progress of all major and critical elements of the project by weeks, from beginning of project to end. The chart shall begin at the established Notice to Proceed date and progress on a calendar basis, week by week, to the end of the project.

The Contractor shall submit updated CPM charts as required by the Engineer. This shall typically be on a monthly basis. The required submittals of updated CPM charts may be less frequent than monthly, if approved by the Engineer.

Neither the City nor the Engineer shall accept liability or responsibility for the reasonable or workable nature of the CPM schedules prepared and submitted by the Contractor—that responsibility shall remain with the Contractor.

18. <u>108 COMMENCEMENT, PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection</u> <u>108.5, LIMITATION OF OPERATIONS</u>:

1. WORK HOURS

Regular working hours shall be defined as one 8-1/2 hour shift per day, Monday through Friday, exclusive of City holidays.

Work in excess of regular working hours shall be defined as overtime. For overtime which becomes necessary, the Contractor shall make a written request to the Engineer at least eight (8) calendar days before the desired overtime. The request shall include the duration, dates, times, reason for overtime, and a statement of the consequences if overtime is not approved.

The Contractor shall not schedule any overtime work which requires inspection, survey, or material testing without written permission from the Engineer two (2) working days before the proposed overtime work. The Engineer reserves the right to deny the requested overtime. If an overtime request is denied, the Engineer may extend the contract time at no additional cost to the City, including extended overhead costs.

Unscheduled Overtime

Overtime that is not requested and approved in accordance with the above procedure shall be defined as unscheduled overtime. All costs (including appropriate overhead) shall be paid by the Contractor by deduction from the contract.

Emergency Overtime

An emergency is defined as work required for a situation that is not within the Contractor's control.

With the Engineer's approval, the Contractor will be permitted to work overtime without being responsible for paying the City's costs.

19. <u>108 COMMENCEMENT, PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection</u> <u>108.10, FORFEITURE AND DEFAULT OF CONTRACT</u>:

City's Right to Perform and Terminate for Convenience

If the City provides the Contractor with a written order to provide adequate maintenance of traffic, adequate cleanup, adequate dust control or to correct deficiencies or damage resulting from abnormal weather conditions, and the Contractor fails to comply in a time frame specified, the City may have work accomplished by other sources at the Contractor's expense.

If Contractor persistently fails to (i) provide a sufficient number of skilled workers, (ii) supply the materials required by the Contract Documents, (iii) comply with applicable Legal Requirements, (iv) timely pay, without cause, Sub-consultants and/or Subcontractors, (v) prosecute the Contract Services with promptness and diligence to ensure that the Contract Services are completed by the Contract Time, as such times may be adjusted, or (vi) perform material obligations under the Contract Documents, then the City, in addition to any other rights and remedies provided in the Contract Documents or by law, shall have the rights set forth below.

Upon the occurrence of an event set forth above, City may provide written notice to Contractor that it intends to terminate the Agreement unless the problem cited is cured, or commenced to be cured, within seven (7) days of Contractor's receipt of such notice.

If Contractor fails to cure, or reasonably commence to cure, such problem, then City may give a second written notice to Contractor of its intent to terminate within an additional seven (7) day period.

If Contractor, within such second seven (7) day period, fails to cure, or reasonably commence to cure, such problem, then the City may declare the Agreement terminated for default by providing written notice to Contractor of such declaration.

Upon declaring the Agreement terminated pursuant to the above, City may enter upon the premises and take possession, for the purpose of completing the Work, of all materials, equipment, scaffolds, tools, appliances and other items thereon, which have been purchased or provided for the performance of the Work, all of which Contractor hereby transfers, assigns and sets over to City for such purpose, and to employ any person or persons to complete the Work and provide all of the required labor, services, materials, equipment and other items.

In the event of such termination, Contractor shall not be entitled to receive any further payments under the Contract Documents until the Work shall be finally completed in accordance with the Contract Documents. At such time, the Contractor will only be entitled to be paid for Work performed and accepted by the City prior to its default.

If City's cost and expense of completing the Work exceeds the unpaid balance of the Contract Price, then Contractor shall be obligated to pay the difference to City. Such costs and expense shall include not only the cost of completing the Work, but also losses, damages, costs and expense, including attorneys' fees and expenses, incurred by the City in connection with the re-procurement and defense of claims arising from Contractor's default.

If the City is found to have improperly terminated the Agreement for cause or default, the termination shall be converted to a termination for convenience in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.

20. 108 COMMENCEMENT, PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS, Add the following to Subsection

108.11, TERMINATION OF CONTRACT:

TERMINATION FOR CONVENIENCE

The Owner for its own convenience has the right for any reason and at any time to terminate the contract and require the Contractor to cease work hereunder. Such termination shall be effective at the time and in the manner specified in the notification to the Contractor of the termination. Such termination shall be without prejudice to any claims which the Owner may have against the Contractor. In the event of a termination for convenience, the Contractor shall be paid only the direct value of its completed work and materials supplied as of the date of termination, and Contractor shall not be entitled to anticipated profit or anticipated overhead or any other claimed damages from the Owner, Architect or the Engineer. If the City is found to have improperly terminated the Agreement for cause or default, the termination shall be converted to a termination for convenience in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.

CANCELLATION OF CONTRACT FOR CONFLICT OF INTEREST

All parties hereto acknowledge that this agreement is subject to cancellation by the City of Phoenix pursuant to the provisions of Section 38-511, Arizona Revised Statutes.

21. <u>109 MEASUREMENTS AND PAYMENTS</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection 109.4.3</u>, <u>DUE TO EXTRA WORK:</u>

ALLOWANCE FOR EXTRA WORK

Contract allowance items are provided for the purpose of encumbering funds to cover the costs of possible change order work. The amount of the allowance item is determined by the Engineer and is not subject to individual bid pricing. All bidders shall incorporate the amount pre-entered in the bid proposal and shall reflect the same in the total amount bid for this project.

This allowance item provides an estimated funding to cover unforeseen changes that may be encountered and corresponding extra work needed to complete the contract per plan. Unforeseen extra work, if any, shall be as approved by the Engineer; for example, extension of unit bid prices, negotiated price or time and material, in accordance with MAG Specification Section 109.4 and 109.5.

It shall be understood that this allowance item is an estimate only and is based on change order history of similar projects. It shall not be utilized without an approved contract change order. It is further understood that authorized extra work, if any, may be less than the allowance item.

22. <u>109 MEASUREMENTS AND PAYMENTS</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection 109.4</u> COMPENSATION FOR ALTERATION OF WORK:

109.4.7 CHANGE ORDERS

Owner reserves the right to decrease adjustments made in any change order if, upon audit of Contractor's records, the audit discloses contractor provided false or inaccurate cost and pricing data in negotiating the change order. In enforcing this provision, the parties shall follow the procedure provided in the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clause 52.214-27, found in 48 CFR Part 52. All Change Orders must be determined cost reasonable and must meet HUD Cost Control and Safe Harbor standards.

23. <u>109 MEASUREMENTS AND PAYMENTS Subsection 109.7, PAYMENT FOR BOND ISSUE AND BUDGET PROJECTS</u>, Delete the first three paragraphs in their entirety and replace with the following <u>Subsection 109.7</u>, <u>PAYMENT FOR BOND ISSUE AND BUDGET PROJECTS</u>

1. PARTIAL PAYMENTS

The contracting agency will make a partial payment to the Contractor on the basis of an approved estimate prepared by the Engineer or the Contractor for work completed and accepted through the preceding month. The notice to proceed date, which is designated for the specific project involved, will be used as the closing date of each partial pay period. Payment will be made no later than fourteen (14) days after the work is certified and approved. City shall review payment requests and make recommendation of approval or denial within seven (7) calendar days.

2. PAYMENT RETENTION

At the start of construction, ten percent of all pay requests shall be retained by the City to guarantee complete performance of the contract. When the work is fifty percent complete, this amount may be reduced to five percent providing that construction progress and quality of work is acceptable to the City. Any funds which are withheld from the contractor will be paid no later than sixty days after completion of the contract and settlement of all claims.

24. <u>110 NOTIFICATION OF CHANGED CONDITIONS AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION,</u> Add the following to <u>Subsection 110.1 GENERAL</u>: SOILS INFORMATION

The material boring logs shown on the plans or included in these specifications are included for the Contractor's convenience only. It is not intended to imply that the character of materials shown in the logs is representative throughout the project. The soil borings are indicative of the soil characteristics only at the location and to the depth of each of the borings.

Even if not specifically shown in the geotechnical information provided, the Contractor may encounter large cobbles, boulders, caliche, conglomerate, hard rock, perched groundwater, historic or prehistoric cultural resources, or other differing site conditions on this project. **No additional compensation will be made for any differing site condition that may be encountered.**

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

1. <u>206 STRUCTURE EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL</u>, Add the following to <u>Section 206 STRUCTURE EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL</u>:

Description

The work under this item consists of performing Structural Excavation and furnishing Structural Backfill at the locations and in conformance with the details on the Project Plans, in accordance with these special provisions and as directed by the Engineer. Structural Backfill shall consist of furnishing, placing and compacting backfill around the structure to the level designated. All work under this Section shall conform to SECTION 203 – EARTHWORK of the Arizona Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, 2008 Edition, plus all addenda, except as herein noted and on the Project Plans.

Construction Requirements

Section 203-5.03(B)(1) of the ADOT Standard Specifications is modified to add:

Per the Geotech Report, existing fill on the site should not be used for support of foundations without removal and recompaction. Archaeologist will be trenching down to 5 feet through much of the site so soil will need to be properly recompacted.

Structural Backfill may be comprised wholly or in part of salvaged Portland cement concrete material.

The source of all salvaged materials shall be approved by the Engineer prior to use. Salvaged Portland cement concrete material shall not contain hazardous waste materials. All metal reinforcement materials shall be removed from salvaged concrete prior to its use for structure backfill.

Salvaged Portland cement concrete material to be used in structure backfill shall be derived from crushing.

Structural Backfill containing any salvaged materials shall conform to the gradation requirements specified for structure backfill. If completely comprised of salvaged materials, the structural backfill requirements for pH, resistivity, and plasticity index will not apply. If soil and aggregate materials are blended with salvaged materials, the soil and aggregate portion shall conform to the pH, resistivity, and plasticity index requirements specified for structure backfill.

If soil and aggregate materials are blended with salvaged materials, the Contractor shall submit the relative percentages of salvaged materials and soil and aggregate materials to the Engineer for approval. The relative percentages shall not be adjusted after approval except to maintain a consistent gradation. Any significant change in the proportions must be approved by the Engineer prior to use.

Section 203-5.03(B)(2) of the ADOT Standard Specifications is modified to add:

Salvaged materials shall not be used as slurry unless approved by the Engineer.

Section 203-5.03(B)(4) of the ADOT Standard Specifications is modified to add:

Structural Backfill material consisting wholly or in part of salvaged Portland cement concrete material shall be compacted to at least 95 percent of the maximum density determined in accordance with the requirements of the applicable test methods of the ADOT Materials Testing

Manual, as directed and approved by the Engineer.

For on-site asphalt paving, refer to Geotechnical Evaluation Report by Western Technologies Inc., dated February 3, 2021.

2. <u>336 PAVEMENT MATCHING AND SURFACING REPLACEMENT</u>, Add the following to <u>Section 336 PAVEMENT MATCHING AND SURFACING REPLACEMENT</u>:

ASPHALT CONCRETE REPLACEMENT (DRIVEWAY AND PARKING LOT CONNECTIONS)

Construction Requirements

Asphalt concrete shall be removed and replaced to match existing asphalt concrete frontage in back of new sidewalks and driveways, as detailed and noted on the plans and as directed by the Engineer. Existing asphalt concrete shall be trimmed and removed in accordance with Section 336.2.2.

PERMANENT PAVEMENT REPLACEMENT (ASPHALT CONCRETE)

3. 340 CONCRETE CURB, GUTTER, SIDEWALK RAMPS, DRIVEWAY AND ALLEY ENTRANCE
, Add the following to Subsection 340.2.1 Detectable Warnings; Subsection 340.3.1 Detectable
Warnings; Subsection 340.5 MEASUREMENT; and Subsection 340.6 PAYMENT:

Add the following to **MAG Subsection 340.2.1 Detectable Warnings**:

Detectable warning material will meet the latest ADA requirements. Approved detectable warning material manufacturers include the following:

- a. Strongo, TekWay Dome-Tiles
- b. Tuftile, Cast Iron ADA Detectible Warning Plates
- c. Neenah Foundry, Cast Iron Detectable Warning Plate

Alternate materials may be submitted subject to review and approval prior to use. All detectable warnings will be of the same type and color within the project limits, unless otherwise specified.

Add the following to **MAG Subsection 340.2.1.1 Color and Contrast**:

Unless shown otherwise on the plans, the color of the detectable warning tiles to be used shall be terracotta color on grey concrete and yellow color on colored concrete sidewalk ramps – color to be approved by the Engineer.

Add the following to **MAG Subsection 340.3.6 Detectable Warnings**:

Detectable warning plates will be installed per manufacturer's recommended specifications. The layout of plates will be determined by the Contractor, and if necessary, pre-cut as needed prior to beginning the installation process to meet ADA placement requirements. Plates will not be cut to less than half their size. Plates will be cut as recommended by the manufacturer.

4. 345 ADJUSTING FRAMES, COVERS, VALVE BOXES, AND WATER METER BOXES, Revise Subsection 345.1 DESCRIPTION, Subsection 345.5 MEASUREMENT, and Subsection 345.6 PAYMENT as follows:

Delete Subsection 345.1 DESCRIPTION in its entirety, and substitute the following:

Adjustment of manhole frames, covers, clean outs, valve boxes, survey monument boxes (and

water meter boxes if located in the pavement) to finish grade shall be done <u>AFTER</u> placement of the final surface course pavement.

Any missing manhole frames or covers and water valve or survey monument box hardware (such as lids, for example) shall be reported in writing to the Engineer during the initial lowering process to allow arrangements to be made to obtain replacement hardware. Missing hardware that is properly reported to the Engineer will be supplied to the Contractor by the City of Phoenix or the appropriate private utility company.

Replacement of any missing hardware that was not reported to the Engineer initially as specified, that comes up missing later when these facilities are brought back up to finish grade, shall be the full responsibility of the Contractor, at no additional cost to the City.

In addition, all manhole frames and covers, water valve and survey monument boxes or other related hardware removed by the Contractor during the lowering process shall be maintained in a secure area, and the Contractor shall bear full responsibility for this hardware material. Any hardware lost by the Contractor shall be replaced in-kind, at no additional cost to the City.

All areas of existing pavement removed for adjustments that will be subjected to traffic prior to placement of final concrete collar rings shall be temporarily filled with hot-mix Type D-1/2 asphalt and roller-compacted flush with the adjacent pavement. There shall be no separate measurement or payment for this temporary hot-mix asphalt or placement or subsequent removal, the cost being considered incidental to the cost of the adjustment.

After removal of asphalt pavement in the area of adjustment, and prior to placement of the final concrete collar ring around the frame or valve box (as shown on City of Phoenix Detail P-1391 and MAG Detail 422), the asphalt pavement in proximity of the adjustment shall be rolled with a self propelled, steel wheel roller.

The concrete collar ring around the frame or valve box shall be circular, and shall be a minimum of eight (8) inches thick, placed flush with the adjacent new pavement surface. At a minimum, concrete shall be MAG Class 'AA' on all paved streets. All concrete shall be obtained from plants approved by the Engineer.

A single No. 4 rebar hoop shall be placed in each adjustment collar. The hoop diameter shall be such that its placement is centered between the edge of the manhole frame or valve box, and the outside edge of the concrete collar. The depth of the hoop shall be such that it is centered in the thickness of the collar. Each concrete ring shall be scored radially at quarter-circle points. Score lines shall be 1/4-inch wide by 1/2-inch deep. The concrete collar surface shall be rough broomfinished. All pavement removed for adjustments shall be replaced with concrete.

Traffic shall not be allowed on the collars until the concrete has reached a minimum compressive strength of 2500 psi on residential streets, and 3000 psi on collector and major streets. On major streets, the Contractor shall use "high-early" cement in the concrete mix, approved by the Engineer, to minimize delay in re-opening the street to traffic.

Prior to commencing work on the adjustments, the Contractor shall submit a written adjustment plan and schedule to the Engineer for approval. At the request of the City, the contractor will provide access to all services under construction at no additional cost.

Sewer manhole frames and covers shall be matched, kept together, and replaced to their original locations. The Contractor shall remove existing asphalt, chip seal, or other materials from all sewer manhole covers and water valve box lids to be adjusted on this project. The Contractor's method for removal shall be approved by the Engineer prior to actual work. Cover cleaning shall be completed prior to adjustment of frames. Also, all water valve risers shall be thoroughly cleaned to fully expose the valve operating nut.

QUARTER SECTION MAPS FOR WATER AND SEWER LINES

The Contractor may obtain up to three sets of waterline and sewerline quarter section maps for the streets included in this project after the contract is awarded and issued. To order the maps, the Contractor shall bring an official contract specification book and a list of desired quarter section maps to the Technical Support Services counter on the 8th Floor of City Hall, 200 W. Washington Street. Up to three sets of maps will be provided at no cost to the Contractor. If more than three sets are requested, the Contractor shall purchase the additional sets.

WATER VALVE AS-BUILTS

Upon completion of water valve box adjustments, the Contractor shall provide one complete accurate and clearly legible set of as-built waterline Quarter Section maps to the Engineer. The Contractor shall mark and color code all water valves on the maps as follows:

Blue- All valves shown on the Q.S. map found and adjusted.

Yellow- All valves shown on the Q.S. map but not found in the field.

Red- Any valve not shown on the Q.S. maps but discovered and adjusted. (Draw valve symbol on map at appropriate location and provide offset and location dimensions for valves in this category.)

5. Add the following new **Section 362 UNDERGROUND POWER INSTALLATION** as follows:

362.2 TRENCHING FOR UNDERGROUND POWER CIRCUIT

Materials and construction shall be in accordance with the Arizona Public Service Company (APS) "Underground Distribution Construction Standards", MAG, City of Phoenix Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions. The work shall consist of the following items:

- 1. Providing all trenching, bedding, backfilling, and compacting for streetlight circuits.
- 2. Installing junction boxes and other equipment provided by Arizona Public Service Company (APS).
- Furnishing and installing conduit, sweeps, and conduit caps, including the running of a mandrel through the system, as shown on the plans, and other materials not supplied by APS.
- 4. Installing APS-furnished flat strap in all conduit runs.

The Contractor will be responsible for obtaining the APS Standards from the APS Standards Department (602-371-6383, Barbara McMinn). A copy of these standards is available for perusal at the City of Phoenix Street Transportation Department Utility Coordination Office.

Arizona Public Service will perform all survey staking necessary for the Contractor to perform the work required to install the underground power circuit. To coordinate survey needs, the Contractor shall notify Mr. Mike Braden of APS (602-371-6956) at least five working days prior to starting work.

All work will be subject to inspection by Arizona Public Service and City of Phoenix forces. The Contractor shall call the APS Contracts Section at 602-371-6512 at least five working days prior to starting trench work to meet with the APS Inspector and review inspection requirements.

The APS Liaison Agent is Mr. Bobby Garza (602-371-7989 or 602-361-6840 (mobile).

The Contractor shall backfill and compact the trench in accordance with Section 601. The trench shall be per APS plans.

6. <u>401 TRAFFIC CONTROL</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection 401.4 TRAFFIC CONTROL</u> MEASURES:

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

The sequence of construction shall conform to the requirements of the Special Traffic Regulations.

The project shall follow a phasing plan approved by the Engineer. All lanes shall be maintained on a paved surface at all times during construction. This may be accomplished by using existing, new, or temporary asphalt pavement. Trenches shall be completely backfilled and either paved with temporary asphalt pavement, or covered with metal plating as necessary to comply with this requirement and the "Special Traffic Regulations".

Night work will <u>not</u> be allowed on this project, unless required by the City of Phoenix. If the City of Phoenix requires work to be done at night, it will be done at no additional cost to the City.

The right to direct the sequence of construction is a function vested solely with the Engineer. Prior to commencement of the work, the Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Engineer, a written phasing plan and work schedule for the project. This plan and work schedule shall be submitted to the Engineer at the Preconstruction Conference for review.

When approved, the phasing plan and work schedule shall not be changed without the written consent of the Engineer. Orderly procedure of all work to be performed under this contract shall be the full responsibility of the Contractor. The work schedule shall include the hours per day and the days per week that the Contractor plans to work on the project site.

7. **401 TRAFFIC CONTROL**, add the following to **Subsection 401.5 GENERAL TRAFFIC REGULATION**:

TRAFFIC REGULATIONS

A. The following shall be considered Collector streets:

18th Street, 19th Street, Garfield Street, and McKinley Street

- B. All traffic and/or traffic control devices on this project shall be provided, maintained and/or controlled as specified in the City of Phoenix <u>Traffic Barricade Manual</u>, latest edition and addendums thereof.
- C. Permission to restrict City streets, sidewalks and alleys (street closure permits) shall be requested as specified in the City of Phoenix <u>Traffic Barricade Manual</u>, latest edition and addendums thereof.
- D. Unless otherwise provided for in the following "Special Traffic Regulations", all traffic on this project shall be regulated as specified in the City of Phoenix <u>Traffic Barricade</u> <u>Manual</u>, latest edition and addendums thereof.
- E. No deviation to the "Special Traffic Regulations will be allowed or implemented unless submitted to the Engineer for review and approval two (2) weeks prior to proposed work.
- F. Only City of Phoenix certified contractors can set, move, or remove temporary traffic control devices (signs, barricades, etc.). This annual certification can be scheduled by calling 602-262-6235.

G. Civil Sanctions for temporary traffic control violations apply as follows:

Civil Sanction	
Per Day	Violation Description
\$1,500	Creating an eminent risk of death or injury to the public within the public right-of-way
\$1,000	Restricting the right-of-way without proper certification or a right-of-way temporary use permit
\$1,000	Restricting traffic during peak traffic hours as described in the <u>Traffic Barricade Manual</u> without authorization
\$1,000	Failing to correct or cure a violation, as listed in this schedule, within the time period stated on the warning notice
\$1,000	Restricting traffic at signalized intersections without any work occurring
\$500	Closing a sidewalk improperly or closing a sidewalk without proper certification or closing a sidewalk without a right-of-way temporary use permit
\$500	Violating the restriction limits, times and locations, of the right-of-way temporary use permit
\$500	Missing or improper use of advance warning signs
\$500	Missing or improper use of barricades and channelizing devices
\$250	Leaving advanced warning signs facing traffic after restriction has been removed – per one traffic direction
\$250	Leaving traffic control devices in the right-of-way twenty-four hours after right-of-way temporary use permit expires, unless a request for a permit extension is received by the City prior to the expiration of such permit
\$250	Use of "unacceptable" quality traffic control devices as described in the Traffic Barricade Manual
\$250	Rendering a bus stop inaccessible without relocating it or making other accommodations

H. Parking Meter Fees: To take a parking meter out of service requires a \$35 application fee and \$10 per meter per day.

Special Sign Requirements

The Contractor shall provide, install and maintain advance notification, public informational and directional access signs (for businesses, churches, hospitals, schools, etc.) that may be required by the Engineer. These signs may include, but are not limited to, portable changeable message signs, radar/speed sensing trailers, and other applicable Intelligent Transportation System type devices. The cost shall be included in the bid item for Traffic Control Devices.

No Parking Signs

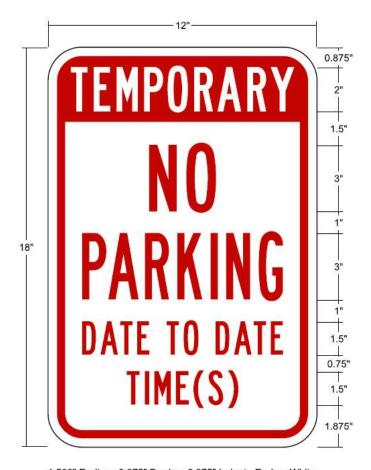
When used, temporary NO PARKING signs must be placed 72 hours in advance for notification.

Signs should be spaced 80 feet apart for collector and arterial streets. On local Streets, a minimum of one (1) sign must be placed in front of each affected resident not to exceed 80 feet.

Signs must be clearly marked with "Date" to "Date" and the time period of the no parking.

NO PARKING Signs must be new and not reused, dates and times must be legible.

Contractor must provide Parking enforcement a picture of the placement of the no parking sign with a date and time stamp on the picture.



1.500" Radius, 0.375" Border, 0.375" Indent, Red on White; "TEMPORARY" B; "NO" B; "PARKING" B;

8. Add the following new **Section 402 ADDITIONAL CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS** as follows:

402.2 CONTRACTOR COMMUNICATION INFORMATION

The Contractor shall provide a mobile phone to his on-site Project Superintendent to ensure that the Engineer can reach the Contractor's Superintendent. The Superintendent's mobile phone shall remain in service for the duration of the project, and these phone numbers shall be included on the Contractor's list of emergency phone numbers submitted at the pre-construction conference.

402.3 TRENCH PLATING

In paved areas where vehicles will be driving over trench plating, the plates shall be set to match flush with existing pavement on all sides. Setting plates on top of the pavement

[&]quot;DATE TO DATE" B; "TIMES(S)" B;

surface and installing temporary asphalt ramps around them will not be allowed.

9. 430 LANDSCAPING AND PLANTING, Add the following to Subsection 430.3 PLANT ESTABLISHMENT GUARANTEE AND MAINTENANCE

430.3 PLANT ESTABLISHMENT GUARANTEE AND MAINTENANCE

Prior to final acceptance of the landscaping, the Contractor shall provide the City of Phoenix Housing Department with all water and electrical account numbers and billing information. Final acceptance will not be granted until this information is given to the Housing Department at 251 West Washington Street in Phoenix, (602) 262-7486.

10. Add the following new **Section 434 ADDITIONAL LANDSCAPING REQUIREMENTS** as follows: **434.1 PLANT SWALES AND TREE STAKING**

Prior to preparing plant swales and staking trees, the Contractor shall have a representative sample of tree and shrub swales, and tree staking inspected and approved by the Engineer and Landscape Architect for conformance with project plans and specifications.

The Contractor shall correct any swales or staking that do not conform to the approved representative samples.

There will be no separate measurement or payment for swales or staking. The cost shall be considered incidental to the cost of the plant materials.

434.2 TRIMMING NEWLY PLANTED TREES

The Contractor shall trim all newly planted trees as necessary prior to staking so that low branches are removed where standard trees are required. Trees shall be trimmed so that the tree is balanced and a central leader is maintained. When necessary, excess branching shall be thinned so that a strong branching structure will develop. The Contractor shall trim with a hand-held pruner. Trimming shall be done to the satisfaction of the Engineer and the Landscape Architect.

There will be no separate measurement or payment for trimming new trees. The cost of the work shall be considered incidental to the cost of furnishing and/or installing new trees.

11. <u>601 TRENCH EXCAVATION, BACKFILLING AND COMPACTION</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection 601.2.6 Grading and Stockpiling</u> after the first paragraph:

During excavation, material suitable for backfilling shall be piled in an orderly manner, a sufficient distance back from the edges of trenches, to avoid overloading and to prevent slides or cave-ins. Material unsuitable for backfilling, or excess material, shall be hauled from the job site and disposed of by the Contractor.

12. 601 TRENCH EXCAVATION, BACKFILLING AND COMPACTION, Add the following to Subsection 601.2.8 Open Trench:

Except where otherwise noted in the special provisions, or approved in writing by the Engineer, the maximum length of open trench, where the construction is in any stage of completion (excavation, pipe laying or backfilling), shall not exceed 1,320 feet in the aggregate at any one location.

Any excavated area shall be considered open trench until all ABC for pavement replacement has been placed and compacted. With the approval of the Engineer, pipe laying may be carried on at more than one separate location, the restrictions on open trench applying to each location. Trenches across streets shall be completely backfilled as soon as possible after pipe laying.

Substantial steel plates with adequate trench bracing shall be used to bridge across trenches at street crossings where trench backfill and temporary patches have not been completed during regular work hours. Safe and convenient passage for pedestrians shall be provided. The Engineer may designate a passage to be provided at any point he deems necessary.

13. <u>601 TRENCH EXCAVATION, BACKFILLING AND COMPACTION</u>, Add the following new <u>Subsection 601.2.9 Pavement and Concrete Cutting and Removal</u>:

601.2.9 Pavement and Concrete Cutting and Removal: Where trenches lie within the Portland cement concrete section of streets, alleys, driveways or sidewalks, etc., such concrete shall be sawcut to neat, vertical, true lines in such a manner that the adjoining surface will not be damaged. The minimum depth of cut shall be 1 ½ inches or ¼ of the thickness, whichever is greater.

Asphalt pavement shall be clean-cut with approved equipment and by approved methods in accordance with the requirements of Section 336.

No ripping or rooting will be permitted outside limits of cuts. Surfacing materials removed shall be hauled from the job site immediately, and will not be permitted in the backfill.

14. <u>601 TRENCH EXCAVATION, BACKFILLING AND COMPACTION</u>, Add the following to Subsection 601.3.3 Bedding for Storm Sewers Maintained by the City of Phoenix:

All Controlled Low Strength Material (CLSM) shall be provided by a commercial-source. No on-site mixing or addition of cement to aggregate base course slurry in transit mixers will be allowed.

15. <u>601 TRENCH EXCAVATION, BACKFILLING AND COMPACTION</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection 601.3.4 Backfill</u>:

BACKFILL TYPE REQUIREMENTS FOR PIPE TRENCHES

Type "B" backfill, as shown on City of Phoenix Detail P1200, shall be used for all mainline pipe installations across major, collector, or other signalized intersections. At a minimum, the extent of the Type "B" backfill shall be from curb-return-to-curb-return through the intersection, unless noted otherwise on the plans or in the special provisions. Type "B" backfill shall also be used for all lateral pipe connections in ALL streets. Type "A-Modified" backfill (suitable native material as specified in City of Phoenix Supplement to MAG Specification Section 601.3.2, except that no piece larger than 3 inches will be allowed), as shown on City of Phoenix Detail P1200, may be used at all other locations, from the top of bedding to the specified pavement subgrade level, unless noted otherwise on the plans or in the special provisions. There is no separate measurement or payment for pipe backfill. The cost is considered included in the bid price for furnishing and installing the pipe.

16. <u>601 TRENCH EXCAVATION, BACKFILLING AND COMPACTION</u>, Add the following new Subsection 601.6 PROTECTION OF EXISTING UTILITIES:

601.6.1 Utilities: Unless otherwise shown on the plans or stated in the specifications, all utilities, underground or overhead, shall be maintained in continuous service throughout the entire contract period. The Contractor shall be responsible and liable for any damages to or interruption of service caused by the construction.

If the Contractor desires to simplify his operation by temporarily or permanently relocating or shutting down any utility or appurtenance, he shall make the necessary arrangements and agreements with the owner and shall be completely responsible for all costs concerned with the relocation or shutdown and reconstruction. All property shall be reconstructed in its original or new location as soon as possible and to a condition at least as good as its previous condition. This cycle of relocation or shutdown and reconstruction shall be subject to inspection and approval by both the

Engineer and the owner of the utility.

The Contractor shall be entirely responsible for safeguarding and maintaining all conflicting utilities that are shown on the plans (Sections 107 and 105 apply). This includes overhead wires and cables and their supporting poles whether they are inside or outside of the open trench. If, in the course of work, a conflicting utility line that was not shown on the plans is discovered, the Contracting Agency will either negotiate with the owner for relocation, relocate the utility, change the alignment and grade of the trench or as a last resort, declare the conflict as "extra work" to be accomplished by the Contractor in accordance with Section 104.

601.6.2 Irrigation Ditches, Pipes and Structures: The Contractor shall contact the owners of all irrigation facilities, and make arrangements for necessary construction clearances and/or dry-up periods.

All irrigation ditches, dikes, headgates, pipe, valves, checks, etc., damaged or removed by the Contractor, shall be restored to their original condition or better, by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Contracting Agency.

601.6.3 Building, Foundations and Structures: Where trenches are located adjacent to building, foundations and structures, the Contractor shall take all necessary precaution against damage to them. The Contractor shall be liable for any damage caused by the construction.

Except where authorized in the special provisions or in writing by the Engineer, water settling of backfill material in trenches adjacent to structures will not be permitted.

There will be no separate measurement or payment for this work. The Contractor will include all associated costs in their bid.

601.6.4 Permanent Pipe Support Options and Encasements:

Where waterlines, reclaimed waterlines or sanitary sewer lines (new or existing) cross over or under each other, pipeline encasements shall be provided as necessary in accordance with MAG Detail 404.

When the ductile iron pipe replacement option is used for the sewer lines, the new pipe shall be properly blocked at each end with one or more bricks resting on undisturbed or 95% compacted soil haunches outside the trench walls to prevent differential settlement.

The interior of all ductile iron pipe used for sewer lines shall be coated per the specification, "LINING FOR DUCTILE IRON PIPE USED FOR SEWER LINES" in these Special Provisions.

If the sanitary sewer line is less than 8-inches in diameter, the Contractor shall provide the necessary equipment and televise the line to determine proper pipe alignment. The Engineer shall be present during the televising, and a video tape of the televising shall be made for the City Water Services Department for confirmation that the pipe is properly aligned. The cost of televising the line and preparing the video tape shall be included in the bid price paid for the pipe support or encasement.

601.6.5 Electronic, Telephonic, Telegraphic, Electrical, Oil and Gas Lines: During trenching operations, underground facilities such as electronic, telephonic, telegraphic, electrical, oil and gas lines shall be supported and protected by the Contractor. Support for plastic pipes shall be continuous along the bottom of the pipe. Support for metal pipe and electrical conduit may be continuous or nylon webbing may be used for suspension at no greater than ten-foot intervals.

The Contractor shall avoid damaging any pipes, conduits or duct bank facilities during excavation, foundation and bedding placement, and trench backfilling and compaction.

17. <u>610 WATERLINE CONSTRUCTION</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection 610.4</u> <u>CONSTRUCTION METHODS</u>:

WATER MAIN REALIGNMENT (CONTINGENT ITEM)

In the event of unavoidable conflict between proposed construction and an existing water main, the Contractor shall vertically and/or horizontally realign the water main in accordance with COP Detail P1370 and Section 610. No concrete thrust blocks will be allowed. All pipe shall be ductile iron with restrained joints.

The water main realignment shall include, but not be limited to, excavation, backfill, compaction, pipe, fittings, offsets, couplings, sleeves, joint restraint and hardware. The realigned water main shall be visually inspected for leaks under line pressure prior to backfilling.

The Contractor shall arrange with the Engineer to have the line shut down in order to perform the work. At no cost to the Contractor, the City Water Services Department will provide necessary valve cut-ins, take the line out of service and flush the relocated line prior to placing it back in service.

Materials for water main realignment shall be ductile iron in accordance with COP Supplement to MAG Subsection 750.2 DUCTILE IRON WATER PIPE.

18. <u>610 WATER LINE CONSTRUCTION</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection 610.10 CONNECTION TO EXISTING MAINS</u>:

WATER MAIN SHUTDOWN

For shutdowns that are necessary to accomplish the work, the Contractor shall make written request to Water Distribution at least three (3) calendar weeks before the shutdown. Requests shall specify location, size of line, duration, date, and time for each shutdown. Within one (1) week, Water Distribution will schedule shutdown and give written notification to the Contractor. Any schedule revisions requested by the Contractor must be in writing. Water Distribution's revised schedule will be available within one (1) week. The City does not guarantee a totally dry line. The Contractor shall be prepared to de-water as necessary to accomplish the work.

The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining accessibility to the valve operating nuts for all valves within the project boundaries. Failure to maintain accessibility to valves shall be cause for canceling shutdown, and the Contractor will be required to request a revised schedule.

The Water Services Department is indemnified for any and all resultant costs incurred by the Contractor such as, but not limited to traffic control, delays, loss of incentives, standby and penalties if the Contractor did not properly request a shutdown; failure to maintain accessibility to valves; or if the Contractor's scheduled work did not progress to the anticipated shutdown schedule.

19. <u>610 WATER LINE CONSTRUCTION</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection 610.11(D) METER SERVICE CONNECTIONS</u>:

HORIZONTAL BORING FOR METER SERVICE CONNECTIONS

For meter service pipes 1-inch or larger in diameter, the maximum bore hole size permissible shall be twice the internal diameter of the service line being installed. For meter service pipes smaller than 1-inch in diameter, the maximum borehole size shall be two (2) inches in diameter.

20. 618 STORM SEWER CONSTRUCTION WITH PRE-CAST CONCRETE PIPE, HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE PIPE, OR STELL REINFORCED POLYETHYLENE PIPE:

Revise all references to the term, "storm sewer" to read, "storm drain."

21. 620 STORM SEWER CONSTRUCTION WITH CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE PIPE:

Revise all references to the term "storm sewer" to read "storm drain."

22. <u>625 MANHOLE CONSTRUCTION AND DROP SEWER CONNECTIONS</u>, Add the following to <u>Subsection 625.2 MATERIALS:</u>

Per City of Phoenix Water Services Department, "MAG Standard Detail 425: 24" Aluminum Manhole Frame and Cover" is **not approved** and shall not be used in the City of Phoenix.

23. <u>625 MANHOLE CONSTRUCTION AND DROP SEWER CONNECTIONS</u>, Add the following to Subsection 625.3.1 MANHOLES:

If steps are inadvertently installed, they shall be removed and the holes shall be filled with epoxy or Class "B" concrete.

24. <u>631 WATER TAPS AND METER SERVICE CONNECTIONS</u>, Add the following <u>Subsection</u> <u>631.3 Excavation and Backfill</u>:

Bedding and backfill shall be full depth ABC for water services installed under pavement using open trench method. The cost of the ABC material, labor and compaction shall be included in the cost of the water service work.

25. <u>631 WATER TAPS AND METER SERVICE CONNECTIONS</u>, Add the following new <u>Subsection</u> <u>631.10 NEW WATER METER SERVICES</u> as follows:

631.10 NEW WATER METER SERVICES

Description

The Contractor shall install new water service lines, meters and boxes at the locations listed in these specifications or on the plans in accordance with Detail P1342.

The work shall include locating the new or existing water main, furnishing and installing a new saddle and corporation stop, tapping the main, furnishing and installing new copper water service pipe from the water main to the meter, connecting the water service pipe to the corporation stop, furnishing and installing a curb stop at the meter box, furnishing and installing a meter box, connecting the water service pipe to the curb stop, connecting the curb stop to the meter, furnishing and installing necessary fittings and couplings, and all trenching, backfill, compaction and surface/pavement restoration necessary for a complete new water meter service.

The Contractor shall not use any salvaged service connection components.

The Contractor shall schedule his work so that no open trenches are left overnight.

To install a new tap, the Contractor shall install a new corporation stop utilizing an all-bronze double-strap tapping saddle.

All water service connections shall be made using Type K copper tubing and fittings which conform to Sections 610 and 754. Joints in the copper tubing shall be made by means of approved compression fittings such as flared joints or pack joints.

Sawcutting of the curb and gutter and sidewalk within the City right of way for installing water service pipe will not be allowed. Either jacking or boring methods are required. There will be no additional payment for jacking or boring of the water service, the cost will be included in the cost of the connection.

Measurement and Payment

The work required to install new water meter services will be measured per each for new complete water services and corresponding new meter boxes installed.

26. <u>631 WATER TAPS AND METER SERVICE CONNECTIONS</u>, Add the following new <u>Subsection</u> <u>631.11 WATER MAIN SHUTDOWN FEES</u> as follows:

631.11 WATER MAIN SHUTDOWN FEES

All water main shutdown fees for installation of new water services, extension or replacement of existing water service lines, and relocation of existing water meter boxes will be waived. When it becomes necessary to shut down existing water mains and services to install water service extensions or replacements, no main shall be left out of service for more than one (1) hour, and no individual service will be disrupted for more than five (5) continuous hours. Main valves shall be operated by representatives of the City's Water Services Department. Shutdowns will not begin before 8:00 a.m. and will not extend past 4:00 p.m. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to notify all customers in advance that the water service will be turned off. The customers shall be notified in writing at least 24-hours in advance and also verbally the day of the shutdown. Initial notification shall include the reason for the shutdown, the date, the time and duration the water service will be shut off. A copy of the notification shall be given to the Engineer.

27. Add the following new **Section 635 ABANDONMENT AND REMOVAL OF EXISTING WATER FACILITIES** as follows:

635 ABANDONMENT AND REMOVAL OF EXISTING WATER FACILITIES

635.1 ABANDONMENT OF EXISTING WATERLINE

Existing waterlines shown on the plans to be abandoned shall be done after all water services have been disconnected. The Water Services Department will locate and mark the specific locations where the water lines are to be abandoned. The Contractor shall expose the existing water main to be abandoned and cut and plug as required on the plans.

For connections where an existing tee, cross or tapping sleeve and valve, or corporation stop exists at the main, the Contractor shall remove the tee, cross or tapping sleeve and valve or corporation stop and replace the water main in accordance with City of Phoenix Standard Detail P1344. Payment for this work will be made at the unit price bid for "WATERLINE CUT-OUT, STD DETAIL P1344", and shall include all labor and material necessary to locate; remove crosses, tees, or tapping sleeves and valves or corporation stops; replace section of mainline pipe; backfill and compact.

For locations where a "Cut and Plug" is called for on the plans, the Contractor shall provide a cut and plug on the existing pipe in accordance with City of Phoenix Standard Detail P1343. Measurement and payment for this work will be made at the unit price bid per each for the bid item "CUTTING AND PLUGGING EXISTING WATER LINE" and shall include all labor and material necessary to complete this item in place.

Concrete and asphalt concrete pavement removal and replacement for curbs, sidewalks, driveways, etc. necessary to complete this work shall be considered incidental to the abandonment work and shall be included in the cost for each abandonment. Pavement replacement, if any, shall be paid for under a separate bid item for that work.

635.2 REMOVAL OF EXISTING WATER VALVE BOX AND COVER

All existing valve box frames and covers (and at least the top 12" of any valve vaults) on abandoned waterlines shall be removed. The void created shall be backfilled with ABC and

compacted. The surface shall be replaced to match the existing surrounding surface—asphalt, concrete, gravel, etc.

28. **702 BASE MATERIALS** Add the following to **MAG Section 702 BASE MATERIALS**:

All Select Material specified on the plans and Standard Details shall be Type "A" in accordance with Table 702-1.

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AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT STATE AND LOCAL FISCAL RECOVERY FUNDS

Uniform Guidance

SLFRF awards are subject to requirements set forth in the Uniform Guidance, 2 CFR Part 200, available at https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-2/subtitle-A/chapter-II/part-200?toc=1

Suspension, & Debarment

Consultant agrees to abide by Executive Orders 12549 and 12689, Debarment and Suspension, and implementing regulations found at 2 CFR Part 180 and 31 CFR Part 19. The City may by giving written notice to Consultant, immediately terminate this Agreement if the City determines that Consultant has been debarred, suspended, or otherwise lawfully prohibited from participating in any public procurement activity, including but not limited to, being disapproved as a subcontractor of any public procurement unit or other governmental body. Consultant will include a term or condition in all related contracts and subcontracts described in 2 CFR Part 180, Subpart B that the award is subject to 2 CFR Part 180 and 31 CFR Part 19.

Award Terms and Conditions

The Award Terms and Conditions of the SLFRF financial assistance agreement (https://home.treasury.gov/system/files/136/Financial-Assistance-Agreement-Local-governments.pdf) sets forth the compliance obligations for Consultant pursuant to the SLFRF statute, the Uniform Guidance, Treasury's final rule, and applicable federal laws and regulations. Consultant should ensure it remains in compliance with all Award Terms and Conditions. These obligations include the following items in addition to others:

- Conflicts of Interest. The Consultant must disclose in writing to the City of Phoenix any potential conflict of interest affecting this agreement in accordance with 2 C.F.R. § 200.112. The City of Phoenix will disclose such conflict to Treasury.
- Compliance with Applicable Law and Regulations. Consultant agrees to comply with the requirements of section 603 of the American Rescue Plan Act, and regulations adopted by the Treasury pursuant to section 603(f) of the Act, and guidance issued by the Treasury. Consultant also agrees to comply with all other applicable federal statutes, regulations, and executive orders. Consultant shall provide for such compliance by other parties in any agreements it enters into with other parties relating to this award which may include, but not limited to the following:
 - Uniform Administrative Regulations, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, 2 C.F.R. Part 200;
 - OMB Guidelines to Agencies on Government wide Debarment and Suspension, 2
 C.F.R. part 180;
 - Government wide Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace, 31 C.F.R. Part 20;
 - o New Restrictions on Lobbying, 31 C.F.R. Part 21;
 - o Generally applicable federal environmental laws and regulations;

- Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act. Consultant will comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations Issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal awarding agency and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).
- Equal Employment Opportunity. Except as otherwise provided under 41 CFR Part 60, for all contracts that qualify as "federally assisted construction contracts" as defined in 41 CFR Part 60–1.3, Consultant agrees to comply with the equal opportunity clause under 41 CFR 60-1.4(b), incorporated herein by reference, and E.O. 11246, "Equal Employment Opportunity," as amended by E.O. 11375, "Amending Executive Order 11246 Relating to Equal Employment Opportunity," and as supplemented by regulations at 41 CFR Part 60, "Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, Equal Employment Opportunity, Department of Labor."
- Copeland "Anti-Kickback" Act. Consultant shall comply with the Copeland "Anti-Kickback" Act (40 U.S.C. § 3145), as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 3, "Contractors and Subcontractors on Public Building or Public Work Financed in Whole or in Part by Loans or Grants from the United States"). The Act provides that each contractor or subrecipient must be prohibited from inducing, by any means, any person employed in the construction, completion, or repair of public work, to give up any part of the compensation to which he or she is otherwise entitled. The non-Federal entity must report all suspected or reported violations to the Federal awarding agency.
- Contract Works Hours and Safety Standards Act. If the contract exceeds \$100,000 and involves the employment of mechanics or laborers, Consultant shall comply with 40 U.S.C. §§ 3702 and 3704, as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5). Under 40 U.S.C. § 3702 of the Act, Consultant shall compute the wages of every mechanic and laborer on the basis of a standard work week of 40 hours. Work in excess of the standard work week is permissible provided that the worker is compensated at a rate of not less than 1½ times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in the work week. The requirements of 40 U.S.C. § 3704 are applicable to construction work and provide that no laborer or mechanic shall be required to work in surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous. These requirements do not apply to the purchases of supplies or materials or articles ordinarily available on the open market, or contracts for transportation or transmission of intelligence.
- Byrd Anti-Lobbying Certification (31 U.S.C. 1352; 31 CFR Part 21). Consultant hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that:
 - a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of Consultant, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of and Federal contract, grant,

loan, or cooperative agreement.

- b. Each contractor tier must certify to the tier above that it will not and has not used Federal appropriated funds to pay any person or organization or influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a member of Congress, officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a member of Congress in connection with obtaining any Federal contract, grant or any other award covered by 31 U.S.C, 1352.
- c. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, Consultant shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying", in accordance with its instructions. Such disclosures are forwarded from tier to tier up to the non-Federal award.
- Protection for Whistleblowers. In accordance with 41 U.S.C. § 4712, Consultant may not discharge, demote, or otherwise discriminate against an employee in reprisal for disclosing to any of the persons or entities provided below, information that the employee reasonably believes is evidence of gross mismanagement of a federal Agreement or grant, a gross waste of federal funds, an abuse of authority relating to a federal Agreement or grant, a substantial and specific danger to public health or safety, or a violation of law, rule, or regulation related to a federal Agreement (including the competition for or negotiation of an Agreement) or grant.

The list of persons and entities referenced in the paragraph above includes the following:

- i. A member of Congress or a representative of a committee of Congress;
- ii. An Inspector General;
- iii. The Government Accountability Office;
- iv. A Treasury employee responsible for Agreement or grant oversight or management;
- v. An authorized official of the Department of Justice or oversight or management;
 - vii. A court or grand jury; or
- viii. A management official or other employee of the City, Consultant or a subcontractor who has the responsibility to investigate, discover, or address misconduct.
- **Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988:** Consultant must comply with drug-free workplace requirements in 31 CFR Part 20, which implements the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988.
- Victims of Human Trafficking. Consultant agrees to follow the requirements of Section 106(g) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7104) and ensure that it and none of its employees engage in server forms of trafficking in persons, procure commercial sex acts during the subaward term, used forced labor in the performance of obligations under this Agreement. Consultant agrees to notify the City immediately once it has information from any source alleging a violation of this Section.

- **Preference for Domestic Procurement.** Pursuant to 2 C.F.R. 200.322, to the greatest extent practicable, Consultant will purchase, acquire, or use goods, products or materials produced in the United States (including but not limited to iron, aluminum, steel, cement, and other manufactured products).
- Prohibition on Certain Telecommunications Equipment. Consultant is prohibited from
 obligating or expending funds to (i) procure or obtain; (ii) extend or renew a contract to
 procure or obtain; or (iii) enter into a contract to procure or obtain equipment, services or
 systems that use covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or
 essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system.
 Covered telecommunications equipment is telecommunications equipment produced by
 Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such
 entities) and such other entities described in 2 C.F.R. 200.216.
- Additional Federal Requirements. Consultant will comply with any additional terms and conditions imposed by 2 CFR Part 200, as applicable, and any guidance issued by the U.S. Department of Treasury regarding this agreement.

ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITMENTS

The following shall be included in the project special provisions:

I. The project mitigation measures are not subject to change without written approval from ADOT Environmental Planning. The Contractor shall follow all the requirements of the permits specified herein and comply with the project special provisions as well as the MAG Uniform Standard Specifications for Public Works, as well as all applicable local environmental requirements.

The following contractor's mitigation measures, permits and guidelines (as applicable) shall be included in the project special provisions:

II. Project Mitigation Measures:

City of Phoenix Responsibilities

- The City of Phoenix Project Manager will invite the archaeological monitor to the preconstruction
 meeting and ensure that the contractor: coordinates with the archaeological monitor provided by the
 Office of the City Engineer Environmental Services Section; advises the archaeological monitor of the
 construction schedule and planned construction activities at least 48 hours prior to starting any
 ground-disturbing activities in sensitive areas; and communicates with the archaeological monitor
 until a letter indicating Substantial Completion is issued.
- If any archaeological materials are encountered during ground-disturbing activities, the City of Phoenix Project Manager will ensure that all ground-disturbing activities within 10 meters of the discovery are immediately ceased. The City of Phoenix Project Manager will immediately notify the City of Phoenix Archaeology Office (602-495-0901) and Office of the City Engineer Environmental Services Section. Reasonable time will be allowed time to arrange for a qualified archaeologist to arrive at the discovery and to properly assess the materials.
- The attached Migratory Bird Treaty Act flyer will be incorporated into the bid documents and provided to the contractor, subcontractors, and all field personnel at the preconstruction meeting. The City of Phoenix Project Manager will ensure the contractor posts the Migratory Bird Treaty Act flyer at the construction site at all times during construction.
- If trees or shrubs will be impacted between February 1 and August 31 of any calendar year, or if an active bird nest is present within 30 feet of the work area, the City of Phoenix Project Manager will ensure that all work ceases within 30 feet and the Office of the City Engineer Environmental Services Section is immediately notified and allowed time to make appropriate arrangements.
- The City of Phoenix shall ensure that an asbestos survey is conducted no more than 12 months before construction activities are scheduled to occur (Maricopa County Rule 370).

City of Phoenix Responsibilities (continued)

- Prior to the removal and replacement of fire hydrants, the City of Phoenix Project Manager will require the contractor to develop an appropriate containment plan and install appropriate best management practices according to the plan. Before the plan is implemented, the City of Phoenix Project Manager will provide a copy of the plan to the Office of the City Engineer Environmental Services Section for review and concurrence. The containment plan will be in accordance with US Environmental Protection Agency, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and Toxic Substances Control Act standards and handled utilizing appropriate Occupational Safety and Health Administration standards in compliance with the City's Hazardous Materials Management Plan.
- For salvaging of fire hydrants, the City of Phoenix Project Manager will require the contractor delivers salvaged fire hydrants to the Water Services Department Campbell Service Yard (4436 North 35th Avenue, Phoenix, AZ 85017; 602-495-5110).
- Prior to the disposal of fire hydrants, the City of Phoenix Project Manager will require the contractor to
 coordinate with the Office of the City Engineer Environmental Services Section. Disposal will be in
 accordance with US Environmental Protection Agency, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and
 Toxic Substances Control Act standards and handled utilizing appropriate Occupational Safety and
 Health Administration standards in compliance with the City of Phoenix's Hazardous Materials
 Management Plan.

Contractor Responsibilities

- The contractor shall coordinate with the archaeological monitor provided by the Office of the City Engineer Environmental Services Section. The contractor shall advise the archaeological monitor of the construction schedule and planned construction activities at least 48 hours prior to starting any ground-disturbing activities in sensitive areas. The contractor shall continue communicating with the archaeological monitor until the City of Phoenix issues a letter indicating Substantial Completion.
- If any archaeological materials are encountered during ground-disturbing activities, the contractor shall immediately cease all ground-disturbing activities within 10 meters of the discovery. The contractor shall immediately notify the City of Phoenix Project Manager, City of Phoenix Archaeology Office (602-495-0901), and Office of the City Engineer Environmental Services Section. Reasonable time shall be allowed for a qualified archaeologist to arrive at the discovery and to properly assess the materials.
- To prevent the introduction of invasive species seeds, all earthmoving and hauling equipment shall be
 washed prior to entering the construction site and the contractor shall inspect all construction
 equipment and remove all attached debris, including plant parts, soil, and mud, prior to the
 equipment entering the construction site.
- To prevent invasive species seeds from leaving the site, the contractor shall inspect all construction and hauling equipment and remove all debris, including plant parts, soil, and mud, prior to leaving the construction site.
- The contractor shall post the Migratory Bird Treaty Act flyer at the construction site at all times during construction.

Contractor Responsibilities (continued)

- If trees or shrubs would be impacted between February 1 and August 31 of any calendar year, or if an active bird nest is present within 30 feet of the work area, work shall cease within 30 feet. The contractor shall immediately notify the City of Phoenix Project Manager and Office of the City Engineer Environmental Services Section. Reasonable time shall be allowed for a qualified biologist to arrive at the site and determine a compliant course of action.
- The contractor shall not utilize any abrasive tools or methods for the removal of the fire hydrants that would disturb the lead-based paint. This includes, but is not limited to sawing, grinding, sanding, or heating. Woven straps (not linked chains) may be used for the removal of the fire hydrants.
- Prior to the removal and replacement of fire hydrants, the contractor shall develop an appropriate
 containment plan and install appropriate best management practices according to the plan. Before
 the plan is implemented, the contractor shall provide a copy of the plan to the City of Phoenix Project
 Manager for review and concurrence by the Office of the City Engineer Environmental Services
 Section. The containment plan shall be in accordance with US Environmental Protection Agency,
 Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and Toxic Substances Control Act standards and handled
 utilizing appropriate Occupational Safety and Health Administration standards in compliance with the
 City's Hazardous Materials Management Plan.
- For salvaging of fire hydrants, the contractor shall deliver salvaged fire hydrants to the Water Services Department Campbell Service Yard (4436 North 35th Avenue, Phoenix, AZ 85017; 602-495-5110).
- Prior to the disposal of fire hydrants, the contractor shall coordinate with the Office of the City Engineer Environmental Services Section. Disposal shall be in accordance with US Environmental Protection Agency, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and Toxic Substances Control Act standards and handled utilizing appropriate Occupational Safety and Health Administration standards in compliance with the City's Hazardous Materials Management Plan.

III. Guidelines:

City of Phoenix Migratory Bird Treaty Act Flyer





Sonoran Desert Tortoise

(Gopherus morafkai)

The purpose of this flyer is to provide City of Phoenix employees and contractors working on City projects with basic knowledge to reduce the risk of impacting Sonoran Desert tortoise.

Legal Status:

The Sonoran Desert tortoise is a Tier 1A Species of Greatest Conservation Need in the State of Arizona, as defined by the Arizona Game and Fish Department (AGFD) and is a Candidate Species under the Endangered Species Act.

Species Description:

- Length: 8-15 inches
- Bottom shell yellowish and not hinged
- Hind limbs stocky and elephantine
- High-domed, brownish shell with a pattern and prominent growth lines
- Flattened forelimbs for digging, covered with conical scales

Where are they found?

- Rocky, steep slopes and lower mountain slopes
- Native desert scrubland
- Between 904 and 4,198 feet in elevation
- Washes and valley bottoms may be used in dispersal

Where are they active?

- Sonoran Desert tortoise spend the bulk of time in burrows, which provide protection from heat and cold
- Emerge from burrows on rocky slopes, desertscrub or grassland to feed, bask and breed, mostly during the monsoon season

How to avoid impacting Sonoran Desert tortoise:

- Scan ahead as you work
- If Sonoran Desert tortoise observed, STOP WORK, call the contact below and allow the tortoise to leave under its own power
- Do NOT pick up or handle the Sonoran Desert tortoise unless the tortoise is in imminent danger. Improper handling can result in tortoise death. If a tortoise must be moved, strictly adhere to the following AGFD guidelines (rev. 9/22/2014): https://s3.amazonaws.com/azgfd-portal-wordpress/PortalImages/files/wildlife/2014%20Tortoise%20handling%20guidelines.pdf.
- When working in Sonoran Desert tortoise habitat, check for tortoises under parked vehicles before driving

Questions? Concerns? Think your project will impact Sonoran Desert tortoise? Contact the City of Phoenix Street Transportation Department, Environmental Services:

Andrea Love 602-495-6718 or via e-mail at <andrea.love@phoenix.gov> Greta Halle 602-534-6030 or via e-mail at <greta.halle@phoenix.gov>

Sources: US Fish & Wildlife Service-Arizona Ecological Services Field Office, Sonoran Desert Tortoise, Document Library-Document by Species http://www.fws.gov/southwest/es/arizona/Documents/Redbook/Sonoran%20Tortoise%20RB.pdf
Updated September 10, 2020





Western Burrowing Owl

(Athene cunicularia)

The purpose of this flyer is to provide City of Phoenix employees and contractors working on City projects with basic knowledge to reduce the risk of impacting western burrowing owls.

Legal Status:

The western burrowing owl is protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918, as amended. All migratory birds and their parts (including eggs, feathers, and nests) are fully protected. They are also protected under Arizona State Law, Title 17-101, Title 17-235, and Title 17-236.

Species Description:

- Small, ground-dwelling owl (mass of approx. 5 oz.)
- Length: 7.6-9.9 inches, with long legs
- Wingspan: approx. 23 inches
- Round head, lacks ear tufts
- Distinct oval facial ruff, framed by a broad, puffy white eyebrow
- Bright yellow iris

Where are they found?

- Dry, open, short grass, treeless plains
- Human dominated landscapes such as:
 - Golf courses, airports
 - Agricultural fields, vacant lots
- Depends on other animals to construct burrows

Identifying an active burrow

- Western burrowing owls use burrows constructed by ground squirrels, badgers, coyotes, tortoises, etc., or may use pipes, culverts, and ditches.
- They may "decorate" the entrance to a burrow with cow, horse, or dog manure, feathers, vegetation, and trash items
- An active burrow may (not always) have owl excrement ("whitewash") and/or pellets near the entrance

How to avoid impacting western burrowing owls:

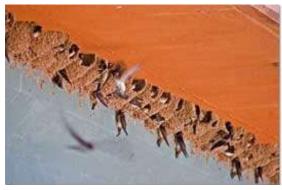
- Scan ahead as you work
- If western burrowing owls or potentially active burrows observed, STOP WORK and MOVE at least 100 feet away from the owl or occupied burrow before resuming work
 - Do not harass or "shoo" the owl away
- If the project cannot avoid or stay outside 100 feet of the owl or active burrow, call contact listed below

Questions? Need to work within 100 feet of a western burrowing owl or active burrow? Contact a City of Phoenix Street Transportation Department Environmental Quality Specialist:

Andrea Love 602-495-6718 or via e-mail at <andrea.love@phoenix.gov> Greta Halle 602-534-6030 or via e-mail at <greta.halle@phoenix.gov>

Sources: Arizona Department of Transportation Environmental Planning Group Western Burrowing Owl Awareness Flyer
Arizona Game and Fish Department Animal Abstract: Western Burrowing Owl. Heritage Data Management System

Updated November 18, 2019





Migratory Bird Treaty Act

(Applies to many birds in Phoenix)

Credit: DesertUSA.com/animals/cliff-swallow.html

The purpose of this flyer is to provide City of Phoenix employees and contractors with basic knowledge to reduce the risk of impacting species protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act.

Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA)

Under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918, as amended, listed birds and their parts (including eggs, feathers, and nests) are fully protected. They are also protected under Arizona State Law, Title 17-101, Title 17-235, and Title 17-236. The MBTA states that it is illegal to:

- Pursue, hunt, take, capture, kill, possess, sell, purchase, barter, import, export, or transport any migratory bird, or any part, nest, or egg of any such bird.
 - 'Take' is defined as to "pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect, or attempt to pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect."

More information regarding the MBTA can be found at:

- o http://www.fws.gov/birds/policies-and-regulations/laws-legislations/migratory-bird-treaty-act.php
- o https://www.fws.gov/laws/lawsdigest/migtrea.html

Where/When are they active?

- The nests of birds protected by the MBTA can be found in many places, including trees, shrubs, cacti, cattails, on the ground, in holes in the ground and on man-made structures including culverts, bridges, buildings, etc.
- The breeding cycle of most birds in Phoenix occurs between February 1 and August 31, although there are a few species that may nest outside that period. Some birds may be present year-round and others migrate, often during the late summer/early autumn period.

How to avoid impacting birds protected by the MBTA:

- If your project might impact active bird nests/burrows, work with one of the contacts below during the
 design process to make appropriate arrangements before the project activity begins. Necessary actions
 may include active nest surveys, seasonal restrictions, or obtaining a project-specific relocation permit
 from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.
- When actively working, be aware of your surroundings. If you see a nest that appears active (chirping, aggressive or distracting adult bird behavior, eggs present, etc.) **STOP WORK** within 30 feet of the area and call one of the contacts below.

Questions? Work may impact birds protected by the MBTA? Contact a City of Phoenix Street Transportation Department Environmental Quality Specialist:

Andrea Love 602-495-6718 or via e-mail at <andrea.love@phoenix.gov> Greta Halle 602-534-6030 or via e-mail at <greta.halle@phoenix.gov>





Cliff Swallow

(Petrochelidon pyrrhonota)

Credit: DesertUSA.com/animals/cliff-swallow.html

The purpose of this flyer is to provide City of Phoenix employees and contractors working on City projects with basic knowledge to reduce the risk of impacting cliff swallows.

Legal Status:

The cliff swallow is protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918, as amended. All migratory birds and their parts (including eggs, feathers, and nests) are fully protected. They are also protected under Arizona State Law, Title 17-101, Title 17-235, and Title 17-236.

Species Description:

- Orangish buff to chestnut with dark cap
- White underparts
- Length: approx. 5.5 inches
- Short triangular wings and square tail
- Gourd-shaped nest built of mud
- Call: subdued squeaky twittering in flight and near nest

Where are they found?

- Colonies of mud nests on vertical structures:
 - Cliff faces
 - o Buildings
 - Box culverts
 - Under bridges
- Colonies may consist of tens, hundreds or even thousands of mud nests at one location

Where/When are they active?

- Cliff swallows can be found in rural or urban settings where a likely structure for building a nest exists; mud nests will be present or under construction
- They arrive in the Sonoran Desert in early March; generally depart by the end of August

How to avoid impacting cliff swallows:

- Scan your work area before you start for mud nests on structures
- If mud nests observed and work will physically impact the nests or will occur within 30 feet of the nests; STOP WORK and call one of the contacts below

Questions? Work will impact cliff swallow nests or will be within 30 feet of cliff swallow nests? Contact a City of Phoenix Street Transportation Department Environmental Quality Specialist:

Andrea Love 602-495-6718 or via e-mail at <andrea.love@phoenix.gov> Greta Halle 602-534-6030 or via e-mail at <greta.halle@phoenix.gov>

Sources: National Geographic http://animals.nationalgeographic.com/animals/birding/cliff-swallow/

Updated November 18, 2019



Displaying title 29, up to date as of 7/29/2024. Title 29 was last amended 7/19/2024. 🔮

Title 29 - Labor Subtitle A -Office of the Secretary of Labor

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PART 3—CONTRACTORS AND SUBCONTRACTORS ON PUBLIC BUILDING OR PUBLIC WORK FINANCED IN WHOLE OR IN PART BY LOANS OR GRANTS FROM THE UNITED **STATES**

Authority: R.S. 161, sec. 2, 48 Stat. 848; Reorg. Plan No. 14 of 1950, 64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. 301; 40 U.S.C. 3145; Secretary's Order 01-2014 (Dec. 19, 2014), 79 FR 77527 (Dec. 24, 2014).

Source: 29 FR 97, Jan. 4, 1964, unless otherwise noted.

§ 3.1 Purpose and scope.

This part prescribes "anti-kickback" regulations under section 2 of the Act of June 13, 1934, as amended (40 U.S.C. 3145), popularly known as the Copeland Act. This part applies to any contract which is subject to Federal wage standards and which is for the construction, prosecution, completion, or repair of public buildings, public works or buildings or works financed in whole or in part by loans or grants from the United States. The part is intended to aid in the enforcement of the minimum wage provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act and the various statutes dealing with federally assisted construction that contain similar minimum wage provisions, including those provisions which are not subject to Reorganization Plan No. 14 of 1950 (e.g., the College Housing Act of 1950, the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, and the Housing Act of 1959), and in the enforcement of the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act whenever they are applicable to construction work. The part details the obligation of contractors and subcontractors relative to the weekly submission of statements regarding the wages paid on work covered thereby; sets forth the circumstances and procedures governing the making of payroll deductions from the wages of those employed on such work; and delineates the methods of payment permissible on such work.

[88 FR 57728, Aug. 23, 2023]

§ 3.2 Definitions.

As used in the regulations in this part:

Affiliated person. The term "affiliated person" includes a spouse, child, parent, or other close relative of the contractor or subcontractor; a partner or officer of the contractor or subcontractor; a corporation closely connected with the contractor or subcontractor as parent, subsidiary, or otherwise, and an officer or agent of such corporation.

Agency. The term "agency" means any Federal, State, or local government agency or instrumentality, or other similar entity, that enters into a contract or provides assistance through loan, grant, loan guarantee or insurance, or otherwise, for a project subject to the Davis-Bacon labor standards, as defined in § 5.2 of this subtitle.

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- (1) **Federal agency**. The term "Federal agency" means an agency or instrumentality of the United States or the District of Columbia, as defined in this section, that enters into a contract or provides assistance through loan, grant, loan guarantee or insurance, or otherwise, to a project subject to the Davis-Bacon labor standards.
- (2) [Reserved]
- Building or work. The term "building or work" generally includes construction activity of all types, as distinguished from manufacturing, furnishing of materials, or servicing and maintenance work. The term includes, without limitation, buildings, structures, and improvements of all types, such as bridges, dams, solar panels, wind turbines, broadband installation, installation of electric car chargers, plants, highways, parkways, streets, subways, tunnels, sewers, mains, powerlines, pumping stations, heavy generators, railways, airports, terminals, docks, piers, wharves, ways, lighthouses, buoys, jetties, breakwaters, levees, and canals; dredging, shoring, rehabilitation and reactivation of plants, scaffolding, drilling, blasting, excavating, clearing, and landscaping. The term "building or work" also includes a portion of a building or work, or the installation (where appropriate) of equipment or components into a building or work.
 - (1) Building or work financed in whole or in part by loans or grants from the United States. The term "building or work financed in whole or in part by loans or grants from the United States" includes any building or work for which construction, prosecution, completion, or repair, as defined in this section, payment or part payment is made directly or indirectly from funds provided by loans or grants by a Federal agency. The term includes any building or work for which the Federal assistance granted is in the form of loan guarantees or insurance.
 - (2) [Reserved]
- Construction, prosecution, completion, or repair. The term "construction, prosecution, completion, or repair" mean all types of work done on a particular building or work at the site thereof as specified in § 5.2 of this subtitle, including, without limitation, altering, remodeling, painting and decorating, installation on the site of the work of items fabricated offsite, covered transportation as reflected in § 5.2, demolition and/or removal as reflected in § 5.2, and the manufacturing or furnishing of materials, articles, supplies, or equipment on the site of the building or work, performed by laborers and mechanics at the site.
- Employed (and wages). Every person paid by a contractor or subcontractor in any manner for their labor in the construction, prosecution, completion, or repair of a public building or public work or building or work financed in whole or in part by assistance from the United States through loan, grant, loan guarantee or insurance, or otherwise, is "employed" and receiving "wages", regardless of any contractual relationship alleged to exist between the contractor and such person.
- Public building (or public work). The term "public building (or public work)" includes a building or work the construction, prosecution, completion, or repair of which, as defined in this section, is carried on directly by authority of or with funds of a Federal agency to serve the general public regardless of whether title thereof is in a Federal agency. The construction, prosecution, completion, or repair of a portion of a building or work, or the installation (where appropriate) of equipment or components into a building or work, may still be considered a public building or work, even where the entire building or work is not owned, leased by, or to be used by the Federal agency, as long as the construction, prosecution, completion, or repair of that portion of the building or work, or the installation (where appropriate) of equipment or components into that building or work, is carried on by authority of or with funds of a Federal agency to serve the interest of the general public.
- United States or the District of Columbia. The term "United States or the District of Columbia" means the United States, the District of Columbia, and all executive departments, independent establishments, administrative agencies, and instrumentalities of the United States and of the District of Columbia, and any corporation for which all or substantially all of the stock of which is beneficially owned by the United States, by the District of Columbia, or any of the foregoing departments, establishments, agencies, and instrumentalities.

[88 FR 57729, Aug. 23, 2023]

§ 3.3 Certified payrolls.

- (a) [Reserved]
- (b) Each contractor or subcontractor engaged in the construction, prosecution, completion, or repair of any public building or public work, or building or work financed in whole or in part by loans or grants from the United States, each week must provide a copy of its weekly payroll for all laborers and mechanics engaged on work covered by this part and part 5 of this chapter during the preceding weekly payroll period, accompanied by a statement of compliance certifying the accuracy of the weekly payroll information. This statement must be executed by the contractor or subcontractor or by an authorized officer or employee of the contractor or subcontractor who supervises the payment of wages, and must be on the back of Form WH-347, "Payroll (For Contractors Optional Use)" or on any form with identical wording. Copies of WH-347 may be obtained from the contracting or sponsoring agency or from the Wage and Hour Division website at https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts/construction/forms or its successor site. The signature by the contractor, subcontractor, or the authorized officer or employee must be an original handwritten signature or a legally valid electronic signature.
- (c) The requirements of this section do not apply to any contract of \$2,000 or less.
- (d) Upon a written finding by the head of a Federal agency, the Secretary of Labor may provide reasonable limitations, variations, tolerances, and exemptions from the requirements of this section subject to such conditions as the Secretary of Labor may specify.

[88 FR 57729, Aug. 23, 2023]

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§ 3.4 Submission of certified payroll and the preservation and inspection of weekly payroll records.

- (a) Certified payroll. Each certified payroll required under § 3.3 must be delivered by the contractor or subcontractor, within 7 days after the regular payment date of the payroll period, to a representative at the site of the building or work of the agency contracting for or financing the work, or, if there is no representative of the agency at the site of the building or work, the statement must be delivered by mail or by any other means normally assuring delivery by the contractor or subcontractor, within that 7 day time period, to the agency contracting for or financing the building or work. After the certified payrolls have been reviewed in accordance with the contracting or sponsoring agency's procedures, such certified payrolls must be preserved by the agency for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed and must be produced for inspection, copying, and transcription by the Department of Labor upon request. The certified payrolls must also be transmitted together with a report of any violation, in accordance with applicable procedures prescribed by the United States Department of Labor.
- (b) Recordkeeping. Each contractor or subcontractor must preserve the regular payroll records for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed. The regular payroll records must set out accurately and completely the name; Social Security number; last known address, telephone number, and email address of each laborer and mechanic; each worker's correct classification(s) of work actually performed; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof); daily and weekly number of hours actually worked in total and on each covered contract; deductions made; and actual wages paid. The contractor or subcontractor must make such regular payroll records, as well as copies of the certified payrolls provided to the contracting or sponsoring agency, available at all times for inspection, copying, and transcription by the contracting officer or their authorized representative, and by authorized representatives of the Department of Labor.

[88 FR 57730, Aug. 23, 2023]

§ 3.5 Payroll deductions permissible without application to or approval of the Secretary of Labor.

Deductions made under the circumstances or in the situations described in the paragraphs of this section may be made without application to and approval of the Secretary of Labor:

- (a) Any deduction made in compliance with the requirements of Federal, State, or local law, such as Federal or State withholding income taxes and Federal social security taxes.
- (b) Any deduction of sums previously paid to the laborer or mechanic as a bona fide prepayment of wages when such prepayment is made without discount or interest. A bona fide prepayment of wages is considered to have been made only when cash or its equivalent has been advanced to the person employed in such manner as to give him complete freedom of disposition of the advanced funds.
- (c) Any deduction of amounts required by court process to be paid to another, unless the deduction is in favor of the contractor, subcontractor, or any affiliated person, or when collusion or collaboration exists.
- (d) Any deduction constituting a contribution on behalf of the laborer or mechanic employed to funds established by the contractor or representatives of the laborers or mechanics, or both, for the purpose of providing either from principal or income, or both, medical or hospital care, pensions or annuities on retirement, death benefits, compensation for injuries, illness, accidents, sickness, or disability, or for insurance to provide any of the foregoing, or unemployment benefits, vacation pay, savings accounts, or similar payments for the benefit of the laborers or mechanics, their families and dependents: *Provided, however*, That the following standards are met:
 - (1) The deduction is not otherwise prohibited by law;
 - (2) It is either:
 - (i) Voluntarily consented to by the laborer or mechanic in writing and in advance of the period in which the work is to be done and such consent is not a condition either for the obtaining of or for the continuation of employment; or
 - (ii) Provided for in a bona fide collective bargaining agreement between the contractor or subcontractor and representatives of its laborers or mechanics;
 - (3) No profit or other benefit is otherwise obtained, directly or indirectly, by the contractor or subcontractor or any affiliated person in the form of commission, dividend, or otherwise; and
 - (4) The deductions must serve the convenience and interest of the laborer or mechanic.
- (e) Any deduction requested by the laborer or mechanic to enable him or her to repay loans to or to purchase shares in credit unions organized and operated in accordance with Federal and State credit union statutes.
- (f) Any deduction voluntarily authorized by the laborer or mechanic for the making of contributions to governmental or quasi-governmental agencies, such as the American Red Cross.
- (g) Any deduction voluntarily authorized by the laborer or mechanic for the making of contributions to charitable organizations as defined by 26 U.S.C. 501(c)(3).
- (h) Any deductions to pay regular union initiation fees and membership dues, not including fines or special assessments: *Provided, however,*That a collective bargaining agreement between the contractor or subcontractor and representatives of its laborers or mechanics provides for such deductions and the deductions are not otherwise prohibited by law.

7/31/24, 7:17 AM eCFR :: 29 CFR Part 3 -- Contractors and Subcontractors on Public Building or Public Work Financed in Whole or in Part by Loans ... (i) Any deduction not more than for the "reasonable cost" of board, lodging, or other facilities meeting the requirements of section 3(m) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, and 29 CFR part 531. When such a deduction is made the additional records required under 29 CFR 516.25(a) must be kept. (j) Any deduction for the cost of safety equipment of nominal value purchased by the laborer or mechanic as their own property for their personal protection in their work, such as safety shoes, safety glasses, safety gloves, and hard hats, if such equipment is not required by law to be furnished by the contractor, if such deduction does not violate the Fair Labor Standards Act or any other law, if the cost on which the deduction is based does not exceed the actual cost to the contractor where the equipment is purchased from the contractor and does not include any direct or indirect monetary return to the contractor where the equipment is purchased from a third person, and if the deduction is either: (1) Voluntarily consented to by the laborer or mechanic in writing and in advance of the period in which the work is to be done and such consent is not a condition either for the obtaining of employment or its continuance; or (2) Provided for in a bona fide collective bargaining agreement between the contractor or subcontractor and representatives of its laborers and mechanics. [88 FR 57730, Aug. 23, 2023] § 3.6 Payroll deductions permissible with the approval of the Secretary of Labor. Any contractor or subcontractor may apply to the Secretary of Labor for permission to make any deduction not permitted under § 3.5. The Secretary may grant permission whenever he finds that: (a) The contractor, subcontractor, or any affiliated person does not make a profit or benefit directly or indirectly from the deduction either in the form of a commission, dividend, or otherwise; (b) The deduction is not otherwise prohibited by law; (c) The deduction is either (1) voluntarily consented to by the employee in writing and in advance of the period in which the work is to be done and such consent is not a condition either for the obtaining of employment or its continuance, or (2) provided for in a bona fide collective bargaining agreement between the contractor or subcontractor and representatives of its employees; and (d) The deduction serves the convenience and interest of the employee. • § 3.7 Applications for the approval of the Secretary of Labor. Any application for the making of payroll deductions under § 3.6 must comply with the requirements prescribed in the following paragraphs of this section: (a) The application must be in writing and addressed to the Secretary of Labor. The application must be submitted by email to dbadeductions@dol.gov, by mail to the United States Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division, Director, Division of Government Contracts Enforcement, 200 Constitution Ave., NW, Room S-3502, Washington, DC 20210, or by any other means normally assuring delivery. (b) The application need not identify the contract or contracts under which the work in question is to be performed. Permission will be given for deductions on all current and future contracts of the applicant for a period of 1 year. A renewal of permission to make such payroll deduction will be granted upon the submission of an application which makes reference to the original application, recites the date of the Secretary of Labor's approval of such deductions, states affirmatively that there is continued compliance with the standards set forth in the provisions of § 3.6, and specifies any conditions which have changed in regard to the payroll deductions. (c) The application must state affirmatively that there is compliance with the standards set forth in the provisions of § 3.6. The affirmation must be accompanied by a full statement of the facts indicating such compliance. (d) The application must include a description of the proposed deduction, the purpose of the deduction, and the classes of laborers or

[88 FR 57731, Aug. 23, 2023]

• § 3.8 Action by the Secretary of Labor upon applications.

mechanics from whose wages the proposed deduction would be made.

be transmitted and the affiliation of such person, if any, with the applicant.

The Secretary of Labor will decide whether or not the requested deduction is permissible under provisions of § 3.6; and will notify the applicant in writing of the decision.

(e) The application must state the name and business of any third person to whom any funds obtained from the proposed deductions are to

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[88 FR 57731, Aug. 23, 2023]

• § 3.9 Prohibited payroll deductions.

Deductions not elsewhere provided for by this part and which are not found to be permissible under § 3.6 are prohibited.

§ 3.10 Methods of payment of wages.

The payment of wages shall be by cash, negotiable instruments payable on demand, or the additional forms of compensation for which deductions are permissible under this part. No other methods of payment shall be recognized on work subject to the Copeland Act.

• § 3.11 Regulations part of contract.

All contracts made with respect to the construction, prosecution, completion, or repair of any public building or public work or building or work financed in whole or in part by loans or grants from the United States covered by the regulations in this part must expressly bind the contractor or subcontractor to comply with such of the regulations in this part as may be applicable. In this regard, see § 5.5(a) of this subtitle. However, these requirements will be considered to be effective by operation of law, whether or not they are incorporated into such contracts, as set forth in § 5.5(e) of this subtitle.

[88 FR 57731, Aug. 23, 2023]



Displaying title 29, up to date as of 7/29/2024. Title 29 was last amended 7/19/2024. 🔮

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PART 5—LABOR STANDARDS PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO CONTRACTS COVERING FEDERALLY FINANCED AND ASSISTED CONSTRUCTION (ALSO LABOR STANDARDS PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO NONCONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS SUBJECT TO THE CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT)

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301; Reorganization Plan No. 14 of 1950, 5 U.S.C. appendix; 28 U.S.C. 2461 note; 40 U.S.C. 3141 et seq.; 40 U.S.C. 3145; 40 U.S.C. 3148; 40 U.S.C. 3701 et seq.; Secretary's Order No. 01-2014, 79 FR 77527; and the laws referenced by § 5.1(a).

7/31/24, 7:14 AM eCFR :: 29 CFR Part 5 -- Labor Standards Provisions Applicable to Contracts Covering Federally Financed and Assisted Constructi... Source: 48 FR 19541, Apr. 29, 1983, unless otherwise noted. Subpart A—Davis-Bacon and Related Acts Provisions and Procedures Source: 48 FR 19540, Apr. 29, 1983, unless otherwise noted. **EDITORIAL NOTE** Editorial Note: Nomenclature changes to subpart A of part 5 appear at 61 FR 19984, May 3, 1996. § 5.1 Purpose and scope. (a) The regulations contained in this part are promulgated under the authority conferred upon the Secretary of Labor by Reorganization Plan No. 14 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267, as amended, 5 U.S.C. appendix) and the Copeland Act (48 Stat. 948; 18 U.S.C. 874; 40 U.S.C. 3145) in order to coordinate the administration and enforcement of labor standards provisions contained in the Davis-Bacon Act (46 Stat. 1494, as amended; 40 U.S.C. 3141 et seq.) and its related statutes ("Related Acts"). (1) A listing of laws requiring Davis-Bacon labor standards provisions can be found at www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/governmentcontracts or its successor website. (2) [Reserved] (b) Part 1 of this subtitle contains the Department's procedural rules governing requests for wage determinations and the issuance and use of such wage determinations under the Davis-Bacon Act and its Related Acts. [88 FR 57731, Aug. 23, 2023] § 5.2 Definitions. Administrator, The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, or authorized representative. Agency. The term "agency" means any Federal, State, or local government agency or instrumentality, or other similar entity, that enters into a contract or provides assistance through loan, grant, loan guarantee or insurance, or otherwise, to a project subject to the Davis-Bacon labor standards, as defined in this section. (1) Federal agency. The term "Federal agency" means an agency or instrumentality of the United States or the District of Columbia, as defined in this section, that enters into a contract or provides assistance through loan, grant, loan guarantee or insurance, or otherwise, to a project subject to the Davis-Bacon labor standards. (2) [Reserved] Agency Head. The term "Agency Head" means the principal official of an agency and includes those persons duly authorized to act on behalf of the Agency Head. Apprentice and helper. The terms "apprentice" and "helper" are defined as follows: (1) "Apprentice" means: (i) A person employed and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office of Apprenticeship; or (ii) A person in the first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice; (2) These provisions do not apply to apprentices and trainees employed on projects subject to 23 U.S.C. 113 who are enrolled in programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 113(c). (3) A distinct classification of helper will be issued in wage determinations applicable to work performed on construction projects covered by the labor standards provisions of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts only where: The duties of the helper are clearly defined and distinct from those of any other classification on the wage determination; (ii) The use of such helpers is an established prevailing practice in the area; and (iii) The helper is not employed as a trainee in an informal training program. A "helper" classification will be added to wage

determinations pursuant to § 5.5(a)(1)(iii)(A) only where, in addition, the work to be performed by the helper is not performed

by a classification in the wage determination.

Building or work. The term "building or work" generally includes construction activities of all types, as distinguished from manufacturing, furnishing of materials, or servicing and maintenance work. The term includes, without limitation, buildings, structures, and improvements of all types, such as bridges, dams, solar panels, wind turbines, broadband installation, installation of electric car chargers, plants, highways, parkways, streets, subways, tunnels, sewers, mains, power lines, pumping stations, heavy generators, railways, airports, terminals, docks, piers, wharves, ways, lighthouses, buoys, jetties, breakwaters, levees, canals, dredging, shoring, rehabilitation and reactivation of plants, scaffolding, drilling, blasting, excavating, clearing, and landscaping. The term "building or work" also includes a portion of a building or work, or the installation (where appropriate) of equipment or components into a building or work.

Construction, prosecution, completion, or repair. The term "construction, prosecution, completion, or repair" means the following:

- (1) These terms include all types of work done—
 - (i) On a particular building or work at the site of the work, as defined in this section, by laborers and mechanics employed by a contractor or subcontractor, or
 - (ii) In the construction or development of a project under a development statute.
- (2) These terms include, without limitation (except as specified in this definition):
 - (i) Altering, remodeling, installation (where appropriate) on the site of the work of items fabricated offsite;
 - (ii) Painting and decorating;
 - (iii) Manufacturing or furnishing of materials, articles, supplies or equipment, but only if such work is done by laborers or
 - (A) Employed by a contractor or subcontractor, as defined in this section, on the site of the work, as defined in this section, or
 - (B) In the construction or development of a project under a development statute;
 - (iv) "Covered transportation," defined as any of the following activities:
 - (A) Transportation that takes place entirely within a location meeting the definition of "site of the work" in this section;
 - (B) Transportation of one or more "significant portion(s)" of the building or work between a "secondary construction site" as defined in this section and a "primary construction site" as defined in this section;
 - (C) Transportation between an "adjacent or virtually adjacent dedicated support site" as defined in this section and a "primary construction site" or "secondary construction site" as defined in this section;
 - (D) "Onsite activities essential or incidental to offsite transportation," defined as activities conducted by a truck driver or truck driver's assistant on the site of the work that are essential or incidental to the transportation of materials or supplies to or from the site of the work, such as loading, unloading, or waiting for materials to be loaded or unloaded, but only where the driver or driver's assistant's time spent on the site of the work is not de minimis; and
 - (E) Any transportation and related activities, whether on or off the site of the work, by laborers and mechanics employed in the construction or development of the project under a development statute.
 - (v) Demolition and/or removal, under any of the following circumstances:
 - (A) Where the demolition and/or removal activities themselves constitute construction, alteration, and/or repair of an existing building or work. Examples of such activities include the removal of asbestos, paint, components, systems, or parts from a facility that will not be demolished; as well as contracts for hazardous waste removal, land recycling, or reclamation that involve substantial earth moving, removal of contaminated soil, re-contouring surfaces, and/or habitat restoration.
 - (B) Where subsequent construction covered in whole or in part by the labor standards in this part is contemplated at the site of the demolition or removal, either as part of the same contract or as part of a future contract. In determining whether covered construction is contemplated within the meaning of this provision, relevant factors include, but are not limited to, the existence of engineering or architectural plans or surveys of the site; the allocation of, or an application for, Federal funds; contract negotiations or bid solicitations; the stated intent of the relevant government officials; and the disposition of the site after demolition.
 - (C) Where otherwise required by statute.
- (3) Except for transportation that constitutes "covered transportation" as defined in this section, construction, prosecution, completion, or repair does not include the transportation of materials or supplies to or from the site of the work.
- Contract. The term "contract" means any prime contract which is subject wholly or in part to the labor standards provisions of any of the laws referenced by § 5.1 and any subcontract of any tier thereunder, let under the prime contract. With the exception of work performed under a development statute, the terms contract and subcontract do not include agreements with employers that meet the definition of a material supplier under this section.
- Contracting officer. The term "contracting officer" means the individual, a duly appointed successor, or authorized representative who is designated and authorized to enter into contracts on behalf of an agency, sponsor, owner, applicant, or other similar entity.

Davis-Bacon labor standards. The term "Davis-Bacon labor standards" as used in this part means the requirements of the Davis-Bacon Act, the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (other than those relating to safety and health), the Copeland Act, and the prevailing wage provisions of the other statutes referenced in § 5.1, and the regulations in this part and in parts 1 and 3 of this subtitle.

Development statute. The term "development statute" includes the United States Housing Act of 1937; the Housing Act of 1949; and the Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 1996, and any other Davis-Bacon Related Act that requires payment of prevailing wages under the Davis-Bacon labor standards to all laborers and mechanics employed in the development of a project and for which the Administrator determines that the statute's language and/or legislative history reflected clear congressional intent to apply a coverage standard different from the Davis-Bacon Act itself.

Employed. Every person performing the duties of a laborer or mechanic in the construction, prosecution, completion, or repair of a public building or public work, or building or work financed in whole or in part by assistance from the United States through loan, grant, loan guarantee or insurance, or otherwise, is "employed" regardless of any contractual relationship alleged to exist between the contractor and such person.

Laborer or mechanic. The term "laborer or mechanic" includes at least those workers whose duties are manual or physical in nature (including those workers who use tools or who are performing the work of a trade), as distinguished from mental or managerial. The term "laborer" or "mechanic" includes apprentices, helpers, and, in the case of contracts subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, watchpersons or guards. The term does not apply to workers whose duties are primarily administrative, executive, or clerical, rather than manual. Persons employed in a bona fide executive, administrative, or professional capacity as defined in 29 CFR part 541 are not deemed to be laborers or mechanics. Forepersons who devote more than 20 percent of their time during a workweek to mechanic or laborer duties, and who do not meet the criteria of part 541, are laborers and mechanics for the time so spent.

Material supplier. The term "material supplier" is defined as follows:

- (1) A material supplier is an entity meeting all of the following criteria:
 - (i) Its only obligations for work on the contract or project are the delivery of materials, articles, supplies, or equipment, which may include pickup of the same in addition to, but not exclusive of, delivery, and which may also include activities incidental to such delivery and pickup, such as loading, unloading, or waiting for materials to be loaded or unloaded; and
 - (ii) Its facility or facilities that manufactures the materials, articles, supplies, or equipment used for the contract or project:
 - (A) Is not located on, or does not itself constitute, the project or contract's primary construction site or secondary construction site as defined in this section; and
 - (B) Either was established before opening of bids on the contract or project, or is not dedicated exclusively, or nearly so, to the performance of the contract or project.
- (2) If an entity, in addition to being engaged in the activities specified in paragraph (1)(i) of this definition, also engages in other construction, prosecution, completion, or repair work at the site of the work, it is not a material supplier.

Prime contractor. The term "prime contractor" means any person or entity that enters into a contract with an agency. For the purposes of the labor standards provisions of any of the laws referenced by § 5.1, the term prime contractor also includes the controlling shareholders or members of any entity holding a prime contract, the joint venturers or partners in any joint venture or partnership holding a prime contract, and any contractor (e.g., a general contractor) that has been delegated the responsibility for overseeing all or substantially all of the construction anticipated by the prime contract. For the purposes of the provisions in §§ 5.5 and 5.9, any such related entities holding different prime contracts are considered to be the same prime contractor.

Public building or public work. The term "public building or public work" includes a building or work, the construction, prosecution, completion, or repair of which, as defined in this section, is carried on directly by authority of or with funds of a Federal agency to serve the interest of the general public regardless of whether title thereof is in a Federal agency. The construction, prosecution, completion, or repair of a portion of a building or work, or the installation (where appropriate) of equipment or components into a building or work, may still be considered a public building or work, even where the entire building or work is not owned, leased by, or to be used by a Federal agency, as long as the construction, prosecution, completion, or repair of that portion of the building or work, or the installation (where appropriate) of equipment or components into that building or work, is carried on by authority of or with funds of a Federal agency to serve the interest of the general public.

Secretary. The term "Secretary" includes the Secretary of Labor, and their authorized representative.

Site of the work. The term "site of the work" is defined as follows:

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(1) "Site of the work" includes all of the following:
(i) The primary construction site(s), defined as the physical place or places where the building or work called for in the contract will remain.
(ii) Any secondary construction site(s), defined as any other site(s) where a significant portion of the building or work is constructed, provided that such construction is for specific use in that building or work and does not simply reflect the manufacture or construction of a product made available to the general public, and provided further that the site is either established specifically for the performance of the contract or project, or is dedicated exclusively, or nearly so, to the performance of the contract or project for a specific period of time. A "significant portion" of a building or work means one or more entire portion(s) or module(s) of the building or work, such as a completed room or structure, with minimal construction work remaining other than the installation and/or final assembly of the portions or modules at the place where the building or work will remain. A "significant portion" does not include materials or prefabricated component parts such as prefabricated housing components. A "specific period of time" means a period of weeks, months, or more, and does not include circumstances where a site at which multiple projects are in progress is shifted exclusively or nearly so to a single project for a few hours or days in order to meet a deadline.
(iii) Any adjacent or virtually adjacent dedicated support sites, defined as:
(A) Job headquarters, tool yards, batch plants, borrow pits, and similar facilities of a contractor or subcontractor that are dedicated exclusively, or nearly so, to performance of the contract or project, and adjacent or virtually adjacent to either a primary construction site or a secondary construction site, and
(B) Locations adjacent or virtually adjacent to a primary construction site at which workers perform activities associated with directing vehicular or pedestrian traffic around or away from the primary construction site.
(2) With the exception of locations that are on, or that themselves constitute, primary or secondary construction sites as defined in paragraphs (1)(i) and (ii) of this definition, site of the work does not include:
(i) Permanent home offices, branch plant establishments, fabrication plants, tool yards, etc., of a contractor or subcontractor whose location and continuance in operation are determined wholly without regard to a particular Federal or federally assisted contract or project; or
(ii) Fabrication plants, batch plants, borrow pits, job headquarters, tool yards, etc., of a material supplier, which are established by a material supplier for the project before opening of bids and not on the primary construction site or a secondary construction site, even where the operations for a period of time may be dedicated exclusively, or nearly so, to the performance of a contract.
Subcontractor. The term "subcontractor" means any contractor that agrees to perform or be responsible for the performance of any part of a contract that is subject wholly or in part to the labor standards provisions of any of the laws referenced in § 5.1. The term subcontractor includes subcontractors of any tier.
United States or the District of Columbia. The term "United States or the District of Columbia" means the United States, the District of Columbia, and all executive departments, independent establishments, administrative agencies, and instrumentalities of the United States and of the District of Columbia, including non-appropriated fund instrumentalities and any corporation for which all or substantially all of its stock is beneficially owned by the United States or by the foregoing departments, establishments, agencies, or instrumentalities.
Wages. The term "wages" means the basic hourly rate of pay; any contribution irrevocably made by a contractor or subcontractor to a trustee or to a third person pursuant to a bona fide fringe benefit fund, plan, or program; and the rate of costs to the contractor or subcontractor which may be reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits to laborers and mechanics pursuant to an enforceable commitment to carry out a financially responsible plan or program, which was communicated in writing to the laborers and mechanics affected. The fringe benefits enumerated in the Davis-Bacon Act include medical or hospital care, pensions on retirement or death, compensation for injuries or illness resulting from occupational activity, or insurance to provide any of the foregoing; unemployment benefits; life insurance, disability insurance, sickness insurance, or accident insurance; vacation or holiday pay; defraying costs of apprenticeship or other similar programs; or other bona fide fringe benefits. Fringe benefits do not include benefits required by other Federal, State, or local law.
Wage determination. The term "wage determination" includes the original decision and any subsequent decisions revising, modifying, superseding, correcting, or otherwise changing the provisions of the original decision. The application of the wage determination must be in accordance with the provisions of § 1.6 of this subtitle.
[88 FR 57731, Aug. 23, 2023]
§§ 5.3-5.4 [Reserved]
§ 5.5 Contract provisions and related matters.

CROSS REFERENCE

Link to an amendment published at 88 FR 57734, Aug. 23, 2023.

(a) Required contract clauses. The Agency head will cause or require the contracting officer to require the contracting officer to insert in full, or (for contracts covered by the Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR chapter 1)) by reference, in any contract in excess of \$2,000 which is entered into for the actual construction, alteration and/or repair, including painting and decorating, of a public building or public work, or building or work financed in whole or in part from Federal funds or in accordance with guarantees of a Federal agency or financed from funds obtained by pledge of any contract of a Federal agency to make a loan, grant or annual contribution (except where a different meaning is expressly indicated), and which is subject to the labor standards provisions of any of the laws referenced by § 5.1, the following clauses (or any modifications thereof to meet the particular needs of the agency, Provided, That such modifications are first approved by the Department of Labor):

(1) Minimum wages —

(i) Wage rates and fringe benefits. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute), will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of basic hourly wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics. As provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, the appropriate wage determinations are effective by operation of law even if they have not been attached to the contract. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B)) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph (a)(1)(v) of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics must be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification(s) of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraph (a)(4) of this section. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) must be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

(ii) Frequently recurring classifications.

- (A) In addition to wage and fringe benefit rates that have been determined to be prevailing under the procedures set forth in 29 CFR part 1, a wage determination may contain, pursuant to § 1.3(f), wage and fringe benefit rates for classifications of laborers and mechanics for which conformance requests are regularly submitted pursuant to paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this section, provided that:
 - (1) The work performed by the classification is not performed by a classification in the wage determination for which a prevailing wage rate has been determined;
 - (2) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and
 - (3) The wage rate for the classification bears a reasonable relationship to the prevailing wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (B) The Administrator will establish wage rates for such classifications in accordance with paragraph (a)(1)(iii)(A)(3) of this section. Work performed in such a classification must be paid at no less than the wage and fringe benefit rate listed on the wage determination for such classification.

(iii) Conformance.

- (A) The contracting officer must require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract be classified in conformance with the wage determination. Conformance of an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits is appropriate only when the following criteria have been met:
 - (1) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
 - (2) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and
 - (3) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

- (B) The conformance process may not be used to split, subdivide, or otherwise avoid application of classifications listed in the wage determination.
- (C) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken will be sent by the contracting officer by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
- (D) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer will, by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov, refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
- (E) The contracting officer must promptly notify the contractor of the action taken by the Wage and Hour Division under paragraphs (a)(1)(iii)(C) and (D) of this section. The contractor must furnish a written copy of such determination to each affected worker or it must be posted as a part of the wage determination. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph (a)(1)(iii)(C) or (D) of this section must be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- (iv) Fringe benefits not expressed as an hourly rate. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor may either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or may pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- (v) Unfunded plans. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, in accordance with the criteria set forth in § 5.28, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.
- (vi) Interest. In the event of a failure to pay all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contractor will be required to pay interest on any underpayment of wages.
- (2) Withholding
 - Withholding requirements. The [write in name of Federal agency or the recipient of Federal assistance] may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for the full amount of wages and monetary relief, including interest, required by the clauses set forth in paragraph (a) of this section for violations of this contract, or to satisfy any such liabilities required by any other Federal contract, or federally assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards, that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards requirements and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld. In the event of a contractor's failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice or helper working on the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute) all or part of the wages required by the contract, or upon the contractor's failure to submit the required records as discussed in paragraph (a)(3)(iv) of this section, the [Agency] may on its own initiative and after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, owner, or other entity, as the case may be, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.
 - (ii) **Priority to withheld funds.** The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with paragraph (a)(2) (i) or (b)(3)(i) of this section, or both, over claims to those funds by:
 - (A) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;
 - (B) A contracting agency for its reprocurement costs;
 - (C) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;
 - (D) A contractor's assignee(s);
 - (E) A contractor's successor(s); or
 - (F) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, 31 U.S.C. 3901-3907.
- (3) Records and certified payrolls —

- (i) Basic record requirements
 - (A) Length of record retention. All regular payrolls and other basic records must be maintained by the contractor and any subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute) for a period of at least 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.
 - (B) Information required. Such records must contain the name; Social Security number; last known address, telephone number, and email address of each such worker; each worker's correct classification(s) of work actually performed; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in 40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours actually worked in total and on each covered contract; deductions made; and actual wages paid.
 - (C) Additional records relating to fringe benefits. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under paragraph (a)(1)(v) of this section that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in 40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor must maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits.
 - (D) Additional records relating to apprenticeship. Contractors with apprentices working under approved programs must maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs, the registration of the apprentices, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.
- (ii) Certified payroll requirements
 - (A) Frequency and method of submission. The contractor or subcontractor must submit weekly, for each week in which any DBA- or Related Acts-covered work is performed, certified payrolls to the [write in name of appropriate Federal agency] if the agency is a party to the contract, but if the agency is not such a party, the contractor will submit the certified payrolls to the applicant, sponsor, owner, or other entity, as the case may be, that maintains such records, for transmission to the [write in name of agency]. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of all certified payrolls by all subcontractors. A contracting agency or prime contractor may permit or require contractors to submit certified payrolls through an electronic system, as long as the electronic system requires a legally valid electronic signature; the system allows the contractor, the contracting agency, and the Department of Labor to access the certified payrolls upon request for at least 3 years after the work on the prime contract has been completed; and the contracting agency or prime contractor permits other methods of submission in situations where the contractor is unable or limited in its ability to use or access the electronic system.
 - (B) Information required. The certified payrolls submitted must set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph (a)(3)(i)(B) of this section, except that full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses must not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead, the certified payrolls need only include an individually identifying number for each worker (e.g., the last four digits of the worker's Social Security number). The required weekly certified payroll information may be submitted using Optional Form WH-347 or in any other format desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division website at https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHD/legacy/files/wh347/.pdf or its successor website. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission by the subcontractor to the sponsoring government agency (or the applicant, sponsor, owner, or other entity, as the case may be, that maintains such records).
 - (C) Statement of Compliance. Each certified payroll submitted must be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons working on the contract, and must certify the following:
 - (1) That the certified payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under paragraph (a) (3)(ii) of this section, the appropriate information and basic records are being maintained under paragraph (a)(3)(i) of this section, and such information and records are correct and complete;
 - (2) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper and apprentice) working on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in 29 CFR part 3; and
 - (3) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification(s) of work actually performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
 - (D) Use of Optional Form WH-347. The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 will satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph (a)(3)(ii)(C) of this section.

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 - (E) Signature. The signature by the contractor, subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent must be an original handwritten signature or a legally valid electronic signature.
 - (F) *Falsification*. The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 3729.
 - (G) Length of certified payroll retention. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve all certified payrolls during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.
 - (iii) Contracts, subcontracts, and related documents. The contractor or subcontractor must maintain this contract or subcontract and related documents including, without limitation, bids, proposals, amendments, modifications, and extensions. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve these contracts, subcontracts, and related documents during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.
 - (iv) Required disclosures and access
 - (A) Required record disclosures and access to workers. The contractor or subcontractor must make the records required under paragraphs (a)(3)(i) through (iii) of this section, and any other documents that the [write the name of the agency] or the Department of Labor deems necessary to determine compliance with the labor standards provisions of any of the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1, available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the [write the name of the agency] or the Department of Labor, and must permit such representatives to interview workers during working hours on the job.
 - (B) Sanctions for non-compliance with records and worker access requirements. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, or refuses to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, the Federal agency may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, owner, or other entity, as the case may be, that maintains such records or that employs such workers, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available, or to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to § 5.12. In addition, any contractor or other person that fails to submit the required records or make those records available to WHD within the time WHD requests that the records be produced will be precluded from introducing as evidence in an administrative proceeding under 29 CFR part 6 any of the required records that were not provided or made available to WHD. WHD will take into consideration a reasonable request from the contractor or person for an extension of the time for submission of records. WHD will determine the reasonableness of the request and may consider, among other things, the location of the records and the volume of production.
 - (C) Required information disclosures. Contractors and subcontractors must maintain the full Social Security number and last known address, telephone number, and email address of each covered worker, and must provide them upon request to the [write in name of appropriate Federal agency] if the agency is a party to the contract, or to the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor. If the Federal agency is not such a party to the contract, the contractor, subcontractor, or both, must, upon request, provide the full Social Security number and last known address, telephone number, and email address of each covered worker to the applicant, sponsor, owner, or other entity, as the case may be, that maintains such records, for transmission to the [write in name of agency], the contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or other compliance action.
- (4) Apprentices and equal employment opportunity
 - (i) Apprentices
 - (A) Rate of pay. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship (OA), or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA. A person who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice, will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform in the first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such a program. In the event the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to use apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.
 - (B) Fringe benefits. Apprentices must be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringe benefits must be paid in accordance with that determination.
 - (C) Apprenticeship ratio. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyworkers on the job site in any craft classification must not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program or the ratio applicable to the locality of the project pursuant to paragraph (a)(4)(i)(D) of this section. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated in paragraph (a)(4)(i)(A) of this section, must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under this section must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

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 - (D) Reciprocity of ratios and wage rates. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than the locality in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyworker's hourly rate) applicable within the locality in which the construction is being performed must be observed. If there is no applicable ratio or wage rate for the locality of the project, the ratio and wage rate specified in the contractor's registered program must be observed.
 - (ii) **Equal employment opportunity.** The use of apprentices and journeyworkers under this part must be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.
 - (5) Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.
- (6) Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor must insert in any subcontracts the clauses contained in paragraphs (a)(1) through (11) of this section, along with the applicable wage determination(s) and such other clauses or contract modifications as the [write in the name of the Federal agency] may by appropriate instructions require, and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses and wage determination(s) in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in this section. In the event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate.
- (7) Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- (8) Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.
- (9) **Disputes concerning labor standards**. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.
- (10) Certification of eligibility.
 - (i) By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of 40 U.S.C. 3144(b) or § 5.12(a).
 - (ii) No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of 40 U.S.C. 3144(b) or § 5.12(a).
 - (iii) The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Code, Title 18 Crimes and Criminal Procedure, 18 U.S.C. 1001.
- (11) Anti-retaliation. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:
 - (i) Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3;
 - (ii) Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3;
 - (iii) Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3; or
 - (iv) Informing any other person about their rights under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3.
- (b) Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (CWHSSA). The Agency Head must cause or require the contracting officer to insert the following clauses set forth in paragraphs (b)(1) through (5) of this section in full, or (for contracts covered by the Federal Acquisition Regulation) by reference, in any contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses must be inserted in addition to the clauses required by paragraph (a) of this section or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph (b), the terms "laborers and mechanics" include watchpersons and guards.
 - (1) Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the conract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.
 - (2) Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (b)(1) of this section the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages and interest from the date of the underpayment. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchpersons and guards,

employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (b)(1) of this section, in the sum of \$32 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (b)(1).

- (3) Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages
 - (i) Withholding process. The [write in the name of the Federal agency or the recipient of Federal assistance] may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for any unpaid wages; monetary relief, including interest; and liquidated damages required by the clauses set forth in this paragraph (b) on this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld.
 - (i) **Priority to withheld funds**. The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with paragraph (a)(2) (i) or (b)(3)(i) of this section, or both, over claims to those funds by:
 - (A) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;
 - (B) A contracting agency for its reprocurement costs;
 - (C) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;
 - (D) A contractor's assignee(s);
 - (E) A contractor's successor(s); or
 - (F) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, 31 U.S.C. 3901-3907.
- (4) Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor must insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs (b)(1) through (5) of this section and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (b)(1) through (5). In the event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and associated liquidated damages and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate.
- (5) Anti-retaliation. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:
 - (i) Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (CWHSSA) or its implementing regulations in this part;
 - (ii) Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under CWHSSA or this part;
 - (iii) Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under CWHSSA or this part; or
 - (iv) Informing any other person about their rights under CWHSSA or this part.
- (c) CWHSSA required records clause. In addition to the clauses contained in paragraph (b) of this section, in any contract subject only to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act and not to any of the other laws referenced by § 5.1, the Agency Head must cause or require the contracting officer to insert a clause requiring that the contractor or subcontractor must maintain regular payrolls and other basic records during the course of the work and must preserve them for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed for all laborers and mechanics, including guards and watchpersons, working on the contract. Such records must contain the name; last known address, telephone number, and email address; and social security number of each such worker; each worker's correct classification(s) of work actually performed; hourly rates of wages paid; daily and weekly number of hours actually worked; deductions made; and actual wages paid. Further, the Agency Head must cause or require the contracting officer to insert in any such contract a clause providing that the records to be maintained under this paragraph must be made available by the contractor or subcontractor for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the (write the name of agency) and the Department of Labor, and the contractor or subcontractor will permit such representatives to interview workers during working hours on the job.
- (d) Incorporation of contract clauses and wage determinations by reference. Although agencies are required to insert the contract clauses set forth in this section, along with appropriate wage determinations, in full into covered contracts, and contractors and subcontractors are required to insert them in any lower-tier subcontracts, the incorporation by reference of the required contract clauses and appropriate wage determinations will be given the same force and effect as if they were inserted in full text.
- (e) Incorporation by operation of law. The contract clauses set forth in this section (or their equivalent under the Federal Acquisition Regulation), along with the correct wage determinations, will be considered to be a part of every prime contract required by the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1 to include such clauses, and will be effective by operation of law, whether or not they are included

or incorporated by reference into such contract, unless the Administrator grants a variance, tolerance, or exemption from the application of this paragraph. Where the clauses and applicable wage determinations are effective by operation of law under this paragraph, the prime contractor must be compensated for any resulting increase in wages in accordance with applicable law.

(The information collection, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements contained in the following paragraphs of this section were approved by the Office of Management and Budget:

Paragraph	OMB Control No.
(a)(1)(ii)(B)	1235-0023
(a)(1)(ii)(C)	1235-0023
(a)(1)(iv)	1235-0023
(a)(3)(i)	1235-0023
(a)(3)(ii)(A)	1235-0023
	1235-0008
(c)	1235-0023

[48 FR 19540, Apr. 29, 1983, as amended at 51 FR 12265, Apr. 9, 1986; 55 FR 50150, Dec. 4, 1990; 57 FR 28776, June 26, 1992; 58 FR 58955, Nov. 5, 1993; 61 FR 40716, Aug. 5, 1996; 65 FR 69693, Nov. 20, 2000; 73 FR 77511, Dec. 19, 2008; 81 FR 43450, July 1, 2016; 82 FR 2225, 2226, Jan. 9, 2017; 83 FR 12, Jan 2, 2018; 84 FR 218, Jan. 23, 2019; 87 FR 2334, Jan. 14, 2022; 88 FR 2215, Jan. 13, 2023; 88 FR 57734, Aug. 23, 2023; 89 FR 1815, Jan. 11, 2024]

§ 5.6 Enforcement.

(a) Agency responsibilities.

(1)

- (i) The Federal agency has the initial responsibility to ascertain whether the clauses required by § 5.5 and the appropriate wage determination(s) have been incorporated into the contracts subject to the labor standards provisions of the laws referenced by § 5.1. Additionally, a Federal agency that provides Federal financial assistance that is subject to the labor standards provisions of the Act must promulgate the necessary regulations or procedures to require the recipient or sub-recipient of the Federal assistance to insert in its contracts the provisions of § 5.5. No payment, advance, grant, loan, or guarantee of funds will be approved by the Federal agency unless it ensures that the clauses required by § 5.5 and the appropriate wage determination(s) are incorporated into such contracts. Furthermore, no payment, advance, grant, loan, or guarantee of funds will be approved by the Federal agency after the beginning of construction unless there is on file with the Federal agency a certification by the contractor that the contractor and its subcontractors have complied with the provisions of § 5.5 or unless there is on file with the Federal agency a certification by the contractor that there is a substantial dispute with respect to the required provisions.
- (ii) If a contract subject to the labor standards provisions of the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1 is entered into without the incorporation of the clauses required by § 5.5, the agency must, upon the request of the Administrator or upon its own initiative, either terminate and resolicit the contract with the required contract clauses, or incorporate the required clauses into the contract (or ensure they are so incorporated) through supplemental agreement, change order, or any and all authority that may be needed. Where an agency has not entered directly into such a contract but instead has provided Federal financial assistance, the agency must ensure that the recipient or sub-recipient of the Federal assistance similarly incorporates the clauses required into its contracts. The method of incorporation of the correct wage determination, and adjustment in contract price, where appropriate, should be in accordance with applicable law. Additionally, the following requirements apply:
 - (A) Unless the Administrator directs otherwise, the incorporation of the clauses required by § 5.5 must be retroactive to the date of contract award or start of construction if there is no award.
 - (B) If this incorporation occurs as the result of a request from the Administrator, the incorporation must take place within 30 days of the date of that request, unless the agency has obtained an extension from the Administrator.
 - (C) The contractor must be compensated for any increases in wages resulting from incorporation of a missing contract clause.
 - (D) If the recipient refuses to incorporate the clauses as required, the agency must make no further payment, advance, grant, loan, or guarantee of funds in connection with the contract until the recipient incorporates the required clauses into its contract, and must promptly refer the dispute to the Administrator for further proceedings under § 5.13.

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	(E) Before terminating a contract pursuant to this section, the agency must withhold or cross-withhold sufficient funds to remedy any back wage liability resulting from the failure to incorporate the correct wage determination or otherwise identify and obligate sufficient funds through a termination settlement agreement, bond, or other satisfactory mechanism.
(2)	(F) Notwithstanding the requirement to incorporate the contract clauses and correct wage determination within 30 days, the contract clauses and correct wage determination will be effective by operation of law, retroactive to the beginning of construction, in accordance with § 5.5(e).
	(i) Certified payrolls submitted pursuant to § 5.5(a)(3)(ii) must be preserved by the Federal agency for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed, and must be produced at the request of the Department of Labor at any time during the 3-year period, regardless of whether the Department of Labor has initiated an investigation or other compliance
	action. (ii) In situations where the Federal agency does not itself maintain certified payrolls required to be submitted pursuant to § 5.5(a) (3)(ii), upon the request of the Department of Labor the Federal agency must ensure that such certified payrolls are provided to the Department of Labor. Such certified payrolls may be provided by the applicant, sponsor, owner, or other entity, as the case may be, directly to the Department of Labor, or to the Federal agency which, in turn, must provide those records to the Department of Labor.
(3)	The Federal agency will cause such investigations to be made as may be necessary to assure compliance with the labor standards clauses required by § 5.5 and the applicable statutes referenced in § 5.1. Investigations will be made of all contracts with such frequency as may be necessary to assure compliance. Such investigations will include interviews with workers, which must be taken in confidence, and examinations of certified payrolls, regular payrolls, and other basic records required to be maintained under § 5.5(a)(3). In making such examinations, particular care must be taken to determine the correctness of classification(s) of work actually performed, and to determine whether there is a disproportionate amount of work by laborers and of apprentices registered in approved programs. Such investigations must also include evidence of fringe benefit plans and payments thereunder. Federal agencies must give priority to complaints of alleged violations.
	In accordance with normal operating procedures, the contracting agency may be furnished various investigatory material from the investigation files of the Department of Labor. None of the material, other than computations of back wages, liquidated damages, and monetary relief for violations of § 5.5(a)(11) or (b)(5), and the summary of back wages due, may be disclosed in any manner to anyone other than Federal officials charged with administering the contract or program providing Federal assistance to the contract, without requesting the permission and views of the Department of Labor. **Texture to f Labor investigations and other compliance actions.**
(1)	The Administrator will investigate and conduct other compliance actions as deemed necessary in order to obtain compliance with the labor standards provisions of the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1, or to affirm or reject the recommendations by the Agency Head with respect to labor standards matters arising under the statutes referenced by § 5.1.
(2)	Federal agencies, contractors, subcontractors, sponsors, applicants, owners, or other entities, as the case may be, must cooperate with any authorized representative of the Department of Labor in the inspection of records, in interviews with workers, and in all other aspects of the investigations or other compliance actions.
(3)	The findings of such an investigation or other compliance action, including amounts found due, may not be altered or reduced without the approval of the Department of Labor.

(4) Where the underpayments disclosed by such an investigation or other compliance action total \$1,000 or more, where there is reason to believe that the contractor or subcontractor has disregarded its obligations to workers or subcontractors, or where liquidated damages may be assessed under CWHSSA, the Department of Labor will furnish the Federal agency an enforcement report detailing the labor standards violations disclosed by the investigation or other compliance action and any action taken by the contractor or subcontractor to correct the violations, including any payment of back wages or any other relief provided workers or remedial actions taken for violations of § 5.5(a)(11) or (b)(5). In other circumstances, the Department of Labor will furnish the Federal agency a notification summarizing the findings of the investigation or other compliance action.

(c) Confidentiality requirements. It is the policy of the Department of Labor to protect from disclosure the identity of its confidential sources and to prevent an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy. Accordingly, the identity of a worker or other informant who makes a written or oral statement as a complaint or in the course of an investigation or other compliance action, as well as portions of the statement which would tend to reveal the identity of the informant, will not be disclosed in any manner to anyone other than Federal officials without the prior consent of the informant. Disclosure of such statements is also governed by the provisions of the "Freedom of Information Act" (5 U.S.C. 552, see part 70 of this subtitle) and the "Privacy Act of 1974" (5 U.S.C. 552a, see part 71 of this subtitle).

[88 FR 57739, Aug. 23, 2023]

• § 5.7 Reports to the Secretary of Labor.

(a) Enforcement reports.

- (1) Where underpayments by a contractor or subcontractor total less than \$1,000, where there is no reason to believe that the contractor or subcontractor has disregarded its obligations to workers or subcontractors, and where restitution has been effected and future compliance assured, the Federal agency need not submit its investigative findings and recommendations to the Administrator, unless the investigation or other compliance action was made at the request of the Department of Labor. In the latter case, the Federal agency will submit a factual summary report detailing any violations including any data on the amount of restitution paid, the number of workers who received restitution, liquidated damages assessed under the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, corrective measures taken (such as "letters of notice" or remedial action taken for violations of § 5.5(a)(11) or (b)(5)), and any information that may be necessary to review any recommendations for an appropriate adjustment in liquidated damages under § 5.8.
- (2) Where underpayments by a contractor or subcontractor total \$1,000 or more, or where there is reason to believe that the contractor or subcontractor has disregarded its obligations to workers or subcontractors, the Federal agency will furnish within 60 days after completion of its investigation, a detailed enforcement report to the Administrator.
- (b) Semi-annual enforcement reports. To assist the Secretary in fulfilling the responsibilities under Reorganization Plan No. 14 of 1950, Federal agencies shall furnish to the Administrator by April 30 and October 31 of each calendar year semi-annual reports on compliance with and enforcement of the labor standards provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act and its related acts covering the periods of October 1 through March 31 and April 1 through September 30, respectively. Such reports shall be prepared in the manner prescribed in memoranda issued to Federal agencies by the Administrator. This report has been cleared in accordance with FPMR 101-11.11 and assigned interagency report control number 1482-DOL-SA.
- (c) Additional information. Upon request, the Agency Head shall transmit to the Administrator such information available to the Agency with respect to contractors and subcontractors, their contracts, and the nature of the contract work as the Administrator may find necessary for the performance of his or her duties with respect to the labor standards provisions referred to in this part.
- (d) Contract termination. Where a contract is terminated by reason of violations of the labor standards provisions of the statutes listed in § 5.1, a report shall be submitted promptly to the Administrator and to the Comptroller General (if the contract is subject to the Davis-Bacon Act), giving the name and address of the contractor or subcontractor whose right to proceed has been terminated, and the name and address of the contractor or subcontractor, if any, who is to complete the work, the amount and number of the contract, and the description of the work to be performed.

[48 FR 19540, Apr. 29, 1983, as amended at 88 FR 57734, Aug. 23, 2023]

• § 5.8 Liquidated damages under the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act.

- (a) The Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act requires that laborers or mechanics shall be paid wages at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in any workweek. In the event of violation of this provision, the contractor and any subcontractor shall be liable for the unpaid wages and in addition for liquidated damages, computed with respect to each laborer or mechanic employed in violation of the Act in the amount of \$32 for each calendar day in the workweek on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of forty hours without payment of required overtime wages. Any contractor of subcontractor aggrieved by the withholding of liquidated damages shall have the right to appeal to the head of the agency of the United States (or the territory of District of Columbia, as appropriate) for which the contract work was performed or for which financial assistance was provided.
- (b) Findings and recommendations of the Agency Head. The Agency Head has the authority to review the administrative determination of liquidated damages and to issue a final order affirming the determination. It is not necessary to seek the concurrence of the Administrator but the Administrator shall be advised of the action taken. Whenever the Agency Head finds that a sum of liquidated damages administratively determined to be due is incorrect or that the contractor or subcontractor violated inadvertently the provisions of the Act notwithstanding the exercise of due care upon the part of the contractor or subcontractor involved, and the amount of the liquidated damages computed for the contract is in excess of \$500, the Agency Head may make recommendations to the Secretary that an appropriate adjustment in liquidated damages be made or that the contractor or subcontractor be relieved of liability for such liquidated damages. Such findings with respect to liquidated damages shall include findings with respect to any wage underpayments for which the liquidated damages are determined.
- (c) The recommendations of the Agency Head for adjustment or relief from liquidated damages under paragraph (a) of this section shall be reviewed by the Administrator or an authorized representative who shall issue an order concurring in the recommendations, partially concurring in the recommendations, or rejecting the recommendations, and the reasons therefor. The order shall be the final decision of the Department of Labor, unless a petition for review is filed pursuant to part 7 of this title, and the Administrative Review Board in its discretion reviews such decision and order; or, with respect to contracts subject to the Service Contract Act, unless petition for review is filed pursuant to part 8 of this title, and the Administrative Review Board in its discretion reviews such decision and order.
- (d) Whenever the Agency Head finds that a sum of liquidated damages administratively determined to be due under section 104(a) of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act for a contract is \$500 or less and the Agency Head finds that the sum of liquidated damages is incorrect or that the contractor or subcontractor violated inadvertently the provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act notwithstanding the exercise of due care upon the part of the contractor or subcontractor involved, an appropriate adjustment may be made in such liquidated damages or the contractor or subcontractor may be relieved of liability for such liquidated damages without submitting recommendations to this effect or a report to the Department of Labor. This delegation of authority is made under section 105 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act and has been found to be necessary and proper in the public interest to prevent undue hardship and to avoid serious impairment of the conduct of Government business.

[48 FR 19541, Apr. 29, 1983, as amended at 51 FR 12265, Apr. 9, 1986; 51 FR 13496, Apr. 21, 1986; 81 FR 43450, July 1, 2016; 83 FR 12, Jan. 2, 2018; 84 FR 218, Jan. 23, 2019; 87 FR 2334, Jan. 14, 2022; 88 FR 2215, Jan. 13, 2023; 89 FR 1815, Jan. 11, 2024]

§ 5.9 Suspension of funds.

- (a) Suspension and withholding. In the event of failure or refusal of the contractor or any subcontractor to comply with the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1 and the labor standards clauses contained in § 5.5, whether incorporated into the contract physically, by reference, or by operation of law, the Federal agency (and any other agency), may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of the payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such time as the violations are discontinued and/or until sufficient funds are withheld as may be considered necessary to compensate workers for the full amount of wages and monetary relief to which they are entitled, and to cover any liquidated damages and pre-judgment or post-judgment interest which may be due.
- (b) Cross-withholding. To satisfy a contractor's liability for back wages on a contract, in addition to the suspension and withholding of funds from the contract(s) under which the violation(s) occurred, the necessary funds also may be withheld under any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards and/or the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency.
- (c) Cross-withholding from different legal entities. Cross-withholding of funds may be requested from contracts held by other entities that may be considered to be the same prime contractor as that term is defined in § 5.2. Such cross-withholding is appropriate where the separate legal entities have independently consented to it by entering into contracts containing the withholding provisions at § 5.5(a)(2) and (b)(3). Cross-withholding from a contract held by a different legal entity is not appropriate unless the withholding provisions were incorporated in full or by reference in that different legal entity's contract. Absent exceptional circumstances, cross-withholding is not permitted from a contract held by a different legal entity where the Davis-Bacon labor standards were incorporated only by operation of law into that contract.

[88 FR 57740, Aug. 23, 2023]

§ 5.10 Restitution, criminal action.

- (a) In cases other than those forwarded to the Attorney General of the United States under paragraph (b) of this section where violations of the labor standards clauses contained in § 5.5 and the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1 result in underpayment of wages to workers or monetary damages caused by violations of § 5.5(a)(11) or (b)(5), the Federal agency or an authorized representative of the Department of Labor will request that restitution be made to such workers or on their behalf to plans, funds, or programs for any type of bona fide fringe benefits within the meaning of 40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B), including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss. Interest on any back wages or monetary relief provided for in this part will be calculated using the percentage established for the underpayment of taxes under 26 U.S.C. 6621 and will be compounded daily.
- (b) In cases where the Agency Head or the Administrator finds substantial evidence that such violations are willful and in violation of a criminal statute, the matter will be forwarded to the Attorney General of the United States for prosecution if the facts warrant. In all such cases the Administrator will be informed simultaneously of the action taken.

[88 FR 57741, Aug. 23, 2023]

§ 5.11 Disputes concerning payment of wages.

(a) This section sets forth the procedure for resolution of disputes of fact or law concerning payment of prevailing wage rates, overtime pay, proper classification, or monetary relief for violations of § 5.5(a)(11) or (b)(5). The procedures in this section may be initiated upon the Administrator's own motion, upon referral of the dispute by a Federal agency pursuant to § 5.5(a)(9), or upon request of the contractor or subcontractor.

(b)

- (1) In the event of a dispute described in paragraph (a) of this section in which it appears that relevant facts are at issue, the

 Administrator will notify the affected contractor and subcontractor, if any, by registered or certified mail to the last known address or
 by any other means normally assuring delivery, of the investigation findings. If the Administrator determines that there is reasonable
 cause to believe that either the contractor, the subcontractor, or both, should also be subject to debarment under the Davis-Bacon
 Act or any of the other applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1, the notification will so indicate.
- (2) A contractor or subcontractor desiring a hearing concerning the Administrator's investigation findings must request such a hearing by letter or by any other means normally assuring delivery, sent within 30 days of the date of the Administrator's notification. The request must set forth those findings which are in dispute and the reasons therefor, including any affirmative defenses.
- (3) Upon receipt of a timely request for a hearing, the Administrator will refer the case to the Chief Administrative Law Judge by Order of Reference, with an attached copy of the notification from the Administrator and the response of the contractor or subcontractor, for designation of an Administrative Law Judge to conduct such hearings as may be necessary to resolve the disputed matters. The hearings will be conducted in accordance with the procedures set forth in part 6 of this subtitle.

(c)

(1) In the event of a dispute described in paragraph (a) of this section in which it appears that there are no relevant facts at issue, and where there is not at that time reasonable cause to institute debarment proceedings under § 5.12, the Administrator will notify the contractor and subcontractor, if any, by registered or certified mail to the last known address or by any other means normally assuring delivery, of the investigation findings, and will issue a ruling on any issues of law known to be in dispute.

(2)

- (i) If the contractor or subcontractor disagrees with the factual findings of the Administrator or believes that there are relevant facts in dispute, the contractor or subcontractor must advise the Administrator by letter or by any other means normally assuring delivery, sent within 30 days of the date of the Administrator's notification. In the response, the contractor or subcontractor must explain in detail the facts alleged to be in dispute and attach any supporting documentation.
- (ii) Upon receipt of a response under paragraph (c)(2)(i) of this section alleging the existence of a factual dispute, the Administrator will examine the information submitted. If the Administrator determines that there is a relevant issue of fact, the Administrator will refer the case to the Chief Administrative Law Judge in accordance with paragraph (b)(3) of this section. If the Administrator determines that there is no relevant issue of fact, the Administrator will so rule and advise the contractor and subcontractor, if any, accordingly.
- (3) If the contractor or subcontractor desires review of the ruling issued by the Administrator under paragraph (c)(1) or (2) of this section, the contractor or subcontractor must file a petition for review thereof with the Administrative Review Board within 30 days of the date of the ruling, with a copy thereof to the Administrator. The petition for review must be filed in accordance with part 7 of this subtitle.
- (d) If a timely response to the Administrator's findings or ruling is not made or a timely petition for review is not filed, the Administrator's findings or ruling will be final, except that with respect to debarment under the Davis-Bacon Act, the Administrator will advise the Comptroller General of the Administrator's recommendation in accordance with § 5.12(a)(2). If a timely response or petition for review is filed, the findings or ruling of the Administrator will be inoperative unless and until the decision is upheld by the Administrative Law Judge or the Administrative Review Board.

[88 FR 57741, Aug. 23, 2023]

§ 5.12 Debarment proceedings.

- (a) Debarment standard and ineligible list.
 - (1) Whenever any contractor or subcontractor is found by the Secretary of Labor to have disregarded their obligations to workers or subcontractors under the Davis-Bacon Act, any of the other applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1, this part, or part 3 of this subtitle, such contractor or subcontractor and their responsible officers, if any, and any firm, corporation, partnership, or association in which such contractor, subcontractor, or responsible officer has an interest will be ineligible for a period of 3 years to be awarded any contract or subcontract of the United States or the District of Columbia and any contract or subcontract subject to the labor standards provisions of any of the statutes referenced by § 5.1.
 - (2) In cases arising under contracts covered by the Davis-Bacon Act, the Administrator will transmit to the Comptroller General the name(s) of the contractors or subcontractors and their responsible officers, if any, and any firms, corporations, partnerships, or associations in which the contractors, subcontractors, or responsible officers are known to have an interest, who have been found to have disregarded their obligations to workers or subcontractors, and the recommendation of the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative regarding debarment. In cases arising under contracts covered by any of the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1 other than the Davis-Bacon Act, the Administrator determines the name(s) of the contractors or subcontractors and their responsible officers, if any, and any firms, corporations, partnerships, or associations in which the contractors, subcontractors, or responsible officers are known to have an interest, to be debarred. The names of such ineligible persons or firms will be published on SAM or its successor website, and an ineligible person or firm will be ineligible for a period of 3 years from the date of publication of their name on the ineligible list, to be awarded any contract or subcontract of the United States or the District of Columbia and any contract or subcontract subject to the labor standards provisions of any of the statutes referenced by § 5.1.

(b) Procedure.

- (1) In addition to cases under which debarment action is initiated pursuant to § 5.11, whenever as a result of an investigation conducted by the Federal agency or the Department of Labor, and where the Administrator finds reasonable cause to believe that a contractor or subcontractor has committed violations which constitute a disregard of its obligations to workers or subcontractors under the Davis-Bacon Act, the labor standards provisions of any of the other applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1, this part, or part 3 of this subtitle, the Administrator will notify by registered or certified mail to the last known address or by any other means normally assuring delivery, the contractor or subcontractor and responsible officers, if any, and any firms, corporations, partnerships, or associations in which the contractors, subcontractors, or responsible officers are known to have an interest of the finding.
 - (i) The Administrator will afford such contractor, subcontractor, responsible officer, and any other parties notified an opportunity for a hearing as to whether debarment action should be taken under paragraph (a) of this section. The Administrator will furnish to those notified a summary of the investigative findings.

- (ii) If the contractor, subcontractor, responsible officer, or any other parties notified wish to request a hearing as to whether debarment action should be taken, such a request must be made by letter or by any other means normally assuring delivery, sent within 30 days of the date of the notification from the Administrator, and must set forth any findings which are in dispute and the basis for such disputed findings, including any affirmative defenses to be raised.
- (iii) Upon timely receipt of such request for a hearing, the Administrator will refer the case to the Chief Administrative Law Judge by Order of Reference, with an attached copy of the notification from the Administrator and the responses of the contractor, subcontractor, responsible officers, or any other parties notified, for designation of an Administrative Law Judge to conduct such hearings as may be necessary to determine the matters in dispute.
- (iv) In considering debarment under any of the statutes referenced by § 5.1 other than the Davis-Bacon Act, the Administrative Law Judge will issue an order concerning whether the contractor, subcontractor, responsible officer, or any other party notified is to be debarred in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section. In considering debarment under the Davis-Bacon Act, the Administrative Law Judge will issue a recommendation as to whether the contractor, subcontractor, responsible officers, or any other party notified should be debarred under 40 U.S.C. 3144(b).
- (2) Hearings under this section will be conducted in accordance with part 6 of this subtitle. If no hearing is requested within 30 days of the date of the notification from the Administrator, the Administrator's findings will be final, except with respect to recommendations regarding debarment under the Davis-Bacon Act, as set forth in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

(c) Interests of debarred parties.

(1) A finding as to whether persons or firms whose names appear on the ineligible list have an interest under 40 U.S.C. 3144(b) or paragraph (a) of this section in any other firm, corporation, partnership, or association, may be made through investigation, hearing, or otherwise.

(2)

- (i) The Administrator, on their own motion or after receipt of a request for a determination pursuant to paragraph (c)(3) of this section, may make a finding on the issue of interest.
- (ii) If the Administrator determines that there may be an interest but finds that there is insufficient evidence to render a final ruling thereon, the Administrator may refer the issue to the Chief Administrative Law Judge in accordance with paragraph (c)(4) of this section.
- (iii) If the Administrator finds that no interest exists, or that there is not sufficient information to warrant the initiation of an investigation, the requesting party, if any, will be so notified and no further action taken.

(iv)

- (A) If the Administrator finds that an interest exists, the person or firm affected will be notified of the Administrator's finding (by certified mail to the last known address or by any other means normally assuring delivery), which will include the reasons therefore, and such person or firm will be afforded an opportunity to request that a hearing be held to decide the issue.
- (B) Such person or firm will have 20 days from the date of the Administrator's ruling to request a hearing. A person or firm desiring a hearing must request it by letter or by any other means normally assuring delivery, sent within 20 days of the date of the Administrator's notification. A detailed statement of the reasons why the Administrator's ruling is in error, including facts alleged to be in dispute, if any, must be submitted with the request for a hearing.
- (C) If no hearing is requested within the time mentioned in paragraph (c)(2)(iv)(B) of this section, the Administrator's finding will be final and the Administrator will notify the Comptroller General in cases arising under the DBA. If a hearing is requested, the ruling of the Administrator will be inoperative unless and until the Administrative Law Judge or the Administrative Review Board issues an order that there is an interest.

(3)

- (i) A request for a determination of interest may be made by any interested party, including contractors or prospective contractors and associations of contractors, representatives of workers, and interested agencies. Such a request must be submitted in writing to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20210.
- (ii) The request must include a statement setting forth in detail why the petitioner believes that a person or firm whose name appears on the ineligible list has an interest in any firm, corporation, partnership, or association that is seeking or has been awarded a contract or subcontract of the United States or the District of Columbia, or a contract or subcontract that is subject to the labor standards provisions of any of the statutes referenced by § 5.1. No particular form is prescribed for the submission of a request under this section.
- (4) The Administrator, on their own motion under paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section or upon a request for hearing where the Administrator determines that relevant facts are in dispute, will by order refer the issue to the Chief Administrative Law Judge, for designation of an Administrative Law Judge who will conduct such hearings as may be necessary to render a decision solely on the issue of interest. Such proceedings must be conducted in accordance with the procedures set forth in part 6 of this subtitle.

(5) If the person or firm affected requests a hearing and the Administrator determines that relevant facts are not in dispute, the Administrator will refer the issue and the record compiled thereon to the Administrative Review Board to render a decision solely on the issue of interest. Such proceeding must be conducted in accordance with the procedures set forth in part 7 of this subtitle.

[88 FR 57741, Aug. 23, 2023]

§ 5.13 Rulings and interpretations.

- (a) All questions relating to the application and interpretation of wage determinations (including the classifications therein) issued pursuant to part 1 of this subtitle, of the rules contained in this part and in parts 1 and 3 of this subtitle, and of the labor standards provisions of any of the laws referenced in § 5.1 must be referred to the Administrator for appropriate ruling or interpretation. These rulings and interpretations are authoritative and those under the Davis-Bacon Act may be relied upon as provided for in section 10 of the Portal-to-Portal Act of 1947 (29 U.S.C. 259). Requests for such rulings and interpretations should be submitted via email to dgceinquiries@dol.gov; by mail to Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20210; or through other means directed by the Administrator.
- (b) If any such ruling or interpretation is made by an authorized representative of the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, any interested party may seek reconsideration of the ruling or interpretation by the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division. The procedures and time limits set out in § 1.8 of this subtitle apply to any such request for reconsideration.

[88 FR 57743, Aug. 23, 2023]

§ 5.14 Variations, tolerances, and exemptions from parts 1 and 3 of this subtitle and this part.

The Secretary of Labor may make variations, tolerances, and exemptions from the regulatory requirements of this part and those of parts 1 and 3 of this subtitle whenever the Secretary finds that such action is necessary and proper in the public interest or to prevent injustice and undue hardship. Variations, tolerances, and exemptions may not be made from the statutory requirements of any of the statutes listed in § 5.1 unless the statute specifically provides such authority.

§ 5.15 Limitations, variations, tolerances, and exemptions under the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act.

- (a) General. Upon his or her own initiative or upon the request of any Federal agency, the Secretary of Labor may provide under section 105 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act reasonable limitations and allow variations, tolerances, and exemptions to and from any or all provisions of that Act whenever the Secretary finds such action to be necessary and proper in the public interest to prevent injustice, or undue hardship, or to avoid serious impairment of the conduct of Government business. Any request for such action by the Secretary shall be submitted in writing, and shall set forth the reasons for which the request is made.
- (b) **Exemptions**. Pursuant to section 105 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, the following classes of contracts are found exempt from all provisions of that Act in order to prevent injustice, undue hardship, or serious impairment of Government business:
 - (1) Contract work performed in a workplace within a foreign country or within territory under the jurisdiction of the United States other than the following: A State of the United States; the District of Columbia; Puerto Rico; the Virgin Islands; Outer Continental Shelf lands defined in the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (ch. 345, 67 Stat. 462); American Samoa; Guam; Wake Island; Eniwetok Atoll; Kwajalein Atoll; and Johnston Island.
 - (2) Agreements entered into by or on behalf of the Commodity Credit Corporation providing for the storing in or handling by commercial warehouses of wheat, corn, oats, barley, rye, grain sorghums, soybeans, flaxseed, rice, naval stores, tobacco, peanuts, dry beans, seeds, cotton, and wool.
 - (3) Sales of surplus power by the Tennessee Valley Authority to States, counties, municipalities, cooperative organization of citizens or farmers, corporations and other individuals pursuant to section 10 of the Tennessee Valley Authority Act of 1933 (16 U.S.C. 8311).

(c) Tolerances.

- (1) The "basic rate of pay" under section 102 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act may be computed as an hourly equivalent to the rate on which time-and-one-half overtime compensation may be computed and paid under section 7 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (29 U.S.C. 207), as interpreted in part 778 of this title. This tolerance is found to be necessary and proper in the public interest in order to prevent undue hardship.
- (2) Concerning the tolerance provided in paragraph (c)(1) of this section, the provisions of section 7(d)(2) of the Fair Labor Standards Act and § 778.7 of this title should be noted. Under these provisions, payments for occasional periods when no work is performed, due to vacations, and similar causes are excludable from the "regular rate" under the Fair Labor Standards Act. Such payments, therefore, are also excludable from the "basic rate" under the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act.
- (3) See § 5.8(c) providing a tolerance subdelegating authority to the heads of agencies to make appropriate adjustments in the assessment of liquidated damages totaling \$500 or less under specified circumstances.

(4)

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, o , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(i) Time spent in an organized program of related, supplemental instruction by laborers or mechanics employed under bona fide apprenticeship programs may be excluded from working time if the criteria prescribed in paragraphs (c)(4)(ii) and (iii) of this section are met.
	(ii) The apprentice comes within the definition contained in § 5.2.
(d) Vari	(iii) The time in question does not involve productive work or performance of the apprentice's regular duties. iations.
(1)	In the event of failure or refusal of the contractor or any subcontractor to comply with overtime pay requirements of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, if the funds withheld by Federal agencies for the violations are not sufficient to pay fully the unpaid wages and any back pay or other monetary relief due laborers and mechanics, with interest, and the liquidated damages due the United States, the available funds will be used first to compensate the laborers and mechanics for the wages to which they are entitled (or an equitable portion thereof when the funds are not adequate for this purpose); and the balance, if any, will be used for the payment of liquidated damages.
(2)	In the performance of any contract entered into pursuant to the provisions of 38 U.S.C. 620 to provide nursing home care of
	veterans, no contractor or subcontractor under such contract shall be deemed in violation of section 102 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act by virtue of failure to pay the overtime wages required by such section for work in excess of 40 hours in the workweek to any individual employed by an establishment which is an institution primarily engaged in the care of the sick, the aged, or the mentally ill or defective who reside on the premises if, pursuant to an agreement or understanding arrived at between the employer and the employee before performance of the work, a work period of 14 consecutive days is accepted in lieu of the workweek of 7 consecutive days for the purpose of overtime compensation and if such individual receives compensation for employment in excess of 8 hours in any workday and in excess of 80 hours in such 14-day period at a rate not less than 1½ times the regular rate at which the individual is employed, computed in accordance with the requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended.
(3)	Any contractor or subcontractor performing on a government contract the principal purpose of which is the furnishing of fire fighting
	or suppression and related services, shall not be deemed to be in violation of section 102 of the Contract Work Hour and Safety Standards Act for failing to pay the overtime compensation required by section 102 of the Act in accordance with the basic rate of pay as defined in paragraph (c)(1) of this section, to any pilot or copilot of a fixed-wing or rotary-wing aircraft employed on such contract if:
	(i) Pursuant to a written employment agreement between the contractor and the employee which is arrived at before performance of the work.
	(A) The employee receives gross wages of not less than \$300 per week regardless of the total number of hours worked in any workweek, and
	(B) Within any workweek the total wages which an employee receives are not less than the wages to which the employee would have been entitled in that workweek if the employee were paid the minimum hourly wage required under the contract pursuant to the provisions of the Service Contract Act of 1965 and any applicable wage determination issued thereunder for all hours worked, plus an additional premium payment of one-half times such minimum hourly wage for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in the workweek;
	(ii) The contractor maintains accurate records of the total daily and weekly hours of work performed by such employee on the government contract. In the event these conditions for the exemption are not met, the requirements of section 102 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act shall be applicable to the contract from the date the contractor or subcontractor fails to satisfy the conditions until completion of the contract.
1235-0023 an	d recordkeeping requirements in paragraph (d)(2) have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control numbers d 1235-0018. Reporting and recordkeeping requirements in paragraph (d)(3)(ii) have been approved by the Office of Management and control number 1235-0018)
[48 FR 19541, 2023]	Apr. 29, 1983, as amended at 51 FR 12265, Apr. 9, 1986; 61 FR 40716, Aug. 5, 1996; 82 FR 2226, Jan. 9, 2017; 88 FR 57743, Aug. 23,
⊚ § 5.16 [Rese	erved]
⊚ § 5.17 [Rese	rved]
	edies for retaliation.
	ninistrator request to remedy violation. When the Administrator finds that any person has discriminated in any way against any worker
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a) Administrator request to remedy violation. When the Administrator finds that any person has discriminated in any way against any worker or job applicant in violation of § 5.5(a)(11) or (b)(5), or caused any person to discriminate in any way against any worker or job applicant in violation of § 5.5(a)(11) or (b)(5), the Administrator will notify the person, any contractors for whom the person worked or on whose behalf the person acted, and any upper tier contractors, as well as the relevant contracting agency(ies) of the discrimination and request that the person and any contractors for whom the person worked or on whose behalf the person acted remedy the violation.

- (b) Administrator directive to remedy violation and provide make-whole relief. If the person and any contractors for whom the person worked or on whose behalf the person acted do not remedy the violation, the Administrator in the notification of violation findings issued under § 5.11 or § 5.12 will direct the person and any contractors for whom the person worked or on whose behalf the person acted to provide appropriate make-whole relief to affected worker(s) and job applicant(s) or take appropriate remedial action, or both, to correct the violation, and will specify the particular relief and remedial actions to be taken.
- (c) Examples of available make-whole relief and remedial actions. Such relief and remedial actions may include, but are not limited to, employment, reinstatement, front pay in lieu of reinstatement, and promotion, together with back pay and interest; compensatory damages; restoration of the terms, conditions, and privileges of the worker's employment or former employment; the expungement of warnings, reprimands, or derogatory references; the provision of a neutral employment reference; and the posting of a notice to workers that the contractor or subcontractor agrees to comply with the Davis-Bacon Act and Related Acts anti-retaliation requirements.

[88 FR 57743, Aug. 23, 2023]

Subpart B—Interpretation of the Fringe Benefits Provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act

Source: 29 FR 13465, Sept. 30, 1964, unless otherwise noted.

• § 5.20 Scope and significance of this subpart.

The 1964 amendments (Pub. L. 88-349) to the Davis-Bacon Act require, among other things, that the prevailing wage determined for Federal and federally assisted construction include the basic hourly rate of pay and the amount contributed by the contractor or subcontractor for certain fringe benefits (or the cost to them of such benefits). The purpose of this subpart is to explain the provisions of these amendments and make available in one place official interpretations of the fringe benefits provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act. These interpretations will guide the Department of Labor in carrying out its responsibilities under these provisions. These interpretations are intended also to provide guidance to contractors and their associations; laborers and mechanics and their organizations; and local, State, and Federal agencies. The interpretations contained in this subpart are authoritative and may be relied upon as provided for in section 10 of the Portal-to-Portal Act of 1947 (29 U.S.C. 259). The omission to discuss a particular problem in this subpart or in interpretations supplementing it should not be taken to indicate the adoption of any position by the Secretary of Labor with respect to such problem or to constitute an administrative interpretation, practice, or enforcement policy. Questions on matters not fully covered by this subpart may be referred to the Secretary for interpretation as provided in § 5.13.

[88 FR 57743, Aug. 23, 2023]

§ 5.21 [Reserved]

§ 5.22 Effect of the Davis-Bacon fringe benefits provisions.

The Davis-Bacon Act and the prevailing wage provisions of the statutes referenced in § 1.1 of this subtitle confer upon the Secretary of Labor the authority to predetermine, as minimum wages, those wage rates found to be prevailing for corresponding classes of laborers and mechanics employed on projects of a character similar to the contract work in the area in which the work is to be performed. See the definitions of the terms "prevailing wage" and "area" in § 1.2 of this subtitle. The fringe benefits amendments enlarge the scope of this authority by including certain bona fide fringe benefits within the meaning of the terms "wages", "scale of wages", "wage rates", "minimum wages", and "prevailing wages", as used in the Davis-Bacon Act.

[88 FR 57744, Aug. 23, 2023]

§ 5.23 The statutory provisions.

Pursuant to the Davis-Bacon Act, as amended and codified at 40 U.S.C. 3141(2), the term "prevailing wages" and similar terms include the basic hourly rate of pay and, for the listed fringe benefits and other bona fide fringe benefits not required by other law, the contributions irrevocably made by a contractor or subcontractor to a trustee or third party pursuant to a bona fide fringe benefit fund, plan, or program, and the costs to the contractor or subcontractor that may be reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits pursuant to an enforceable commitment to carry out a financially responsible plan or program, which was communicated in writing to the affected laborers and mechanics. Section 5.29 discusses specific fringe benefits that may be considered to be bona fide.

[88 FR 57744, Aug. 23, 2023]

§ 5.24 The basic hourly rate of pay.

"The basic hourly rate of pay" is that part of a laborer's or mechanic's wages which the Secretary of Labor would have found and included in wage determinations prior to the 1964 amendments. The Secretary of Labor is required to continue to make a separate finding of this portion of the wage. In general, this portion of the wage is the cash payment made directly to the laborer or mechanic. It does not include fringe benefits.

• § 5.25 Rate of contribution or cost for fringe benefits.

- (a) Under the amendments, the Secretary is obligated to make a separate finding of the rate of contribution or cost of fringe benefits. Only the amount of contributions or costs for fringe benefits which meet the requirements of the act will be considered by the Secretary. These requirements are discussed in this subpart.
- (b) The rate of contribution or cost is ordinarily an hourly rate, and will be reflected in the wage determination as such. In some cases, however, the contribution or cost for certain fringe benefits may be expressed in a formula or method of payment other than an hourly rate. In such cases, the Secretary may in his discretion express in the wage determination the rate of contribution or cost used in the formula or method or may convert it to an hourly rate of pay whenever he finds that such action would facilitate the administration of the Act. See § 5.5(a)(1)(i) and (iii).
- (c) Except as provided in this section, contractors must "annualize" all contributions to fringe benefit plans (or the reasonably anticipated costs of an unfunded benefit plan) to determine the hourly equivalent for which they may take credit against their fringe benefit obligation. The "annualization" principle reflects that DBRA credit for contributions made to bona fide fringe benefit plans (or the reasonably anticipated costs of an unfunded benefit plan) is allowed based on the effective rate of contributions or costs incurred for total hours worked during the year (or a shorter time period) by a laborer or mechanic.
 - (1) Method of computation. To annualize the cost of providing a fringe benefit, a contractor must divide the total cost of the fringe benefit contribution (or the reasonably anticipated costs of an unfunded benefit plan) by the total number of hours worked on both private (non-DBRA) work and work covered by the Davis-Bacon Act and/or Davis-Bacon Related Acts (DBRA-covered work) during the time period to which the cost is attributable to determine the rate of contribution per hour. If the amount of contribution varies per worker, credit must be determined separately for the amount contributed on behalf of each worker.
 - (2) Exception requests. Contractors, plans, and other interested parties may request an exception from the annualization requirement by submitting a request to the WHD Administrator. A request for an exception may be granted only if each of the requirements of paragraph (c)(3) of this section is satisfied. Contributions to defined contribution pension plans (DCPPs) are excepted from the annualization requirement, and exception requests therefore are not required in connection with DCPPs, provided that each of the requirements of paragraph (c)(3) is satisfied and the DCPP provides for immediate participation and essentially immediate vesting (i.e., the benefit vests within the first 500 hours worked). Requests must be submitted in writing to the Division of Government Contracts Enforcement by email to DBAannualization@dol.gov or by mail to Director, Division of Government Contracts Enforcement, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Ave. NW, Room S-3502, Washington, DC 20210.
 - (3) **Exception requirements.** Contributions to a bona fide fringe benefit plan (or the reasonably anticipated costs of an unfunded benefit plan) are excepted from the annualization requirement if all of the following criteria are satisfied:
 - (i) The benefit provided is not continuous in nature. A benefit is not continuous in nature when it is not available to a participant without penalty throughout the year or other time period to which the cost of the benefit is attributable; and
 - (ii) The benefit does not compensate both private work and DBRA-covered work. A benefit does not compensate both private and DBRA-covered work if any benefits attributable to periods of private work are wholly paid for by compensation for private work.

[29 FR 13465, Sept. 30, 1964, as amended at 88 FR 57744, Aug. 23, 2023]

§ 5.26 "* * contribution irrevocably made * * * to a trustee or to a third person".

- (a) **Requirements.** The following requirements apply to any fringe benefit contributions made to a trustee or to a third person pursuant to a fund, plan, or program:
 - (1) Such contributions must be made irrevocably;
 - (2) The trustee or third person may not be affiliated with the contractor or subcontractor;
 - (3) A trustee must adhere to any fiduciary responsibilities applicable under law; and
 - (4) The trust or fund must not permit the contractor or subcontractor to recapture any of the contributions paid in or any way divert the funds to its own use or benefit.
- (b) Excess payments. Notwithstanding the above, a contractor or subcontractor may recover sums which it had paid to a trustee or third person in excess of the contributions actually called for by the plan, such as excess payments made in error or in order to cover the estimated cost of contributions at a time when the exact amount of the necessary contributions is not yet known. For example, a benefit plan may provide for definite insurance benefits for employees in the event of contingencies such as death, sickness, or accident, with the cost of such definite benefits borne by the contractor or subcontractor. In such a case, if the insurance company returns the amount that the contractor or subcontractor paid in excess of the amount required to provide the benefits, this will not be deemed a recapture or diversion by the employer of contributions made pursuant to the plan. (See Report of the Senate Committee on Labor and Public Welfare, S. Rep. No. 963, 88th Cong., 2d Sess., p. 5.)

[88 FR 57744, Aug. 23, 2023]

§ 5.27 "* * * fund, plan, or program".

The contributions for fringe benefits must be made pursuant to a fund, plan or program (sec. 1(b)(2)(A) of the act). The phrase "fund, plan, or program" is merely intended to recognize the various types of arrangements commonly used to provide fringe benefits through employer contributions. The phrase is identical with language contained in section 3(1) of the Welfare and Pension Plans Disclosure Act. In interpreting this phrase, the Secretary will be guided by the experience of the Department in administering the latter statute. (See Report of Senate Committee on Labor and Public Welfare, S. Rep. No. 963, 88th Cong., 2d Sess., p. 5.)

§ 5.28 Unfunded plans.

- (a) The costs to a contractor or subcontractor which may be reasonably anticipated in providing benefits of the types described in the Act, pursuant to an enforceable commitment to carry out a financially responsible plan or program, are considered fringe benefits within the meaning of the Act (see 40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B)(ii)). The legislative history suggests that these provisions were intended to permit the consideration of fringe benefits meeting these requirements, among others, and which are provided from the general assets of a contractor or subcontractor. (Report of the House Committee on Education and Labor, H. Rep. No. 308, 88th Cong., 1st Sess., p. 4; see also S. Rep. No. 963, p. 6.)
- (b) Such a benefit plan or program, commonly referred to as an unfunded plan, may not constitute a fringe benefit within the meaning of the Act unless:
 - (1) It could be reasonably anticipated to provide the benefits described in the Act;
 - (2) It represents a commitment that can be legally enforced;
 - (3) It is carried out under a financially responsible plan or program;
 - (4) The plan or program providing the benefits has been communicated in writing to the laborers and mechanics affected; and
 - (5) The contractor or subcontractor requests and receives approval of the plan or program from the Secretary, as described in paragraph (c) of this section.
- (c) To receive approval of an unfunded plan or program, a contractor or subcontractor must demonstrate in its request to the Secretary that the unfunded plan or program, and the benefits provided under such plan or program, are "bona fide," meet the requirements set forth in paragraphs (b)(1) through (4) of this section, and are otherwise consistent with the Act. The request must include sufficient documentation to enable the Secretary to evaluate these criteria. Contractors and subcontractors may request approval of an unfunded plan or program by submitting a written request in one of the following manners:
 - (1) By mail to the United States Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division, Director, Division of Government Contracts Enforcement, 200 Constitution Ave. NW, Room S-3502, Washington, DC 20210;
 - (2) By email to unfunded@dol.gov (or its successor email address); or
 - (3) By any other means directed by the Administrator.
- (d) Unfunded plans or programs may not be used as a means of avoiding the Act's requirements. The words "reasonably anticipated" require that any unfunded plan or program be able to withstand a test of actuarial soundness. Moreover, as in the case of other fringe benefits payable under the Act, an unfunded plan or program must be "bona fide" and not a mere simulation or sham for avoiding compliance with the Act. To prevent these provisions from being used to avoid compliance with the Act, the Secretary may direct a contractor or subcontractor to set aside in an account assets which, under sound actuarial principles, will be sufficient to meet future obligations under the plan. Such an account must be preserved for the purpose intended. (S. Rep. No. 963, p. 6.)

[88 FR 57744, Aug. 23, 2023]

§ 5.29 Specific fringe benefits.

- (a) The act lists all types of fringe benefits which the Congress considered to be common in the construction industry as a whole. These include the following: Medical or hospital care, pensions on retirement or death, compensation for injuries or illness resulting from occupational activity, or insurance to provide any of the foregoing, unemployment benefits, life insurance, disability and sickness insurance, or accident insurance, vacation and holiday pay, defrayment of costs of apprenticeship or other similar programs, or other bona fide fringe benefits, but only where the contractor or subcontractor is not required by other Federal, State, or local law to provide any of such benefits.
- (b) The legislative history indicates that it was not the intent of the Congress to impose specific standards relating to administration of fringe benefits. It was assumed that the majority of fringe benefits arrangements of this nature will be those which are administered in accordance with requirements of section 302(c)(5) of the National Labor Relations Act, as amended (S. Rep. No. 963, p. 5).
- (c) The term "other bona fide fringe benefits" is the so-called "open end" provision. This was included so that new fringe benefits may be recognized by the Secretary as they become prevailing. It was pointed out that a particular fringe benefit need not be recognized beyond a particular area in order for the Secretary to find that it is prevailing in that area. (S. Rep. No. 963, p. 6).
- (d) The legislative reports indicate that, to insure against considering and giving credit to any and all fringe benefits, some of which might be illusory or not genuine, the qualification was included that such fringe benefits must be "bona fide" (H. Rep. No. 308, p. 4; S. Rep. No. 963, p. 6). No difficulty is anticipated in determining whether a particular fringe benefit is "bona fide" in the ordinary case where the benefits are those common in the construction industry and which are established under a usual fund, plan, or program. This would be typically

the case of those fringe benefits listed in paragraph (a) of this section which are funded under a trust or insurance program. Contractors may take credit for contributions made under such conventional plans without requesting the approval of the Secretary of Labor under § 5.5(a)(1)(iv).

- (e) Where the plan is not of the conventional type described in paragraph (d) of this section, the Secretary must examine the facts and circumstances to determine whether fringe benefits under the plan are "bona fide" in accordance with requirements of the Act. This is particularly true with respect to unfunded plans discussed in § 5.28. Contractors or subcontractors seeking credit under the Act for costs incurred for such plans must request specific approval from the Secretary under § 5.5(a)(1)(iv).
- (f) The act excludes fringe benefits which a contractor or subcontractor is obligated to provide under other Federal, State, or local law. No credit may be taken under the act for the payments made for such benefits. For example, payment for workmen's compensation insurance under either a compulsory or elective State statute are not considered payments for fringe benefits under the Act. While each situation must be separately considered on its own merits, payments made for travel, subsistence or to industry promotion funds are not normally payments for fringe benefits under the Act. The omission in the Act of any express reference to these payments, which are common in the construction industry, suggests that these payments should not normally be regarded as bona fide fringe benefits under the Act.
- (g) For a contractor or subcontractor to take credit for the costs of an apprenticeship program, the following requirements must be met:
 - (1) The program, in addition to meeting all other relevant requirements for fringe benefits in this subpart, must be registered with the Department of Labor's Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship ("OA"), or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA.
 - (2) The contractor or subcontractor may only take credit for amounts reasonably related to the costs of the apprenticeship benefits actually provided to the contractor's employees, such as instruction, books, and tools or materials. It may not take credit for voluntary contributions beyond such costs. Amounts the employer is required to contribute by a collective bargaining agreement or by a bona fide apprenticeship plan will be presumed to be reasonably related to such costs in the absence of evidence to the contrary.
 - (3) Costs incurred for the apprenticeship for one classification of laborer or mechanic may not be used to offset costs incurred for another classification.
 - (4) In applying the annualization principle to compute the allowable fringe benefit credit pursuant to § 5.25, the total number of working hours of employees to which the cost of an apprenticeship program is attributable is limited to the total number of hours worked by laborers and mechanics in the apprentice's classification. For example, if a contractor enrolls an employee in an apprenticeship program for carpenters, the permissible hourly Davis-Bacon credit is determined by dividing the cost of the program by the total number of hours worked by the contractor's carpenters and carpenters' apprentices on covered and non-covered projects during the time period to which the cost is attributable, and such credit may only be applied against the contractor's prevailing wage obligations for all carpenters and carpenters' apprentices for each hour worked on the covered project.

[29 FR 13465, Sept. 30, 1964, as amended at 88 FR 57745, Aug. 23, 2023]

§ 5.30 Types of wage determinations.

- (a) When fringe benefits are prevailing for various classes of laborers and mechanics in the area of proposed construction, such benefits are includable in any Davis-Bacon wage determination. The examples contained in paragraph (c) of this section demonstrate how fringe benefits may be listed on wage determinations in such cases.
- (b) Wage determinations do not include fringe benefits for various classes of laborers and mechanics whenever such benefits do not prevail in the area of proposed construction. When this occurs, the wage determination will contain only the basic hourly rates of pay which are prevailing for the various classes of laborers and mechanics. An illustration of this situation is contained in paragraph (c) of this section.
- (c) The following illustrates examples of the situations discussed in paragraph (a) and (b) of this section:

Figure 1 to Paragraph (c)

CLASSIFICATION	RATE	FRINGES
Bricklayer	\$21.96	\$0.00
Electrician	\$47.65	3%+\$14.88
Elevator mechanic	\$48.60	\$35.825+a+b a. PAID HOLIDAYS: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veterans' Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day and the Friday after Thanksgiving. b. VACATIONS: Employer contributes 8% of basic hourly rate for 5 years or more of service; 6% of
		basic hourly rate for 6 months to 5
		years of service as vacation pay credit.
Ironworker, structural	\$32.00	\$12.01
Laborer: common or general	\$21.93	\$6.27
Operator: bulldozer	\$18.11	\$0.00
Plumber (excludes HVAC duct, pipe and unit installation)	\$38.38	\$16.67

Note 1 to paragraph (c): This format is not necessarily in the exact form in which determinations will issue; it is for illustration only.

[88 FR 57745, Aug. 23, 2023]

• § 5.31 Meeting wage determination obligations.

- (a) A contractor or subcontractor performing work subject to a Davis-Bacon wage determination may discharge their minimum wage obligations for the payment of both straight time wages and fringe benefits by paying in cash, making payments or incurring costs for "bona fide" fringe benefits of the types listed in the applicable wage determination or otherwise found prevailing by the Secretary of Labor, or by a combination thereof.
- (b) A contractor or subcontractor may discharge their obligations for the payment of the basic hourly rates and the fringe benefits where both are contained in a wage determination applicable to their laborers or mechanics in the following ways:

- By paying not less than the basic hourly rate to the laborers or mechanics and by making contributions for "bona fide" fringe benefits in a total amount not less than the total of the fringe benefits required by the wage determination. For example, the obligations for "Laborer: common or general" in § 5.30, figure 1 to paragraph (c), will be met by the payment of a straight time hourly rate of not less than \$21.93 and by contributions of not less than a total of \$6.27 an hour for "bona fide" fringe benefits; or
- (2) By paying in cash directly to laborers or mechanics for the basic hourly rate and by making an additional cash payment in lieu of the required benefits. For example, where an employer does not make payments or incur costs for fringe benefits, they would meet their obligations for "Laborer: common or general" in § 5.30, figure 1 to paragraph (c), by paying directly to the laborers a straight time hourly rate of not less than \$28.60 (\$21.93 basic hourly rate plus \$6.27 for fringe benefits); or
- (3) As stated in paragraph (a) of this section, the contractor or subcontractor may discharge their minimum wage obligations for the payment of straight time wages and fringe benefits by a combination of the methods illustrated in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section. Thus, for example, their obligations for "Laborer: common or general" may be met by an hourly rate, partly in cash and partly in payments or costs for fringe benefits which total not less than \$28.60 (\$21.93 basic hourly rate plus \$6.27 for fringe benefits).

[88 FR 57746, Aug. 23, 2023]

§ 5.32 Overtime payments.

- (a) The act excludes amounts paid by a contractor or subcontractor for fringe benefits in the computation of overtime under the Fair Labor Standards Act, the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, and the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act whenever the overtime provisions of any of these statutes apply concurrently with the Davis-Bacon Act or its related prevailing wage statutes. It is clear from the legislative history that in no event can the regular or basic rate upon which premium pay for overtime is calculated under the aforementioned Federal statutes be less than the amount determined by the Secretary of Labor as the basic hourly rate (i.e. cash rate) under section 1(b)(1) of the Davis-Bacon Act. (See S. Rep. No. 963, p. 7.) Contributions by employees are not excluded from the regular or basic rate upon which overtime is computed under these statutes; that is, an employee's regular or basic straight-time rate is computed on his earnings before any deductions are made for the employee's contributions to fringe benefits. The contractor's contributions or costs for fringe benefits may be excluded in computing such rate so long as the exclusions do not reduce the regular or basic rate below the basic hourly rate contained in the wage determination.
- (b) The legislative report notes that the phrase "contributions irrevocably made by a contractor or subcontractor to a trustee or to a third person pursuant to a fund, plan, or program" was added to the bill in Committee. This language in essence conforms to the overtime provisions of section 7(d)(4) of the Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended. The intent of the committee was to prevent any avoidance of overtime requirements under existing law. See H. Rep. No. 308, p. 5.

(c)

- (1) The act permits a contractor or subcontractor to pay a cash equivalent of any fringe benefits found prevailing by the Secretary of Labor. Such a cash equivalent would also be excludable in computing the regular or basic rate under the Federal overtime laws mentioned in paragraph (a). For example, the W construction contractor pays his laborers or mechanics \$3.50 in cash under a wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which requires a basic hourly rate of \$3 and a fringe benefit contribution of 50 cents. The contractor pays the 50 cents in cash because he made no payments and incurred no costs for fringe benefits. Overtime compensation in this case would be computed on a regular or basic rate of \$3.00 an hour. However, in some cases a question of fact may be presented in ascertaining whether or not a cash payment made to laborers or mechanics is actually in lieu of a fringe benefit or is simply part of their straight time cash wage. In the latter situation, the cash payment is not excludable in computing overtime compensation. Consider the examples set forth in paragraphs (c)(2) and (3) of this section.
- (2) The X construction contractor has for some time been paying \$3.25 an hour to a mechanic as his basic cash wage plus 50 cents an hour as a contribution to a welfare and pension plan. The Secretary of Labor determines that a basic hourly rate of \$3 an hour and a fringe benefit contribution of 50 cents are prevailing. The basic hourly rate or regular rate for overtime purposes would be \$3.25, the rate actually paid as a basic cash wage for the employee of X, rather than the \$3 rate determined as prevailing by the Secretary of Labor.
- (3) Under the same prevailing wage determination, discussed in paragraph (c)(2) of this section, the Y construction contractor who has been paying \$3 an hour as his basic cash wage on which he has been computing overtime compensation reduces the cash wage to \$2.75 an hour but computes his costs of benefits under section 1(b)(2)(B) as \$1 an hour. In this example the regular or basic hourly rate would continue to be \$3 an hour. See S. Rep. No. 963, p. 7.

§ 5.33 Administrative expenses of a contractor or subcontractor.

(a) Creditable costs. The costs incurred by a contractor's insurance carrier, third-party trust fund, or other third-party administrator that are directly related to the administration and delivery of bona fide fringe benefits to the contractor's laborers and mechanics can be credited towards the contractor's obligations under a Davis-Bacon wage determination. Thus, for example, a contractor may take credit for the premiums it pays to an insurance carrier or the contributions it makes to a third-party trust fund that both administers and delivers bona fide fringe benefits under a plan, where the insurance carrier or third-party trust fund uses those monies to pay for bona fide fringe benefits and for the administration and delivery of such benefits, including evaluating benefit claims, deciding whether they should be

paid, approving referrals to specialists, and other reasonable costs of administering the plan. Similarly, a contractor may also take credit for monies paid to a third-party administrator to perform tasks that are directly related to the administration and delivery of bona fide fringe benefits, including under an unfunded plan.

- (b) Noncreditable costs. A contractor's own administrative expenses incurred in connection with the provision of fringe benefits are considered business expenses of the firm and are therefore not creditable towards the contractor's prevailing wage obligations, including when the contractor pays a third party to perform such tasks in whole or in part. For example, a contractor may not take credit for the costs of office employees who perform tasks such as filling out medical insurance claim forms for submission to an insurance carrier, paying and tracking invoices from insurance carriers or plan administrators, updating the contractor's personnel records when workers are hired or separate from employment, sending lists of new hires and separations to insurance carriers or plan administrators, or sending out tax documents to the contractor's workers, nor can the contractor take credit for the cost of paying a third-party entity to perform these tasks. Additionally, recordkeeping costs associated with ensuring the contractor's compliance with the Davis-Bacon fringe benefit requirements, such as the cost of tracking the amount of a contractor's fringe benefit contributions or making sure contributions cover the fringe benefit amount claimed, are considered a contractor's own administrative expenses and are not considered directly related to the administration and delivery of bona fide fringe benefits. Thus, such costs are not creditable whether the contractor performs those tasks itself or whether it pays a third party a fee to perform those tasks.
- (c) Questions regarding administrative expenses. Any questions regarding whether a particular cost or expense is creditable towards a contractor's prevailing wage obligations should be referred to the Administrator for resolution prior to any such credit being claimed.

[88 FR 57747, Aug. 23, 2023]

Subpart C—Severability

Source: 88 FR 57747, Aug. 23, 2023, unless otherwise noted.

§ 5.40 Severability.

The provisions of this part are separate and severable and operate independently from one another. If any provision of this part is held to be invalid or unenforceable by its terms, or as applied to any person or circumstance, or stayed pending further agency action, the provision is to be construed so as to continue to give the maximum effect to the provision permitted by law, unless such holding is one of utter invalidity or unenforceability, in which event the provision is severable from this part and will not affect the remaining provisions.

"General Decision Number: AZ20240039 09/06/2024

Superseded General Decision Number: AZ20230039

State: Arizona

Construction Type: Building

County: Maricopa County in Arizona.

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (does not include single family homes or apartments up to and including 4 stories).

Note: Modification 6, dated 8/30/2024, was not published and was listed in error; please use Mod 5 or Mod 7 as appropriate.

Note: Contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act are generally required to pay at least the applicable minimum wage rate required under Executive Order 14026 or Executive Order 13658. Please note that these Executive Orders apply to covered contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but do not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those set forth at 29 CFR 5.1(a)(1).

If the contract is entered into on or after January 30, 2022, or the contract is renewed or extended (e.g., an | igoplus The contractor must pay option is exercised) on or after January 30, 2022:

- ♠ Executive Order 14026 generally applies to the contract.
- all covered workers at least \$17.20 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract in 2024.

If the contract was awarded on **A** Executive Order 13658 or between January 1, 2015 and January 29, 2022, and the contract is not renewed or extended on or after January 30, 2022:

- generally applies to the contract.
- ◆ The contractor must pay all covered workers at least \$12.90 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours performing on that contract in 2024.

The applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. If this contract is covered by one of the Executive Orders and a classification considered necessary for performance of work on the contract does not appear on this wage determination, the contractor must still submit a conformance request.

Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the Executive Orders is available at http://www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Modification Number	Publication Date
0	01/05/2024
1	01/19/2024
2	05/17/2024
3	07/12/2024
4	07/19/2024
5	08/16/2024
6	08/30/2024
7	09/06/2024

BRAZ0003-001 07/01/2023

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	\$ 32.74	9.52
CARP1912-001 07/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER	\$ 34.94	14.93
ELEC0640-002 07/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
ELECTRICIAN	•	15.16
ENGI0428-016 06/01/2023		
	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR		
Bulldozer		13.52
Crane	\$ 36.04 	13.52
IRON0075-012 08/01/2024		

Rates Fringes

IRONWORKER.....\$ 33.00 18.91 G.W.D -2

PLUM0469-010 07/01/2	2024
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	Rates	Fringes
PIPEFITTER	•	15.75 19.50
SHEE0359-001 07/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
SHEET METAL WORKER	\$ 46.81	19.52
* SUAZ2019-002 06/12/2023		
	Rates	Fringes
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER	\$ 22.41	0.00
DRYWALL HANGER	\$ 20.02	0.00
LABORER: Common or General	\$ 17.95	3.97
LABORER: Mason Tender - Cement/Concrete	\$ 18.11	3.64
LABORER: Pipelayer	\$ 16.77 **	1.05
OPERATOR: Backhoe/Excavator/Trackhoe	\$ 24.61	3.42
OPERATOR: Loader	\$ 17.53	5.08
OPERATOR: Roller	\$ 23.62	6.44
PAINTER	\$ 19.85	3.54
TILE SETTER	\$ 21.50	0.00

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

^{**} Workers in this classification may be entitled to a higher minimum wage under Executive Order 14026 (\$17.20) or 13658 (\$12.90). Please see the Note at the top of the wage determination for more information. Please also note that the minimum wage requirements of Executive Order 14026 are not currently being enforced as to any contract or subcontract to which the states of Texas, Louisiana, or Mississippi, including

their agencies, are a party.

Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at

https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (iii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of ""identifiers"" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate (weighted union average rate).

Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than ""SU"" or ""UAVG"" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1,

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the ""SU"" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of Louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/13/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 08/29/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

State Adopted Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the ""SA"" identifier indicate that the prevailing wage rate set by a state (or local) government was adopted under 29 C.F.R •1.3(g)-(h). Example: SAME2023-007 01/03/2024. SA reflects that the rates are state adopted. ME refers to the State of Maine. 2023 is the year during which the state completed the survey on which the listed classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination.

01/03/2024 reflects the date on which the classifications and rates under the ?SA? identifier took effect under state law in the state from which the rates were adopted.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:

- * an existing published wage determination
- * a survey underlying a wage determination
- * a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- * a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour National Office because National Office has responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations Wage and Hour Division U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

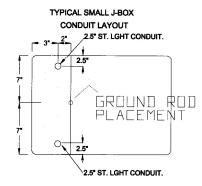
Administrative Review Board U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

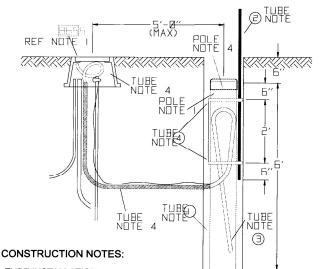
4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

END OF GENERAL DECISION"

APS STREET LIGHT SONOTUBE, J-BOX, CONDUIT ETC (DWG)

1911





TUBE INSTALLATION

- 1. DIG HOLE FOR TUBE 6'- 6"DEEP BY EITHER OF THE FOLLOWING:
 - A. AUGERRED HOLE (16"MAX.)
 - B. SLOTTED STUB-OUT TRENCH
- 2. PLACE RED PLASTIC LOCATOR MARKER OUTSIDE OF TUBE AND STRAP IN TWO LOCATIONS.
- 3. PLACE STREET LIGHT FLEXIBLE CONDUIT IN TUBE WITH 10' COILED INSIDE. DO NOT MAKE SHARP BENDS. BEND END OF CONDUIT OVER AND INSERT DOWN INTO TUBE AS SHOWN. INSPECTOR TO INSURE FLEX IS NOT KINKED
- 4. INSTALL OTHER END OF FLEX IN J-BOX. LEAVE SMALL COIL TO ALLOW LEVELING FOR FINAL GRADE. BACKFILL AFTER INSPECTION IS COMPLETE.
- 5. COMPACT SOIL TO AT LEAST 85% AROUND TUBE.

POLE INSTALLATION

- 1. ELECTRONIC MARKER WILL INDICATE LID LOCATION PER BLUE STAKE MARKINGS. WORK FORCES WILL DIG DOWN TO LID, REMOVE LID AND PULL FLEX FROM TUBE.
- 2. INSERT END OF FLEX THROUGH ACCESS HOLE AND PUSH IT UP THROUGH HAND HOLE AS STREET LIGHT POLE IS LOWERED INTO
- 3. HOLD POLE SECURELY WHILE BACKFILLING TO AT LEAST 85% COMPACTION. TO COMPACT POLE IN PLACE, PEA GRAVEL (<3/4") MAY BE USED NEAR THE TUBE.
- 4. THE MARKER BALL ATTACHED TO THE BOTTOM OF THE "SONO" TUBE LID SHOULD BE RETURNED TO STOCK.

Street Light Sonotube, J-Box,

Conduit & Pole Installation

SCALE:

SHEET

DATE: 5/14/03

REFERENCES:

1. FOR J-BOX SEE SPEC 8655 THRU 8663.

DESCRIPTION	APN
CONDUIT 1" PVC FLEX CORR	32900891
LOCATOR U. G. SERVICE	33101586
"SONO" TUBE 6FT X12IN	64672
TIE 30" SELF LOCKING	33107350
FOAM BACKFILL	00072046

MATERIAL LIST

CODE 1911

ITEM QTY

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Supplementary Conditions of the Contract for Construction

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Housing Federal Housing Commissioner OMB Approval No. 2502-0470 (Expires 12/31/2016)

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 30 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. This information is required to obtain benefits and voluntary. HUD may not collect this information, and you are not required to complete this form, unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

This information collection is necessary to ensure that viable projects are developed. It is important to obtain information from applicants to assist HUD in determining if nonprofit organizations initially funded continue to have the financial and administrative capacity needed to develop a project and that the project design meets the needs of the residents. The Department will use this information to sets forth the obligations of the contractor or subcontractor performing under the covered contract. This information is required in order to obtain benefits. This information is considered non-sensitive and no assurance of confidentiality is provided.

Article 1 - Labor Standards

Instructions

Whenever only FHA mortgage insurance is involved, use paragraph (A) and (C) of Article 1 – Labor Standards. Whenever any direct form of assistance (Section 8, Section 202/811 Capital Advance, grants etc.) is involved, use paragraphs (A) and (B) and (C) of Article 1 – Labor Standards.

Applicability

The Project or Program to which the construction work covered by this contract pertains is being assisted or insured by the United States of America and the following Federal Labor Standards Provisions are included in this Contract or related instrument pursuant to the provisions applicable to such Federal assistance or insurance.

(i) Minimum Wages. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work (or under the United States Housing Act of 1937 or under the Housing Act of 1949 in the construction or development of the project), will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR Part 3), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under Section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv); also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs, which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period.

Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR Part 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under 29 CFR Part 5.5(a)(1)(ii) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

- (ii) (a) Any class of laborers or mechanics which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. HUD shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:
 - (1) The work to be performed by the classification

requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and

- (2) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
- (3) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (b) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and HUD or its designee agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by HUD or its designee to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, D.C. 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise HUD or its designee or will notify HUD or its designee within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary. (Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB control number 1215-0140.)
- (c) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and HUD or its designee do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), HUD or its designee shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of HUD or its designee, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise HUD or its designee or will notify HUD or its designee within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary. (Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB Control Number 1215-0140.)
- (d) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to subparagraphs A.1.(ii)(b) or (c) of this paragraph, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- (iii) Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- (iv) If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program. (Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB Control Number 1215-0140.)
- 2. Withholding. HUD or its designee shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract or any other Federal contract with the

form **HUD-2554** (12/20/2005)

same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee or helper, employed or working on the site of the work (or under the United States Housing Act of 1937 or under the Housing Act of 1949 in the construction or development of the project), all or part of the wages required by the contract, HUD or its designee may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased. HUD or its designee may, after written notice to the contractor, disburse such amounts withheld for and on account of the contractor or subcontractor to the respective employees to whom they are due. The Comptroller General shall make such disbursements in the case of direct Davis-Bacon Act contracts.

- (i) Payrolls and basic records. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work (or under the United States Housing Act of 1937, or under the Housing Act of 1949, in the construction or development of the project). Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs. (Approved by the Office of Management and budget under OMB Control Numbers 1215-0140 and 1215-0017.)
- (ii) (a) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to HUD or its designee if the agency is a party to the contract, but if the agency is not such a party, the contractor will submit the payrolls to the applicant, sponsor, or owner, as the case may be, for transmission to HUD or its designee. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR Part 5.5(a)(3)(i). This information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose and may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents (Federal Stock Number 029-005-00014-1), U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. (Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB Control Number 1215-0149.)
- **(b)** Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:
 - (1) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR Part 5.5(a)(3)(i) and that such information is correct and complete;
 - (2) That each laborer or mechanic (including each

- helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissable deductions as set forth in 29 CFR Part 3:
- (3) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
- (c) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph A.3.(ii)(b) of this section.
- (d) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under Section 1001 of Title 18 and Section 231 of Title 31 of the United States Code.
- (iii) The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph A.3.(i) of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of HUD or its designee or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, HUD or its designee may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR Part 5.12.
- 4. (i) Apprentices and Trainees. Apprentices. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Bureau, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed. Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination. In the event the Bureau

ref. Handbook 4571.1

of Apprenticeship and Training, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Bureau, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

- (ii) Trainees. Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration. The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman's hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.
- (iii) Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR Part 30.
- **5.** Compliance with Copeland Act Requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 3 which are incorporated by reference in this contract.
- **6. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor will insert in any subcontracts the clauses contained in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1) through (10) and such other clauses as HUD or its designee may be appropriate instructions require, and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR Part 5.5.
- 7. Contract termination; debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- 8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act Requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR Parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.
- 9. Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR Parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and HUD or its designee, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.
- 10. (i) Certification of Eligibility. By entering into this contract the contractor certifies neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm

ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of Section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1) or to be awarded HUD contracts or participate in HUD programs pursuant to 24 CFR Part 24.

- (ii) No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of Section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1) or to be awarded HUD contracts or participate in HUD programs pursuant to 24 CFR Part 24.
- (iii) The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001. Additionally, U.S. Criminal Code, Section 1010, Title 18, U.S.C., "Federal Housing Administration transactions", provides in part: "Whoever, for the purpose of . . influencing in any way the action of such Administration . . . makes, utters or publishes any statement, knowing the same to be false . . . shall be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned not more than two years, or both."
- **B. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act.** As used in this paragraph, the terms "laborers" and "mechanics" include watchmen and guards.
- 1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.
- 2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages, liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefore shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph.
- 3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. HUD or its designee shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph.
- 4. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in subparagraph (1) through (4) of this paragraph and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in subparagraphs (1) through (4) of this paragraph.
- **C.** The Contractor will be required to execute FHA Form No. 2403-A, Contractor's Prevailing Wage Certificate, as a condition precedent to insurance by the Federal Housing Administration of that certain mortgage loan, or an advance thereof, made or to be made by the mortgagee in connection with the construction of the project.

Article 2 – Equal Employment Opportunity

The applicant hereby agrees that it will incorporate or cause to be

incorporated into any contract for construction work, or modification thereof, as defined in the regulations of the Secretary of Labor at 41 CFR Chapter 60, which is paid for in whole or in part with funds obtained from the Federal Government or borrowed on the credit of the Federal Government pursuant to a grant, contract, loan insurance, or guarantee, or undertaken pursuant to any Federal program involving such grant, contract, loan, insurance, or guarantee, the following equal opportunity clause:

During the performance of this contract, the Contractor agrees as follows:

- **A.** The Contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin. The Contractor will take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment without regard to their race, color, religion, sex or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to the following: Employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training including apprenticeship. The Contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment notices to be provided setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.
- **B.** The Contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the Contractor state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.
- **C.** The Contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which it has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding a notice to be provided advising the said labor union or workers representatives of the Contractor's commitments hereunder, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.
- **D.** The Contractor will comply with all provisions of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965 and of the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor.
- **E.** The Contractor will furnish all information and reports required by Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and by rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor, or pursuant thereto, and will permit access to its books, records, and accounts by the Secretary of Labor for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with such rules, regulations, and orders.
- F. In the event of the Contractor's noncompliance with the nondiscrimination clauses of this contract or with any of the said rules, regulations, or orders, this contract may be canceled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the Contractor may be declared ineligible for further government contracts or federally assisted construction contracts in accordance with procedures authorized in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and such other sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked as provided in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, or by rule, regulations or order of the Secretary of Labor, or as otherwise provided by law.
- G. The Contractor will include the portion of the sentence immediately preceding paragraph A and the provisions of paragraphs A through G in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued pursuant to Section 204 of Executive Order 11246 of September 24. 1965, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The Contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development or the Secretary of Labor may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, however, that in the event the Contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development or the Secretary of Labor, the Contractor may request the United States to ener into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.
- **H.** The applicant further agrees that it will be bound by the above equal opportunity clause with respect to its own employment practices when it participates in federally assisted construction work:

Provided, That if the applicant so participating is a State or local government, the above equal opportunity clause is not applicable to any agency, instrumentality or subdivision of such government which does not participate in work on or under the contract.

- I. The applicant agrees that it will assist and cooperate actively with the administering agency and the Secretary of Labor in obtaining the compliance of contractors and subcontractors with the equal opportunity clause and the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor, that it will furnish the administering agency and the Secretary of Labor such information as they may require for the supervision of such compliance, and that it will otherwise assist the administering agency in the discharge of the agency's primary responsibility for securing compliance.
- J. The applicant further agrees that it will refrain from entering into any contract or contract modification subject to Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, with a contractor debarred from, or who has not demonstrated eligibility for, Government contracts and federally assisted construction contracts pursuant to the Executive order and will carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of the equal opportunity clause as may be imposed upon contractors and subcontractors by the administering agency or the Secretary of Labor pursuant to Part II, Subpart D of the Executive order. In addition, the applicant agrees that if it fails or refuses to comply with these undertakings, the administering agency may take any or all of the following actions: Cancel, terminate, or suspend in whole or in part this grant (contract, loan, insurance, guarantee); refrain from extending any further assistance to the applicant under the program with respect to which the failure or refund occurred until satisfactory assurance of future compliance has been received from such applicant; and refer the case to the Department of Justice for appropriate legal proceedings.

Article 3 – Equal Opportunity for Businesses and Lower Income Persons Located Within the Project Area

(Applicable to Section 236 projects, where the estimated replacement cost of the project as determined by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development exceeds \$500,000, and to all projects, including Section 236 regardless of estimated replacement cost, receiving rent supplement assistance under Title I, Section 101 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965.)

A. The work to be performed under this contract is on a project assisted under a program providing direct Federal financial assistance from the Department of Housing and Urban Development and is subject to the requirements of Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, as amended, 12 U.S.C. 1701u. Section 3 requires that to the greatest extent feasible opportunities for training and employment be given lower income residents of the unit of local government or the metropolitan area (or nonmetropolitan county) as determined by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development in which the projects located and contracts for work in connection with the project be awarded to business concerns which are located in, or owned in substantial part by persons residing in the same metropolitan area (or nonmetropolitan county) as the project.

Article 4 – Health and Safety

- **A.** No laborer or mechanic shall be required to work in surroundingss or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to his health and safety as determined under construction safety and health standards promulgated by the Secretary of Labor by regulation.
- **B.** The Contractor shall comply with all regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor pursuant to Title 29 Part 1926 (formerly part 1518) and failure to comply may result in imposition of sanctions pursuant to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (Public Law 91-54, 83 Stat. 96).
- **C.** The Contractor shall include the provisions of this Article in every subcontract so that such provisions will be binding on each subcontractor. The Contractor shall take such action with respect to any subcontract as the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development of the Secretary of Labor shall direct as a means of enforcing such provisions.

A. APPLICABILITY

The Project or Program to which the construction work covered by this Contract pertains is being assisted by the United States of America, and the following Federal Labor Standards Provisions are included in this Contract pursuant to the provisions applicable to such Federal assistance.

(1) MINIMUM WAGES

(i) All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR Part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment, computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor (which is attached hereto and made a part hereof), regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under Section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv); also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs, which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period.

Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, that the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(ii) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH1321)) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place, where it can be easily seen by the workers.

(ii) Additional Classifications.

- (A) Any class of laborers or mechanics which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. HUD shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefor only when the following criteria have been met:
 - (1) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination;
 - (2) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
 - (3) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (B) If the contractor, the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and HUD or its designee agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by HUD or its designee to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division ("Administrator"), Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, D.C. 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise HUD or its designee or will notify HUD or its designee within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary. (Approved by the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") under OMB control number 1235-0023.)
- (C) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, or HUD or its designee do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), HUD or its designee shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of HUD or its designee, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise HUD or its designee or will notify HUD or its designee within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary. (Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB Control Number 1235-0023.)

- (D) The wage rate (including fringe benefits, where appropriate) determined pursuant to subparagraphs (1)(ii)(B) or (C) of this paragraph, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this Contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- (iii) Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- (iv) If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, that the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program. (Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB Control Number 1235-0023.)
- (2) Withholding. HUD or its designee shall, upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the U.S. Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, HUD or its designee may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased. HUD or its designee may, after written notice to the contractor, disburse such amounts withheld for and on account of the contractor or subcontractor to the respective employees to whom they are due. The Department of Labor shall make such disbursements in the case of direct Davis-Bacon Act contracts.

(3) Payrolls and basic records.

(i) Maintaining Payroll Records. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification(s), hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made, and actual wages paid.

Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found, under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv), that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits.

Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs. (Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB Control Numbers 1235-0023 and 1215-0018)

(ii) Certified Payroll Reports.

(A) The contractor shall submit weekly, for each week in which any contract work is performed, a copy of all payrolls to HUD or its designee if the agency is a party to the contract, but if the agency is not such a party, the contractor will submit the payrolls to the applicant sponsor, or owner, as the case may be, for transmission to HUD or its designee. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead, the payrolls only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/forms or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors.

Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to HUD or its designee if the agency is a party to the contract, but if the agency is not such a party, the contractor will submit the payrolls to the applicant sponsor, or owner, as the case may be, for transmission to HUD or its designee, the contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the U.S. Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this subparagraph for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to HUD or its designee. (Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB Control Number 1235-0008.)

- **(B)** Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:
 - (1) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(ii), the appropriate information is being maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), and that such information is correct and complete;
 - (2) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in 29 CFR Part 3;
 - (3) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract; and
- (C) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by subparagraph (a)(3)(ii)(b).
- (D) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under Section 1001 of Title 18 and Section 3729 of Title 31 of the United States Code.
- (iii) The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under subparagraph (a)(3)(i) available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of HUD or its designee or the U.S. Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, HUD or its designee may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

(4) Apprentices and Trainees.

(i) Apprentices. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate), to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program.

If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringe benefits shall be paid in accordance with that determination. In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(ii) Trainees. Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed, unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration. The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

- (iii) Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees, and journeymen under 29 CFR Part 5 shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR Part 30.
- (5) Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this Contract.
- (6) Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor will insert in any subcontracts the clauses contained in subparagraphs (1) through (11) in this paragraph (a) and such other clauses as HUD or its designee may, by appropriate instructions, require, and a copy of the applicable prevailing wage decision, and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in this paragraph.
- (7) Contract termination; debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- (8) Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act Requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR Parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this Contract.
- (9) Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this Contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this Contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the U.S. Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR Parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and HUD or its designee, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

(10) Certification of Eligibility.

(i) By entering into this Contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of Section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1) or to be awarded HUD contracts or participate in HUD programs pursuant to 24 CFR Part 24.

- (ii) No part of this Contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of Section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1) or to be awarded HUD contracts or participate in HUD programs pursuant to 24 CFR Part 24.
- (iii) Anyone who knowingly makes, presents, or submits a false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement, representation or certification is subject to criminal, civil and/or administrative sanctions, including fines, penalties, and imprisonment (e.g., 18 U.S.C. §§ 287, 1001, 1010, 1012; 31 U.S.C. §§ 3729, 3802.
- (11) Complaints, Proceedings, or Testimony by Employees. No laborer or mechanic, to whom the wage, salary, or other labor standards provisions of this Contract are applicable, shall be discharged or in any other manner discriminated against by the contractor or any subcontractor because such employee has filed any complaint or instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding or has testified or is about to testify in any proceeding under or relating to the labor standards applicable under this Contract to his employer.

B. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

The provisions of this paragraph (b) are applicable where the amount of the prime contract exceeds **\$100,000**. As used in this paragraph, the terms "laborers" and "mechanics" include watchmen and guards.

- (1) Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work, which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics, shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which the individual is employed on such work to work in excess of 40 hours in such workweek, unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in such workweek.
- (2) Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in subparagraph B(1) of this paragraph, the contractor, and any subcontractor responsible therefor, shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory) for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in subparagraph B(1) of this paragraph, in the sum of \$27 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of 40 hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in subparagraph B(1) of this paragraph. In accordance with the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990 (28 U.S.C. § 2461 Note), the Department of Labor adjusts this civil monetary penalty for inflation no later than January 15 each year.
- (3) Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. HUD or its designee shall, upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the U.S. Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contract, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages, as provided in the clause set forth in subparagraph B(2) of this paragraph.
- (4) Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in subparagraph B(1) through (4) of this paragraph and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in subparagraphs B(1) through (4) of this paragraph.

C. HEALTH AND SAFETY

The provisions of this paragraph (c) are applicable where the amount of the prime contract exceeds \$100,000.

- (1) No laborer or mechanic shall be required to work in surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to his or her health and safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards promulgated by the Secretary of Labor by regulation.
- (2) The contractor shall comply with all regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor pursuant to 29 CFR Part 1926 and failure to comply may result in imposition of sanctions pursuant to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, (Public Law 91-54, 83 Stat 96), 40 U.S.C. § 3701 et seq.
- (3) The contractor shall include the provisions of this paragraph in every subcontract, so that such provisions will be binding on each subcontractor. The contractor shall take such action with respect to any subcontractor as the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development or the Secretary of Labor shall direct as a means of enforcing such provisions.

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Office of Public and Indian Housing

Instructions to Bidders for Contracts Public and Indian Housing Programs

Instructions to Bidders for Contracts

Public and Indian Housing Programs

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1. Bid Preparation and Submission

- (a) Bidders are expected to examine the specifications, drawings, all instructions, and, if applicable, the construction site (see also the contract clause entitled **Site Investigation and Conditions Affecting the Work** of the *General Conditions of the Contract for Construction*). Failure to do so will be at the bidders' risk.
- (b) All bids must be submitted on the forms provided by the Public Housing Agency/Indian Housing Authority (PHA/IHA). Bidders shall furnish all the information required by the solicitation. Bids must be signed and the bidder's name typed or printed on the bid sheet and each continuation sheet which requires the entry of information by the bidder. Erasures or other changes must be initialed by the person signing the bid. Bids signed by an agent shall be accompanied by evidence of that agent's authority. (Bidders should retain a copy of their bid for their records.)
- (c) Bidders must submit as part of their bid a completed form HUD-5369-A, "Representations, Certifications, and Other Statements of Bidders."
- (d) All bid documents shall be sealed in an envelope which shall be clearly marked with the words "Bid Documents," the Invitation for Bids (IFB) number, any project or other identifying number, the bidder's name, and the date and time for receipt of bids.
- (e) If this solicitation requires bidding on all items, failure to do so will disqualify the bid. If bidding on all items is not required, bidders should insert the words "No Bid" in the space provided for any item on which no price is submitted.
- (f) Unless expressly authorized elsewhere in this solicitation, alternate bids will not be considered.
- (g) Unless expressly authorized elsewhere in this solicitation, bids submitted by telegraph or facsimile (fax) machines will not be considered.
- (h) If the proposed contract is for a Mutual Help project (as described in 24 CFR Part 905, Subpart E) that involves Mutual Help contributions of work, material, or equipment, supplemental information regarding the bid advertisement is provided as an attachment to this solicitation.

2. Explanations and Interpretations to Prospective Bidders

- (a) Any prospective bidder desiring an explanation or interpretation of the solicitation, specifications, drawings, etc., must request it at least 7 days before the scheduled time for bid opening. Requests may be oral or written. Oral requests must be confirmed in writing. The only oral clarifications that will be provided will be those clearly related to solicitation procedures, i.e., not substantive technical information. No other oral explanation or interpretation will be provided. Any information given a prospective bidder concerning this solicitation will be furnished promptly to all other prospective bidders as a written amendment to the solicitation, if that information is necessary in submitting bids, or if the lack of it would be prejudicial to other prospective bidders.
- (b) Any information obtained by, or provided to, a bidder other than by formal amendment to the solicitation shall not constitute a change to the solicitation.

3. Amendments to Invitations for Bids

- (a) If this solicitation is amended, then all terms and conditions which are not modified remain unchanged.
- (b) Bidders shall acknowledge receipt of any amendment to this solicitation (1) by signing and returning the amendment, (2) by identifying the amendment number and date on the bid form, or (3) by letter, telegram, or facsimile, if those methods are authorized in the solicitation. The PHA/IHA must receive acknowledgement by the time and at the place specified for receipt of bids. Bids which fail to acknowledge the bidder's receipt of any amendment will result in the rejection of the bid if the amendment(s) contained information which substantively changed the PHA's/IHA's requirements.
- (c) Amendments will be on file in the offices of the PHA/IHA and the Architect at least 7 days before bid opening.

4. Responsibility of Prospective Contractor

- (a) The PHA/IHA will award contracts only to responsible prospective contractors who have the ability to perform successfully under the terms and conditions of the proposed contract. In determining the responsibility of a bidder, the PHA/IHA will consider such matters as the bidder's:
 - (1) Integrity;
 - (2) Compliance with public policy;
 - (3) Record of past performance; and
 - (4) Financial and technical resources (including construction and technical equipment).
- (b) Before a bid is considered for award, the bidder may be requested by the PHA/IHA to submit a statement or other documentation regarding any of the items in paragraph (a) above. Failure by the bidder to provide such additional information shall render the bidder nonresponsible and ineligible for award.

5. Late Submissions, Modifications, and Withdrawal of Bids

- (a) Any bid received at the place designated in the solicitation after the exact time specified for receipt will not be considered unless it is received before award is made and it:
- (1) Was sent by registered or certified mail not later than the fifth calendar day before the date specified for receipt of offers (e.g., an offer submitted in response to a solicitation requiring receipt of offers by the 20th of the month must have been mailed by the 15th);
- (2) Was sent by mail, or if authorized by the solicitation, was sent by telegram or via facsimile, and it is determined by the PHA/IHA that the late receipt was due solely to mishandling by the PHA/IHA after receipt at the PHA/IHA; or
- (3) Was sent by U.S. Postal Service Express Mail Next Day Service Post Office to Addressee, not later than 5:00 p.m. at the place of mailing two working days prior to the date specified for receipt of proposals. The term "working days" excludes weekends and observed holidays.
- (b) Any modification or withdrawal of a bid is subject to the same conditions as in paragraph (a) of this provision.
- (c) The only acceptable evidence to establish the date of mailing of a late bid, modification, or withdrawal sent either by registered or certified mail is the U.S. or Canadian Postal Service postmark both on the envelope or wrapper and on the original receipt from the U.S. or Canadian Postal Service. Both postmarks must show a legible date or the bid, modification, or withdrawal shall be processed as if mailed late. "Postmark" means a printed, stamped, or otherwise placed impression (exclusive of a postage meter machine impression) that is readily identifiable without further action as having been supplied and affixed by employees of the U.S. or Canadian Postal Service on the date of mailing. Therefore, bidders should request the postal clerk to place a hand cancellation bull's-eye postmark on both the receipt and the envelope or wrapper.
- (d) The only acceptable evidence to establish the time of receipt at the PHA/IHA is the time/date stamp of PHA/IHA on the proposal wrapper or other documentary evidence of receipt maintained by the PHA/IHA.
- (e) The only acceptable evidence to establish the date of mailing of a late bid, modification, or withdrawal sent by Express Mail Next Day Service-Post Office to Addressee is the date entered by the post office receiving clerk on the "Express Mail Next Day Service-Post Office to Addressee" label and the postmark on both the envelope or wrapper and on the original receipt from the U.S. Postal Service. "Postmark" has the same meaning as defined in paragraph (c) of this provision, excluding postmarks of the Canadian Postal Service. Therefore, bidders should request the postal clerk to place a legible hand cancellation bull's eye postmark on both the receipt and Failure by a bidder to acknowledge receipt of the envelope or wrapper.
- (f) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this provision, a late modification of an otherwise successful bid that makes its terms more favorable to the PHA/IHA will be considered at any time it is received and may be accepted.
- (g) Bids may be withdrawn by written notice, or if authorized by this solicitation, by telegram (including mailgram) or facsimile machine transmission received at any time before the exact time set for opening of bids; provided that written confirmation of telegraphic or facsimile withdrawals over the signature of the bidder is mailed and postmarked prior to the specified bid opening time. A bid may be withdrawn in person by a bidder or its authorized representative if, before the exact time set for opening of bids, the identity of the person requesting withdrawal is established and the person signs a receipt for the bid.

6. Bid Opening

All bids received by the date and time of receipt specified in the solicitation will be publicly opened and read. The time and place of opening will be as specified in the solicitation. Bidders and other interested persons may be present.

7. Service of Protest

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision:

"Interested party" means an actual or prospective bidder whose direct economic interest would be affected by the award of the contract.

"Protest" means a written objection by an interested party to this solicitation or to a proposed or actual award of a contract pursuant to this solicitation.

(b) Protests shall be served on the Contracting Officer by obtaining written and dated acknowledgement from —

[Contracting Officer designate the official or location where a protest may be served on the Contracting Officer]

(c) All protests shall be resolved in accordance with the PHA's/IHA's protest policy and procedures, copies of which are maintained at the PHA/IHA.

8. Contract Award

- (a) The PHA/IHA will evaluate bids in response to this solicitation without discussions and will award a contract to the responsible bidder whose bid, conforming to the solicitation, will be most advantageous to the PHA/IHA considering only price and any price-related factors specified in the solicitation.
- (b) If the apparent low bid received in response to this solicitation exceeds the PHA's/IHA's available funding for the proposed contract work, the PHA/IHA may either accept separately priced items (see 8(e) below) or use the following procedure to determine contract award. The PHA/IHA shall apply in turn to each bid (proceeding in order from the apparent low bid to the high bid) each of the separately priced bid deductible items, if any, in their priority order set forth in this solicitation. If upon the application of the first deductible item to all initial bids, a new low bid is within the PHA's/IHA's available funding, then award shall be made to that bidder. If no bid is within the available funding amount, then the PHA/IHA shall apply the second deductible item. The PHA/IHA shall continue this process until an evaluated low bid, if any, is within the PHA's/IHA's available funding. If upon the application of all deductibles, no bid is within the PHA's/IHA's available funding, or if the solicitation does not request separately priced deductibles, the PHA/IHA shall follow its written policy and procedures in making any award under this solicitation.
- (c) In the case of tie low bids, award shall be made in accordance with the PHA's/IHA's written policy and procedures.
- (d) The PHA/IHA may reject any and all bids, accept other than the lowest bid (e.g., the apparent low bid is unreasonably low), and waive informalities or minor irregularities in bids received, in accordance with the PHA's/IHA's written policy and procedures.

- (e) Unless precluded elsewhere in the solicitation, the PHA/IHA may accept any item or combination of items bid.
- (f) The PHA/IHA may reject any bid as nonresponsive if it is materially unbalanced as to the prices for the various items of work to be performed. A bid is materially unbalanced when it is based on prices significantly less than cost for some work and prices which are significantly overstated for other work.
- (g) A written award shall be furnished to the successful bidder within the period for acceptance specified in the bid and shall result in a binding contract without further action by either party.

Bid Guarantee (applicable to construction and equipment contracts exceeding \$25,000)

All bids must be accompanied by a negotiable bid guarantee which shall not be less than five percent (5%) of the amount of the bid. The bid guarantee may be a certified check, bank draft, U.S. Government Bonds at par value, or a bid bond secured by a surety company acceptable to the U.S. Government and authorized to do business in the state where the work is to be performed. In the case where the work under the contract will be performed on an Indian reservation area, the bid guarantee may also be an irrevocable Letter of Credit (see provision 10, Assurance of Completion, below). Certified checks and bank drafts must be made payable to the order of the PHA/IHA. The bid guarantee shall insure the execution of the contract and the furnishing of a method of assurance of completion by the successful bidder as required by the solicitation. Failure to submit a bid guarantee with the bid shall result in the rejection of the bid. Bid guarantees submitted by unsuccessful bidders will be returned as soon as practicable after bid opening.

10. Assurance of Completion

- (a) Unless otherwise provided in State law, the successful bidder shall furnish an assurance of completion prior to the execution of any contract under this solicitation. This assurance may be [Contracting Officer check applicable items] —
- [] (1) a performance and payment bond in a penal sum of 100 percent of the contract price; or, as may be required or permitted by State law;
- [] (2) separate performance and payment bonds, each for 50 percent or more of the contract price;
- [] (3) a 20 percent cash escrow;
- [] (4) a 25 percent irrevocable letter of credit; or,
- [] (5) an irrevocable letter of credit for 10 percent of the total contract price with a monitoring and disbursements agreement with the IHA (applicable only to contracts awarded by an IHA under the Indian Housing Program).
- (b) Bonds must be obtained from guarantee or surety companies acceptable to the U.S. Government and authorized to do business in the state where the work is to be performed. Individual sureties will not be considered. U.S. Treasury Circular Number 570, published annually in the Federal Register, lists companies approved to act as sureties on bonds securing Government contracts, the maximum underwriting limits on each contract bonded, and the States in which the company is licensed to do business. Use of companies listed in this circular is mandatory. Copies of the circular may be downloaded on the U.S. Department of Treasury website http://www.fms.treas.gov/c570/index.html, or ordered for a minimum fee by contacting the Government Printing Office at (202) 512-2168.

- (c) Each bond shall clearly state the rate of premium and the total amount of premium charged. The current power of attorney for the person who signs for the surety company must be attached to the bond. The effective date of the power of attorney shall not precede the date of the bond. The effective date of the bond shall be on or after the execution date of the contract.
- (d) Failure by the successful bidder to obtain the required assurance of completion within the time specified, or within such extended period as the PHA/IHA may grant based upon reasons determined adequate by the PHA/IHA, shall render the bidder ineligible for award. The PHA/IHA may then either award the contract to the next lowest responsible bidder or solicit new bids. The PHA/IHA may retain the ineligible bidder's bid guarantee.

Preconstruction Conference (applicable to construction contracts)

After award of a contract under this solicitation and prior to the start of work, the successful bidder will be required to attend a preconstruction conference with representatives of the PHA/IHA and its architect/engineer, and other interested parties convened by the PHA/IHA. The conference will serve to acquaint the participants with the general plan of the construction operation and all other requirements of the contract (e.g., Equal Employment Opportunity, Labor Standards). The PHA/IHA will provide the successful bidder with the date, time, and place of the conference.

- **12. Indian Preference Requirements** (applicable only if this solicitation is for a contract to be performed on a project for an Indian Housing Authority)
- (a) HUD has determined that the contract awarded under this solicitation is subject to the requirements of section 7(b) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450e(b)). Section 7(b) requires that any contract or subcontract entered into for the benefit of Indians shall require that, to the greatest extent feasible
- (1) Preferences and opportunities for training and employment (other than core crew positions; see paragraph (h) below) in connection with the administration of such contracts or subcontracts be given to qualified "Indians." The Act defines "Indians" to mean persons who are members of an Indian tribe and defines "Indian tribe" to mean any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community, including any Alaska Native village or regional or village corporation as defined in or established pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, which is recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians; and,
- (2) Preference in the award of contracts or subcontracts in connection with the administration of contracts be given to Indian organizations and to Indian-owned economic enterprises, as defined in section 3 of the Indian Financing Act of 1974 (25 U.S.C. 1452). That Act defines "economic enterprise" to mean any Indianowned commercial, industrial, or business activity established or organized for the purpose of profit, except that the Indian ownership must constitute not less than 51 percent of the enterprise; "Indian organization" to mean the governing body of any Indian tribe or entity established or recognized by such governing body; "Indian" to mean any person who is a member of any tribe, band, group, pueblo, or community which is recognized by the Federal Government as eligible for services from the Bureau of Indian Affairs and any "Native" as defined in the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act; and Indian "tribe" to mean any Indian tribe, band, group, pueblo, or community including Native villages and Native groups (including

corporations organized by Kenai, Juneau, Sitka, and Kodiak) as defined in the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, which is recognized by the Federal Government as eligible for services from the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

- (b) (1) The successful Contractor under this solicitation shall comply with the requirements of this provision in awarding all subcontracts under the contract and in providing training and employment opportunities.
- (2) A finding by the IHA that the contractor, either (i) awarded a subcontract without using the procedure required by the IHA, (ii) falsely represented that subcontracts would be awarded to Indian enterprises or organizations; or, (iii) failed to comply with the contractor's employment and training preference bid statement shall be grounds for termination of the contract or for the assessment of penalties or other remedies.
- (c) If specified elsewhere in this solicitation, the IHA may restrict the solicitation to qualified Indian-owned enterprises and Indian organizations. If two or more (or a greater number as specified elsewhere in the solicitation) qualified Indian-owned enterprises or organizations submit responsive bids, award shall be made to the qualified enterprise or organization with the lowest responsive bid. If fewer than the minimum required number of qualified Indian-owned enterprises or organizations submit responsive bids, the IHA shall reject all bids and readvertise the solicitation in accordance with paragraph (d) below.
- (d) If the IHA prefers not to restrict the solicitation as described in paragraph (c) above, or if after having restricted a solicitation an insufficient number of qualified Indian enterprises or organizations submit bids, the IHA may advertise for bids from non-Indian as well as Indian-owned enterprises and Indian organizations. Award shall be made to the qualified Indian enterprise or organization with the lowest responsive bid if that bid is -
- (1) Within the maximum HUD-approved budget amount established for the specific project or activity for which bids are being solicited; and
- (2) No more than the percentage specified in 24 CFR 905.175(c) higher than the total bid price of the lowest responsive bid from any qualified bidder. If no responsive bid by a qualified Indian-owned economic enterprise or organization is within the stated range of the total bid price of the lowest responsive bid from any qualified enterprise, award shall be made to the bidder with the lowest bid.
- (e) Bidders seeking to qualify for preference in contracting or subcontracting shall submit proof of Indian ownership with their bids. Proof of Indian ownership shall include but not be limited to:
- (1) Certification by a tribe or other evidence that the bidder is an Indian. The IHA shall accept the certification of a tribe that an individual is a member.
- (2) Evidence such as stock ownership, structure, management, control, financing and salary or profit sharing arrangements of the enterprise.

- (f) (1) All bidders must submit with their bids a statement describing how they will provide Indian preference in the award of subcontracts. The specific requirements of that statement and the factors to used by the IHA in determining the statement's adequacy are included as an attachment to this solicitation. Any bid that fails to include the required statement shall be rejected as nonresponsive. The IHA may require that comparable statements be provided by subcontractors to the successful Contractor, and may require the Contractor to reject any bid or proposal by a subcontractor that fails to include the statement.
- (2) Bidders and prospective subcontractors shall submit a certification (supported by credible evidence) to the IHA in any instance where the bidder or subcontractor believes it is infeasible to provide Indian preference in subcontracting. The acceptance or rejection by the IHA of the certification shall be final. Rejection shall disqualify the bid from further consideration.
- (g) All bidders must submit with their bids a statement detailing their employment and training opportunities and their plans to provide preference to Indians in implementing the contract; and the number or percentage of Indians anticipated to be employed and trained. Comparable statements from all proposed subcontractors must be submitted. The criteria to be used by the IHA in determining the statement(s)'s adequacy are included as an attachment to this solicitation. Any bid that fails to include the required statement(s), or that includes a statement that does not meet minimum standards required by the IHA shall be rejected as nonresponsive.
- (h) Core crew employees. A core crew employee is an individual who is a bona fide employee of the contractor at the time the bid is submitted; or an individual who was not employed by the bidder at the time the bid was submitted, but who is regularly employed by the bidder in a supervisory or other key skilled position when work is available. Bidders shall submit with their bids a list of all core crew employees.
- (i) Preference in contracting, subcontracting, employment, and training shall apply not only on-site, on the reservation, or within the IHA's jurisdiction, but also to contracts with firms that operate outside these areas (e.g., employment in modular or manufactured housing construction facilities).
- (j) Bidders should contact the IHA to determine if any additional local preference requirements are applicable to this solicitation.
- (k) The IHA [] does [] does not [Contracting Officer check applicable box] maintain lists of Indian-owned economic enterprises and Indian organizations by specialty (e.g., plumbing, electrical, foundations), which are available to bidders to assist them in meeting their responsibility to provide preference in connection with the administration of contracts and subcontracts.

General Conditions for Construction Contracts - Public Housing Programs

U.S. Department of Housing and UrbanDev elopment

Office of Public and Indian Housing OMB Approval No. 2577-0157 (exp. 11/30/2023)

Applicability. This form is applicable to any construction/development contract greater than \$150,000.

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour. This includes the time for collecting, reviewing, and reporting the data. The information requested is required to obtain a benefit. This form includes those clauses required by OMB's common rule on grantee procurement, implemented at HUD in 2 CFR 200, and those requirements set forth in Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 and its amendment by the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992, implemented by HUD at 24 CFR Part 135. The form is required for construction contracts awarded by Public Housing Agencies (PHAs). The form is used by Housing Authorities in solicitations to provide necessary contract clauses. If the form were not used, PHAs would be unable to enforce their contracts.. There are no assurances of confidentiality. HUD may not conduct or sponsor, and an applicant is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

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1. Definitions

- (a) "Architect" means the person or other entity engaged by the PHA to perform architectural, engineering, design, and other services related to the work as provided for in the contract. When a PHA uses an engineer to act in this capacity, the terms "architect" and "engineer" shall be synonymous. The Architect shall serve as a technical representative of the Contracting Officer. The Architect's authority is as set forth elsewhere in this contract.
- (b) "Contract" means the contract entered into between the PHA and the Contractor. It includes the forms of Bid, the Bid Bond, the Performance and Payment Bond or Bonds or other assurance of completion, the Certifications, Representations, and Other Statements of Bidders (form HUD-5370), these General Conditions of the Contract for Construction (form HUD-5370), the applicable wage rate determinations from the U.S. Department of Labor, any special conditions included elsewhere in the contract, the specifications, and drawings. It includes all formal changes to any of those documents by addendum, change order, or other modification.
- (c) "Contracting Officer" means the person delegated the authority by the PHA to enter into, administer, and/or terminate this contract and designated as such in writing to the Contractor. The term includes any successor Contracting Officer and any duly authorized representative of the Contracting Officer also designated in writing. The Contracting Officer shall be deemed the authorized agent of the PHA in all dealings with the Contractor.
- (d) "Contractor" means the person or other entity entering into the contract with the PHA to perform all of the work required under the contract.
- (e) "Drawings" means the drawings enumerated in the schedule of drawings contained in the Specifications and as described in the contract clause entitled Specifications and Drawings for Construction herein.
- (f) "HUD" means the United States of America acting through the Department of Housing and Urban Development including the Secretary, or any other person designated to act on its behalf. HUD has agreed, subject to the provisions of an Annual Contributions Terms and Conditions (ACC), to provide financial assistance to the PHA, which includes assistance in financing the work to be performed under this contract. As defined elsewhere in these General Conditions or the contract documents, the determination of HUD may be required to authorize changes in the work or for release of funds to the PHA for payment to the Contractor. Notwithstanding HUD's role, nothing in this contract shall be construed to create any contractual relationship between the Contractor and HUD.
- (g) "Project" means the entire project, whether construction or rehabilitation, the work for which is provided for in whole or in part under this contract.
- (h) "PHA" means the Public Housing Agency organized under applicable state laws which is a party to this contract.
- (j) "Specifications" means the written description of the technical requirements for construction and includes the criteria and tests for determining whether the requirements are met.
- (I) "Work" means materials, workmanship, and manufacture and fabrication of components.

2. Contractor's Responsibility for Work

- (a) The Contractor shall furnish all necessary labor, materials, tools, equipment, and transportation necessary for performance of the work. The Contractor shall also furnish all necessary water, heat, light, and power not made available to the Contractor by the PHA pursuant to the clause entitled Availability and Use of Utility Services herein.
- (b) The Contractor shall perform on the site, and with its own organization, work equivalent to at least [] (12 percent unless otherwise indicated) of the total amount of work to be performed under the order. This percentage may be reduced by a supplemental agreement to this order if, during performing the work, the Contractor requests a reduction and the Contracting Officer determines that the reduction would be to the advantage of the PHA.
- (c) At all times during performance of this contract and until the work is completed and accepted, the Contractor shall directly superintend the work or assign and have on the work site a competent superintendent who is satisfactory to the Contracting Officer and has authority to act for the Contractor.
- (d) The Contractor shall be responsible for all damages to persons or property that occur as a result of the Contractor's fault or negligence, and shall take proper safety and health precautions to protect the work, the workers, the public, and the property of others. The Contractor shall hold and save the PHA, its officers and agents, free and harmless from liability of any nature occasioned by the Contractor's performance. The Contractor shall also be responsible for all materials delivered and work performed until completion and acceptance of the entire work, except for any completed unit of work which may have been accepted under the contract.
- (e) The Contractor shall lay out the work from base lines and bench marks indicated on the drawings and be responsible for all lines, levels, and measurements of all work executed under the contract. The Contractor shall verify the figures before laying out the work and will be held responsible for any error resulting from its failure to do so.
- (f) The Contractor shall confine all operations (including storage of materials) on PHA premises to areas authorized or approved by the Contracting Officer.
- (g) The Contractor shall at all times keep the work area, including storage areas, free from accumulations of waste materials. After completing the work and before final inspection, the Contractor shall (1) remove from the premises all scaffolding, equipment, tools, and materials (including rejected materials) that are not the property of the PHA and all rubbish caused by its work; (2) leave the work area in a clean, neat, and orderly condition satisfactory to the Contracting Officer; (3) perform all specified tests; and, (4) deliver the installation in complete and operating condition.
- (h) The Contractor's responsibility will terminate when all work has been completed, the final inspection made, and the work accepted by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor will then be released from further obligation except as required by the warranties specified elsewhere in the contract.

3. Architect's Duties, Responsibilities, and Authority

(a) The Architect for this contract, and any successor, shall be designated in writing by the Contracting Officer.

- (b) The Architect shall serve as the Contracting Officer's technical representative with respect to architectural, engineering, and design matters related to the work performed under the contract. The Architect may provide direction on contract performance. Such direction shall be within the scope of the contract and may not be of a nature which: (1) institutes additional work outside the scope of the contract; (2) constitutes a change as defined in the Changes clause herein; (3) causes an increase or decrease in the cost of the contract; (4) alters the Construction Progress Schedule; or (5) changes any of the other express terms or conditions of the contract.
- (c) The Architect's duties and responsibilities may include but shall not be limited to:
 - (1) Making periodic visits to the work site, and on the basis of his/her on-site inspections, issuing written reports to the PHA which shall include all observed deficiencies. The Architect shall file a copy of the report with the Contractor's designated representative at the site:
 - (2) Making modifications in drawings and technical specifications and assisting the Contracting Officer in the preparation of change orders and other contract modifications for issuance by the Contracting Officer;
 - (3) Reviewing and making recommendations with respect to - (i) the Contractor's construction progress schedules; (ii) the Contractor's shop and detailed drawings; (iii) the machinery, mechanical and other equipment and materials or other articles proposed for use by the Contractor; and, (iv) the Contractor's price breakdown and progress payment estimates; and,
 - (4) Assisting in inspections, signing Certificates of Completion, and making recommendations with respect to acceptance of work completed under the contract.

4. Other Contracts

The PHA may undertake or award other contracts for additional work at or near the site of the work under this contract. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the other contractors and with PHA employees and shall carefully adapt scheduling and performing the work under this contract to accommodate the additional work, heeding any direction that may be provided by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall not commit or permit any act that will interfere with the performance of work by any other contractor or by PHA employees

Construction Requirements

5. Pre-construction Conference and Notice to Proceed

- (a) Within ten calendar days of contract execution, and prior to the commencement of work, the Contractor shall attend a preconstruction conference with representatives of the PHA, its Architect, and other interested parties convened by the PHA. The conference will serve to acquaint the participants with the general plan of the construction operation and all other requirements of the contract. The PHA will provide the Contractor with the date, time, and place of the conference.
- (b) The contractor shall begin work upon receipt of a written Notice to Proceed from the Contracting Officer or designee. The Contractor shall not begin work prior to receiving such notice.

6. Construction Progress Schedule

- (a) The Contractor shall, within five days after the work commences on the contract or another period of time determined by the Contracting Officer, prepare and submit to the Contracting Officer for approval three copies of a practicable schedule showing the order in which the Contractor proposes to perform the work, and the dates on which the Contractor contemplates starting and completing the several salient features of the work (including acquiring labor, materials, and equipment). The schedule shall be in the form of a progress chart of suitable scale to indicate appropriately the percentage of work scheduled for completion by any given date during the period. If the Contractor fails to submit a schedule within the time prescribed, the Contracting Officer may withhold approval of progress payments or take other remedies under the contract until the Contractor submits the required schedule.
- (b) The Contractor shall enter the actual progress on the chart as required by the Contracting Officer, and immediately deliver three copies of the annotated schedule to the Contracting Officer. If the Contracting Officer determines, upon the basis of inspection conducted pursuant to the clause entitled Inspection and Acceptance of Construction, herein that the Contractor is not meeting the approved schedule, the Contractor shall take steps necessary to improve its progress, including those that may be required by the Contracting Officer, without additional cost to the PHA. In this circumstance, the Contracting Officer may require the Contractor to increase the number of shifts, overtime operations, days of work, and/or the amount of construction plant, and to submit for approval any supplementary schedule or schedules in chart form as the Contracting Officer deems necessary to demonstrate how the approved rate of progress will be regained.
- (c) Failure of the Contractor to comply with the requirements of the Contracting Officer under this clause shall be grounds for a determination by the Contracting Officer that the Contractor is not prosecuting the work with sufficient diligence to ensure completion within the time specified in the Contract. Upon making this determination, the Contracting Officer may terminate the Contractor's right to proceed with the work, or any separable part of it, in accordance with the Default clause of this contract.

7. Site Investigation and Conditions Affecting the Work

(a) The Contractor acknowledges that it has taken steps reasonably necessary to ascertain the nature and location of the work, and that it has investigated and satisfied itself as to the general and local conditions which can affect the work or its cost, including but not limited to, (1) conditions bearing upon transportation, disposal, handling, and storage of materials; (2) the availability of labor, water, electric power, and roads;(3) uncertainties of weather, river stages, tides, or similar physical conditions at the site; (4) the conformation and conditions of the ground; and (5) the character of equipment and facilities needed preliminary to and during work performance. The Contractor also acknowledges that it has satisfied itself as to the character, quality, and quantity of surface and subsurface materials or obstacles to be encountered insofar as this information is

- reasonably ascertainable from an inspection of the site, including all exploratory work done by the PHA, as well as from the drawings and specifications made a part of this contract. Any failure of the Contractor to take the actions described and acknowledged in this paragraph will not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for estimating properly the difficulty and cost of successfully performing the work, or for proceeding to successfully perform the work without additional expense to the PHA.
- (b) The PHA assumes no responsibility for any conclusions or interpretations made by the Contractor based on the information made available by the PHA. Nor does the PHA assume responsibility for any understanding reached or representation made concerning conditions which can affect the work by any of its officers or agents before the execution of this contract, unless that understanding or representation is expressly stated in this contract.

8. Differing Site Conditions

- (a) The Contractor shall promptly, and before the conditions are disturbed, give a written notice to the Contracting Officer of (1) subsurface or latent physical conditions at the site which differ materially from those indicated in this contract, or (2) unknown physical conditions at the site(s), of an unusual nature, which differ materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inhering in work of the character provided for in the contract.
- (b) The Contracting Officer shall investigate the site conditions promptly after receiving the notice. Work shall not proceed at the affected site, except at the Contractor's risk, until the Contracting Officer has provided written instructions to the Contractor. If the conditions do materially so differ and cause an increase or decrease in the Contractor's cost of, or the time required for, performing any part of the work under this contract, whether or not changed as a result of the conditions, the Contractor shall file a claim in writing to the PHA within ten days after receipt of such instructions and, in any event, before proceeding with the work. An equitable adjustment in the contract price, the delivery schedule, or both shall be made under this clause and the contract modified in writing accordingly.
- (c) No request by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment to the contract under this clause shall be allowed, unless the Contractor has given the written notice required; provided, that the time prescribed in (a) above for giving written notice may be extended by the Contracting Officer
- (d) No request by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment to the contract for differing site conditions shall be allowed if made after final payment under this contract.

9. Specifications and Drawings for Construction

(a) The Contractor shall keep on the work site a copy of the drawings and specifications and shall at all times give the Contracting Officer access thereto. Anything mentioned in the specifications and not shown on the drawings, or shown on the drawings and not mentioned in the specifications, shall be of like effect as if shown or mentioned in both. In case of difference between drawings and specifications, the specifications shall govern. In case of discrepancy in the figures, in the drawings, or in the specifications, the matter shall be

- promptly submitted to the Contracting Officer, who shall promptly make a determination in writing. Any adjustment by the Contractor without such a determination shall be at its own risk and expense. The Contracting Officer shall furnish from time to time such detailed drawings and other information as considered necessary, unless otherwise provided.
- (b) Wherever in the specifications or upon the drawings the words "directed", "required", "ordered", "designated", "prescribed", or words of like import are used, it shall be understood that the "direction", "requirement", "order", "designation", or "prescription", of the Contracting Officer is intended and similarly the words "approved", "acceptable", "satisfactory", or words of like import shall mean "approved by", or "acceptable to"; or "satisfactory to" the Contracting Officer, unless otherwise expressly stated.
- (c) Where "as shown" "as indicated", "as detailed", or words of similar import are used, it shall be understood that the reference is made to the drawings accompanying this contract unless stated otherwise. The word "provided" as used herein shall be understood to mean "provide complete in place" that is "furnished and installed".
- (d) "Shop drawings" means drawings, submitted to the PHA by the Contractor, subcontractor, or any lower tier subcontractor, showing in detail (1) the proposed fabrication and assembly of structural elements and (2) the installation (i.e., form, fit, and attachment details) of materials of equipment. It includes drawings, diagrams, layouts, schematics, descriptive literature, illustrations, schedules, performance and test data, and similar materials furnished by the Contractor to explain in detail specific portions of the work required by the contract. The PHA may duplicate, use, and disclose in any manner and for any purpose shop drawings delivered under this contract.
- (e) If this contract requires shop drawings, the Contractor shall coordinate all such drawings, and review them for accuracy, completeness, and compliance with other contract requirements and shall indicate its approval thereon as evidence of such coordination and review. Shop drawings submitted to the Contracting Officer without evidence of the Contractor's approval may be returned for resubmission. The Contracting Officer will indicate an approval or disapproval of the shop drawings and if not approved as submitted shall indicate the PHA's reasons therefore. Any work done before such approval shall be at the Contractor's risk. Approval by the Contracting Officer shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for any errors or omissions in such drawings, nor from responsibility for complying with the requirements of this contract, except with respect to variations described and approved in accordance with (f) below.
- (f) If shop drawings show variations from the contract requirements, the Contractor shall describe such variations in writing, separate from the drawings, at the time of submission. If the Architect approves any such variation and the Contracting Officer concurs, the Contracting Officer shall issue an appropriate modification to the contract, except that, if the variation is minor or does not involve a change in price or in time of performance, a modification need not be issued.
- (g) It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to make timely requests of the PHA for such large scale and full size drawings, color schemes, and other additional information, not already in his possession, which shall be

- required in the planning and production of the work. Such requests may be submitted as the need arises, but each such request shall be filed in ample time to permit appropriate action to be taken by all parties involved so as to avoid delay.
- (h) The Contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer for approval four copies (unless otherwise indicated) of all shop drawings as called for under the various headings of these specifications. Three sets (unless otherwise indicated) of all shop drawings, will be retained by the PHA and one set will be returned to the Contractor. As required by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor, upon completing the work under this contract, shall furnish a complete set of all shop drawings as finally approved. These drawings shall show all changes and revisions made up to the time the work is completed and accepted.
- (i) This clause shall be included in all subcontracts at any tier. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to ensure that all shop drawings prepared by subcontractors are submitted to the Contracting Officer.

10. As-Built Drawings

- (a) "As-built drawings," as used in this clause, means drawings submitted by the Contractor or subcontractor at any tier to show the construction of a particular structure or work as actually completed under the contract. "As-built drawings" shall be synonymous with "Record drawings."
- (b) As required by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall provide the Contracting Officer accurate information to be used in the preparation of permanent as-built drawings. For this purpose, the Contractor shall record on one set of contract drawings all changes from the installations originally indicated, and record final locations of underground lines by depth from finish grade and by accurate horizontal offset distances to permanent surface improvements such as buildings, curbs, or edges of walks.
- (c) This clause shall be included in all subcontracts at any tier. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to ensure that all as-built drawings prepared by subcontractors are submitted to the Contracting Officer.

11. Material and Workmanship

- (a) All equipment, material, and articles furnished under this contract shall be new and of the most suitable grade for the purpose intended, unless otherwise specifically provided in this contract. References in the contract to equipment, material, articles, or patented processes by trade name, make, or catalog number, shall be regarded as establishing a standard of quality and shall not be construed as limiting competition. The Contractor may, at its option, use any equipment, material, article, or process that, in the judgment of, and as approved by the Contracting Officer, is equal to that named in the specifications, unless otherwise specifically provided in this contract.
- (b) Approval of equipment and materials.
 - (1) The Contractor shall obtain the Contracting Officer's approval of the machinery and mechanical and other equipment to be incorporated into the work. When requesting approval, the Contractor shall furnish to the Contracting Officer the name of the manufacturer, the model number, and other information concerning the performance, capacity, nature, and rating of the

- machinery and mechanical and other equipment. When required by this contract or by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall also obtain the Contracting Officer's approval of the material or articles which the Contractor contemplates incorporating into the work. When requesting approval, the Contractor shall provide full information concerning the material or articles. Machinery, equipment, material, and articles that do not have the required approval shall be installed or used at the risk of subsequent rejection.
- (2) When required by the specifications or the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall submit appropriately marked samples (and certificates related to them) for approval at the Contractor's expense, with all shipping charges prepaid. The Contractor shall label, or otherwise properly mark on the container, the material or product represented, its place of origin, the name of the producer, the Contractor's name, and the identification of the construction project for which the material or product is intended to be used.
- (3) Certificates shall be submitted in triplicate, describing each sample submitted for approval and certifying that the material, equipment or accessory complies with contract requirements. The certificates shall include the name and brand of the product, name of manufacturer, and the location where produced.
- (4) Approval of a sample shall not constitute a waiver of the PHA right to demand full compliance with contract requirements. Materials, equipment and accessories may be rejected for cause even though samples have been approved.
- (5) Wherever materials are required to comply with recognized standards or specifications, such specifications shall be accepted as establishing the technical qualities and testing methods, but shall not govern the number of tests required to be made nor modify other contract requirements. The Contracting Officer may require laboratory test reports on items submitted for approval or may approve materials on the basis of data submitted in certificates with samples. Check tests will be made on materials delivered for use only as frequently as the Contracting Officer determines necessary to insure compliance of materials with the specifications. The Contractor will assume all costs of retesting materials which fail to meet contract requirements and/or testing materials offered in substitution for those found deficient.
- (6) After approval, samples will be kept in the Project office until completion of work. They may be built into the work after a substantial quantity of the materials they represent has been built in and accepted.
- (c) Requirements concerning lead-based paint. The Contractor shall comply with the requirements concerning lead-based paint contained in the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821-4846) as implemented by 24 CFR Part 35.

12. Permits and Codes

(a) The Contractor shall give all notices and comply with all applicable laws, ordinances, codes, rules and regulations. Notwithstanding the requirement of the Contractor to comply with the drawings and specifications in the contract, all work installed shall comply with all applicable codes and regulations as amended by any

- waivers. Before installing the work, the Contractor shall examine the drawings and the specifications for compliance with applicable codes and regulations bearing on the work and shall immediately report any discrepancy it may discover to the Contracting Officer. Where the requirements of the drawings and specifications fail to comply with the applicable code or regulation, the Contracting Officer shall modify the contract by change order pursuant to the clause entitled Changes herein to conform to the code or regulation.
- (b) The Contractor shall secure and pay for all permits, fees, and licenses necessary for the proper execution and completion of the work. Where the PHA can arrange for the issuance of all or part of these permits, fees and licenses, without cost to the Contractor, the contract amount shall be reduced accordingly.
- 13. Health, Safety, and Accident Prevention
- (a) In performing this contract, the Contractor shall:
 - (1) Ensure that no laborer or mechanic shall be required to work in surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to his/her health and/or safety as determined under construction safety and health standards promulgated by the Secretary of Labor by regulation;
 - (2) Protect the lives, health, and safety of other persons;
 - Prevent damage to property, materials, supplies, and equipment; and,
 - (4) Avoid work interruptions.
- (b) For these purposes, the Contractor shall:
 - (1) Comply with regulations and standards issued by the Secretary of Labor at 29 CFR Part 1926. Failure to comply may result in imposition of sanctions pursuant to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (Public Law 91-54, 83 Stat. 96), 40 U.S.C. 3701 et seq.: and
 - (2) Include the terms of this clause in every subcontract so that such terms will be binding on each subcontractor.
- (c) The Contractor shall maintain an accurate record of exposure data on all accidents incident to work performed under this contract resulting in death, traumatic injury, occupational disease, or damage to property, materials, supplies, or equipment, and shall report this data in the manner prescribed by 29 CFR Part 1904.
- (d) The Contracting Officer shall notify the Contractor of any noncompliance with these requirements and of the corrective action required. This notice, when delivered to the Contractor or the Contractor's representative at the site of the work, shall be deemed sufficient notice of the noncompliance and corrective action required. After receiving the notice, the Contractor shall immediately take corrective action. If the Contractor fails or refuses to take corrective action promptly, the Contracting Officer may issue an order stopping all or part of the work until satisfactory corrective action has been taken. The Contractor shall not base any claim or request for equitable adjustment for additional time or money on any stop order issued under these circumstances.
- (e) The Contractor shall be responsible for its subcontractors' compliance with the provisions of this clause. The Contractor shall take such action with respect to any subcontract as the PHA, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, or the Secretary of Labor shall direct as a means of enforcing such provisions.

14. Temporary Heating

The Contractor shall provide and pay for temporary heating, covering, and enclosures necessary to properly protect all work and materials against damage by dampness and cold, to dry out the work, and to facilitate the completion of the work. Any permanent heating equipment used shall be turned over to the PHA in the condition and at the time required by the specifications.

15. Availability and Use of Utility Services

- (a) The PHA shall make all reasonably required amounts of utilities available to the Contractor from existing outlets and supplies, as specified in the contract, Unless otherwise provided in the contract, the amount of each utility service consumed shall be charged to or paid for by the Contractor at prevailing rates charged to the PHA or, where the utility is produced by the PHA, at reasonable rates determined by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall carefully conserve any utilities furnished without charge.
- (b) The Contractor, at its expense and in a manner satisfactory to the Contracting Officer, shall install and maintain all necessary temporary connections and distribution lines, and all meters required to measure the amount of each utility used for the purpose of determining charges. Before final acceptance of the work by the PHA, the Contractor shall remove all the temporary connections, distribution lines, meters, and associated paraphernalia.
- Protection of Existing Vegetation, Structures, Equipment, Utilities, and Improvements
- (a) The Contractor shall preserve and protect all structures, equipment, and vegetation (such as trees, shrubs, and grass) on or adjacent to the work site, which are not to be removed under this contract, and which do not unreasonably interfere with the work required under this contract.
- (b) The Contractor shall only remove trees when specifically authorized to do so, and shall avoid damaging vegetation that will remain in place. If any limbs or branches of trees are broken during performance of this contract, or by the careless operation of equipment, or by workmen, the Contractor shall trim those limbs or branches with a clean cut and paint the cut with a tree-pruning compound as directed by the Contracting Officer.
- (c) The Contractor shall protect from damage all existing improvements and utilities (1) at or near the work site and (2) on adjacent property of a third party, the locations of which are made known to or should be known by the Contractor. Prior to disturbing the ground at the construction site, the Contractor shall ensure that all underground utility lines are clearly marked.
- (d) The Contractor shall shore up, brace, underpin, secure, and protect as necessary all foundations and other parts of existing structures adjacent to, adjoining, and in the vicinity of the site, which may be affected by the excavations or other operations connected with the construction of the project.
- (e) Any equipment temporarily removed as a result of work under this contract shall be protected, cleaned, and replaced in the same condition as at the time of award of this contract.

- (f) New work which connects to existing work shall correspond in all respects with that to which it connects and/or be similar to existing work unless otherwise required by the specifications.
- (g) No structural members shall be altered or in any way weakened without the written authorization of the Contracting Officer, unless such work is clearly specified in the plans or specifications.
- (h) If the removal of the existing work exposes discolored or unfinished surfaces, or work out of alignment, such surfaces shall be refinished, or the material replaced as necessary to make the continuous work uniform and harmonious. This, however, shall not be construed to require the refinishing or reconstruction of dissimilar finishes previously exposed, or finished surfaces in good condition, but in different planes or on different levels when brought together by the removal of intervening work, unless such refinishing or reconstruction is specified in the plans or specifications.
- (i) The Contractor shall give all required notices to any adjoining or adjacent property owner or other party before the commencement of any work.
- (j) The Contractor shall indemnify and save harmless the PHA from any damages on account of settlement or the loss of lateral support of adjoining property, any damages from changes in topography affecting drainage, and from all loss or expense and all damages for which the PHA may become liable in consequence of such injury or damage to adjoining and adjacent structures and their premises.
- (k) The Contractor shall repair any damage to vegetation, structures, equipment, utilities, or improvements, including those that are the property of a third party, resulting from failure to comply with the requirements of this contract or failure to exercise reasonable care in performing the work. If the Contractor fails or refuses to repair the damage promptly, the Contracting Officer may have the necessary work performed and charge the cost to the Contractor.

17. Temporary Buildings and Transportation of Materials

- (a) Temporary buildings (e.g., storage sheds, shops, offices, sanitary facilities) and utilities may be erected by the Contractor only with the approval of the Contracting Officer and shall be built with labor and materials furnished by the Contractor without expense to the PHA. The temporary buildings and utilities shall remain the property of the Contractor and shall be removed by the Contractor at its expense upon completion of the work. With the written consent of the Contracting Officer, the buildings and utilities may be abandoned and need not be removed.
- (b) The Contractor shall, as directed by the Contracting Officer, use only established roadways, or use temporary roadways constructed by the Contractor when and as authorized by the Contracting Officer. When materials are transported in prosecuting the work, vehicles shall not be loaded beyond the loading capacity recommended by the manufacturer of the vehicle or prescribed by any federal, state, or local law or regulation. When it is necessary to cross curbs or sidewalks, the Contractor shall protect them from damage. The Contractor shall repair or pay for the repair of any damaged curbs, sidewalks, or roads.

18. Clean Air and Water

The contactor shall comply with the Clean Air Act, as amended, 42 USC 7401 et seq., the Federal Water Pollution Control Water Act, as amended, 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq., and standards issued pursuant thereto in the facilities in which this contract is to be performed.

19. Energy Efficiency

The Contractor shall comply with mandatory standards and policies relating to energy efficiency which are contained in the energy conservation plan issued in compliance with the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (Pub.L. 94-163) for the State in which the work under the contract is performed.

20. Inspection and Acceptance of Construction

- (a) Definitions. As used in this clause -
 - (1) "Acceptance" means the act of an authorized representative of the PHA by which the PHA approves and assumes ownership of the work performed under this contract. Acceptance may be partial or complete.
 - (2) "Inspection" means examining and testing the work performed under the contract (including, when appropriate, raw materials, equipment, components, and intermediate assemblies) to determine whether it conforms to contract requirements.
 - (3) "Testing" means that element of inspection that determines the properties or elements, including functional operation of materials, equipment, or their components, by the application of established scientific principles and procedures.
- (b) The Contractor shall maintain an adequate inspection system and perform such inspections as will ensure that the work performed under the contract conforms to contract requirements. All work is subject to PHA inspection and test at all places and at all reasonable times before acceptance to ensure strict compliance with the terms of the contract.
- (c) PHA inspections and tests are for the sole benefit of the PHA and do not: (1) relieve the Contractor of responsibility for providing adequate quality control measures; (2) relieve the Contractor of responsibility for loss or damage of the material before acceptance; (3) constitute or imply acceptance; or, (4) affect the continuing rights of the PHA after acceptance of the completed work under paragraph (j) below.
- (d) The presence or absence of the PHA inspector does not relieve the Contractor from any contract requirement, nor is the inspector authorized to change any term or condition of the specifications without the Contracting Officer's written authorization. All instructions and approvals with respect to the work shall be given to the Contractor by the Contracting Officer.
- (e) The Contractor shall promptly furnish, without additional charge, all facilities, labor, and material reasonably needed for performing such safe and convenient inspections and tests as may be required by the Contracting Officer. The PHA may charge to the Contractor any additional cost of inspection or test when work is not ready at the time specified by the Contractor for inspection or test, or when prior rejection makes reinspection or retest necessary. The PHA shall perform all inspections and tests in a manner that will not unnecessarily delay the work. Special, full size, and performance tests shall be performed as described in the contract.

- (f) The PHA may conduct routine inspections of the construction site on a daily basis.
- (g) The Contractor shall, without charge, replace or correct work found by the PHA not to conform to contract requirements, unless the PHA decides that it is in its interest to accept the work with an appropriate adjustment in contract price. The Contractor shall promptly segregate and remove rejected material from the premises.
- (h) If the Contractor does not promptly replace or correct rejected work, the PHA may (1) by contract or otherwise, replace or correct the work and charge the cost to the Contractor, or (2) terminate for default the Contractor's right to proceed.
- (i) If any work requiring inspection is covered up without approval of the PHA, it must, if requested by the Contracting Officer, be uncovered at the expense of the Contractor. If at any time before final acceptance of the entire work, the PHA considers it necessary or advisable, to examine work already completed by removing or tearing it out, the Contractor, shall on request, promptly furnish all necessary facilities, labor, and material. If such work is found to be defective or nonconforming in any material respect due to the fault of the Contractor or its subcontractors, the Contractor shall defray all the expenses of the examination and of satisfactory reconstruction. If, however, such work is found to meet the requirements of the contract, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment to cover the cost of the examination and reconstruction, including, if completion of the work was thereby delayed, an extension of time.
- (j) The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, as to the date when in its opinion all or a designated portion of the work will be substantially completed and ready for inspection. If the Architect determines that the state of preparedness is as represented, the PHA will promptly arrange for the inspection. Unless otherwise specified in the contract, the PHA shall accept, as soon as practicable after completion and inspection, all work required by the contract or that portion of the work the Contracting Officer determines and designates can be accepted separately. Acceptance shall be final and conclusive except for latent defects, fraud, gross mistakes amounting to fraud, or the PHA's right under any warranty or guarantee.

21. Use and Possession Prior to Completion

- (a) The PHA shall have the right to take possession of or use any completed or partially completed part of the work. Before taking possession of or using any work, the Contracting Officer shall furnish the Contractor a list of items of work remaining to be performed or corrected on those portions of the work that the PHA intends to take possession of or use. However, failure of the Contracting Officer to list any item of work shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for complying with the terms of the contract. The PHA's possession or use shall not be deemed an acceptance of any work under the contract.
- (b) While the PHA has such possession or use, the Contractor shall be relieved of the responsibility for (1) the loss of or damage to the work resulting from the PHA's possession or use, notwithstanding the terms of the clause entitled Permits and Codes herein; (2) all maintenance costs on the areas occupied; and, (3) furnishing heat, light, power, and water used in the areas

occupied without proper remuneration therefore. If prior possession or use by the PHA delays the progress of the work or causes additional expense to the Contractor, an equitable adjustment shall be made in the contract price or the time of completion, and the contract shall be modified in writing accordingly.

22. Warranty of Title

The Contractor warrants good title to all materials, supplies, and equipment incorporated in the work and agrees to deliver the premises together with all improvements thereon free from any claims, liens or charges, and agrees further that neither it nor any other person, firm or corporation shall have any right to a lien upon the premises or anything appurtenant thereto.

23. Warranty of Construction

- (a) In addition to any other warranties in this contract, the Contractor warrants, except as provided in paragraph (j) of this clause, that work performed under this contract conforms to the contract requirements and is free of any defect in equipment, material, or workmanship performed by the Contractor or any subcontractor or supplier at any tier. This warranty shall continue for a period of (one year unless otherwise indicated) from the date of final acceptance of the work. If the PHA takes possession of any part of the work before final acceptance, this warranty shall continue for a period of (one year unless otherwise indicated) from the date that the PHA takes possession.
- (b) The Contractor shall remedy, at the Contractor's expense, any failure to conform, or any defect. In addition, the Contractor shall remedy, at the Contractor's expense, any damage to PHA-owned or controlled real or personal property when the damage is the result of—
 - The Contractor's failure to conform to contract requirements; or
 - (2) Any defects of equipment, material, workmanship or design furnished by the Contractor.
- (c) The Contractor shall restore any work damaged in fulfilling the terms and conditions of this clause. The Contractor's warranty with respect to work repaired or replaced will run for (one year unless otherwise indicated) from the date of repair or replacement.
- (d) The Contracting Officer shall notify the Contractor, in writing, within a reasonable time after the discovery of any failure, defect or damage.
- (e) If the Contractor fails to remedy any failure, defect, or damage within a reasonable time after receipt of notice, the PHA shall have the right to replace, repair or otherwise remedy the failure, defect, or damage at the Contractor's expense.
- (f) With respect to all warranties, express or implied, from subcontractors, manufacturers, or suppliers for work performed and materials furnished under this contract, the Contractor shall:
 - Obtain all warranties that would be given in normal commercial practice;
 - (2) Require all warranties to be executed in writing, for the benefit of the PHA; and,
 - (3) Enforce all warranties for the benefit of the PHA.
- (g) In the event the Contractor's warranty under paragraph (a) of this clause has expired, the PHA may bring suit at its own expense to enforce a subcontractor's, manufacturer's or supplier's warranty.

- (h) Unless a defect is caused by the negligence of the Contractor or subcontractor or supplier at any tier, the Contractor shall not be liable for the repair of any defect of material or design furnished by the PHA nor for the repair of any damage that results from any defect in PHA furnished material or design.
- (i) Notwithstanding any provisions herein to the contrary, the establishment of the time periods in paragraphs (a) and (c) above relate only to the specific obligation of the Contractor to correct the work, and have no relationship to the time within which its obligation to comply with the contract may be sought to be enforced, nor to the time within which proceedings may be commenced to establish the Contractor's liability with respect to its obligation other than specifically to correct the work.
- (j) This warranty shall not limit the PHA's rights under the Inspection and Acceptance of Construction clause of this contract with respect to latent defects, gross mistakes or fraud.

24. Prohibition Against Liens

The Contractor is prohibited from placing a lien on the PHA's property. This prohibition shall apply to all subcontractors at any tier and all materials suppliers.

Administrative Requirements

25. Contract Period

this contract within calendar days of the effective date of the contract, or within the time schedule established in the notice to proceed issued by the Contracting Officer.

26. Order of Provisions

In the event of a conflict between these General Conditions and the Specifications, the General Conditions shall prevail. In the event of a conflict between the contract and any applicable state or local law or regulation, the state or local law or regulation shall prevail; provided that such state or local law or regulation does not conflict with, or is less restrictive than applicable federal law, regulation, or Executive Order. In the event of such a conflict, applicable federal law, regulation, and Executive Order shall prevail.

27. Payments

- (a) The PHA shall pay the Contractor the price as provided in this contract.
- (b) The PHA shall make progress payments approximately every 30 days as the work proceeds, on estimates of work accomplished which meets the standards of quality established under the contract, as approved by the Contracting Officer. The PHA may, subject to written determination and approval of the Contracting Officer, make more frequent payments to contractors which are qualified small businesses.
- (c) Before the first progress payment under this contract, the Contractor shall furnish, in such detail as requested by the Contracting Officer, a breakdown of the total contract price showing the amount included therein for each principal category of the work, which shall substantiate the payment amount requested in order to provide a

- basis for determining progress payments. The breakdown shall be approved by the Contracting Officer and must be acceptable to HUD. If the contract covers more than one project, the Contractor shall furnish a separate breakdown for each. The values and quantities employed in making up this breakdown are for determining the amount of progress payments and shall not be construed as a basis for additions to or deductions from the contract price. The Contractor shall prorate its overhead and profit over the construction period of the contract.
- (d) The Contractor shall submit, on forms provided by the PHA, periodic estimates showing the value of the work performed during each period based upon the approved
 - submitted not later than ______ days in advance of the date set for payment and are subject to correction and revision as required. The estimates must be approved by the Contracting Officer with the concurrence of the Architect prior to payment. If the contract covers more than one project, the Contractor shall furnish a separate progress payment estimate for each.
- (e) Along with each request for progress payments and the required estimates, the Contractor shall furnish the following certification, or payment shall not be made: I hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief, that
 - The amounts requested are only for performance in accordance with the specifications, terms, and conditions of the contract;
 - (2) Payments to subcontractors and suppliers have been made from previous payments received under the contract, and timely payments will be made from the proceeds of the payment covered by this certification, in accordance with subcontract agreements; and,
 - (3) This request for progress payments does not include any amounts which the prime contractor intends to withhold or retain from a subcontractor or supplier in accordance with the terms and conditions of the subcontract.

Name:			
Title:			

- (f) Except as otherwise provided in State law, the PHA shall retain ten (10) percent of the amount of progress payments until completion and acceptance of all work under the contract; except, that if upon completion of 50 percent of the work, the Contracting Officer, after consulting with the Architect, determines that the Contractor's performance and progress are satisfactory, the PHA may make the remaining payments in full for the work subsequently completed. If the Contracting Officer subsequently determines that the Contractor's performance and progress are unsatisfactory, the PHA shall reinstate the ten (10) percent (or other percentage as provided in State law) retainage until such time as the Contracting Officer determines that performance and progress are satisfactory.
- (g) The Contracting Officer may authorize material delivered on the site and preparatory work done to be taken into consideration when computing progress payments.

- Material delivered to the Contractor at locations other than the site may also be taken into consideration if the Contractor furnishes satisfactory evidence that (1) it has acquired title to such material; (2) the material is properly stored in a bonded warehouse, storage yard, or similar suitable place as may be approved by the Contracting Officer; (3) the material is insured to cover its full value; and (4) the material will be used to perform this contract. Before any progress payment which includes delivered material is made, the Contractor shall furnish such documentation as the Contracting Officer may require to assure the protection of the PHA's interest in such materials. The Contractor shall remain responsible for such stored material notwithstanding the transfer of title to the PHA.
- (h) All material and work covered by progress payments made shall, at the time of payment become the sole property of the PHA, but this shall not be construed as (1) relieving the Contractor from the sole responsibility for all material and work upon which payments have been made or the restoration of any damaged work; or, (2) waiving the right of the PHA to require the fulfillment of all of the terms of the contract. In the event the work of the Contractor has been damaged by other contractors or persons other than employees of the PHA in the course of their employment, the Contractor shall restore such damaged work without cost to the PHA and to seek redress for its damage only from those who directly caused it.
- (i) The PHA shall make the final payment due the Contractor under this contract after (1) completion and final acceptance of all work; and (2) presentation of release of all claims against the PHA arising by virtue of this contract, other than claims, in stated amounts, that the Contractor has specifically excepted from the operation of the release. Each such exception shall embrace no more than one claim, the basis and scope of which shall be clearly defined. The amounts for such excepted claims shall not be included in the request for final payment. A release may also be required of the assignee if the Contractor's claim to amounts payable under this contract has been assigned.
- (j) Prior to making any payment, the Contracting Officer may require the Contractor to furnish receipts or other evidence of payment from all persons performing work and supplying material to the Contractor, if the Contracting Officer determines such evidence is necessary to substantiate claimed costs.
- (k) The PHA shall not; (1) determine or adjust any claims for payment or disputes arising there under between the Contractor and its subcontractors or material suppliers; or, (2) withhold any moneys for the protection of the subcontractors or material suppliers. The failure or refusal of the PHA to withhold moneys from the Contractor shall in nowise impair the obligations of any surety or sureties under any bonds furnished under this contract.

28. Contract Modifications

- (a) Only the Contracting Officer has authority to modify any term or condition of this contract. Any contract modification shall be authorized in writing.
- (b) The Contracting Officer may modify the contract unilaterally (1) pursuant to a specific authorization stated in a contract clause (e.g., Changes); or (2) for administrative matters which do not change the rights or

- responsibilities of the parties (e.g., change in the PHA address). All other contract modifications shall be in the form of supplemental agreements signed by the Contractor and the Contracting Officer.
- (c) When a proposed modification requires the approval of HUD prior to its issuance (e.g., a change order that exceeds the PHA's approved threshold), such modification shall not be effective until the required approval is received by the PHA.

29. Changes

- (a) The Contracting Officer may, at any time, without notice to the sureties, by written order designated or indicated to be a change order, make changes in the work within the general scope of the contract including changes:

 (1) In the specifications (including drawings and designs);
 (2) In the method or manner of performance of the work;
 - (3) PHA-furnished facilities, equipment, materials, services, or site; or,
 - (4) Directing the acceleration in the performance of the work.
- (b) Any other written order or oral order (which, as used in this paragraph (b), includes direction, instruction, interpretation, or determination) from the Contracting Officer that causes a change shall be treated as a change order under this clause; provided, that the Contractor gives the Contracting Officer written notice stating (1) the date, circumstances and source of the order and (2) that the Contractor regards the order as a change order.
- (c) Except as provided in this clause, no order, statement or conduct of the Contracting Officer shall be treated as a change under this clause or entitle the Contractor to an equitable adjustment.
- (d) If any change under this clause causes an increase or decrease in the Contractor's cost of, or the time required for the performance of any part of the work under this contract, whether or not changed by any such order, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment and modify the contract in writing. However, except for a adjustment based on defective specifications, no proposal for any change under paragraph (b) above shall be allowed for any costs incurred more than 20 days (5 days for oral orders) before the Contractor gives written notice as required. In the case of defective specifications for which the PHA is responsible, the equitable adjustment shall include any increased cost reasonably incurred by the Contractor in attempting to comply with the defective specifications.
- (e) The Contractor must assert its right to an adjustment under this clause within 30 days after (1) receipt of a written change order under paragraph (a) of this clause, or (2) the furnishing of a written notice under paragraph (b) of this clause, by submitting a written statement describing the general nature and the amount of the proposal. If the facts justify it, the Contracting Officer may extend the period for submission. The proposal may be included in the notice required under paragraph (b) above. No proposal by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment shall be allowed if asserted after final payment under this contract.
- (f) The Contractor's written proposal for equitable adjustment shall be submitted in the form of a lump sum proposal supported with an itemized breakdown of all increases and decreases in the contract in at least the following details:

- (1) Direct Costs. Materials (list individual items, the quantity and unit cost of each, and the aggregate cost); Transportation and delivery costs associated with materials; Labor breakdowns by hours or unit costs (identified with specific work to be performed); Construction equipment exclusively necessary for the change; Costs of preparation and/ or revision to shop drawings resulting from the change; Worker's Compensation and Public Liability Insurance; Employment taxes under FICA and FUTA; and, Bond Costs when size of change warrants revision.
- (2)Indirect Costs. Indirect costs may include overhead, general and administrative expenses, and fringe benefits not normally treated as direct costs.
- (3) Profit. The amount of profit shall be negotiated and may vary according to the nature, extent, and complexity of the work required by the change. The allowability of the direct and indirect costs shall be determined in accordance with the Contract Cost Principles and Procedures for Commercial Firms in Part 31 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR 1-31), as implemented by HUD Handbook 2210.18, in effect on the date of this contract. The Contractor shall not be allowed a profit on the profit received by any subcontractor. Equitable adjustments for deleted work shall include a credit for profit and may include a credit for indirect costs. On proposals covering both increases and decreases in the amount of the contract, the application of indirect costs and profit shall be on the net-change in direct costs for the Contractor or subcontractor performing the work.
- (g) The Contractor shall include in the proposal its request for time extension (if any), and shall include sufficient information and dates to demonstrate whether and to what extent the change will delay the completion of the contract in its entirety.
- (h) The Contracting Officer shall act on proposals within 30 days after their receipt, or notify the Contractor of the date when such action will be taken.
- (i) Failure to reach an agreement on any proposal shall be a dispute under the clause entitled Disputes herein. Nothing in this clause, however, shall excuse the Contractor from proceeding with the contract as changed.
- (j) Except in an emergency endangering life or property, no change shall be made by the Contractor without a prior order from the Contracting Officer.

30. Suspension of Work

- (a) The Contracting Officer may order the Contractor in writing to suspend, delay, or interrupt all or any part of the work of this contract for the period of time that the Contracting Officer determines appropriate for the convenience of the PHA.
- (b) If the performance of all or any part of the work is, for an unreasonable period of time, suspended, delayed, or interrupted (1) by an act of the Contracting Officer in the administration of this contract, or (2) by the Contracting Officer's failure to act within the time specified (or within a reasonable time if not specified) in this contract an adjustment shall be made for any increase in the cost of performance of the contract (excluding profit) necessarily caused by such unreasonable suspension, delay, or interruption and the contract modified in writing accordingly. However, no adjustment shall be made under this clause for any suspension, delay, or interruption to the extent that performance would have

- been so suspended, delayed, or interrupted by any other cause, including the fault or negligence of the Contractor or for which any equitable adjustment is provided for or excluded under any other provision of this contract.
- (c) A claim under this clause shall not be allowed (1) for any costs incurred more than 20 days before the Contractor shall have notified the Contracting Officer in writing of the act or failure to act involved (but this requirement shall not apply as to a claim resulting from a suspension order); and, (2) unless the claim, in an amount stated, is asserted in writing as soon as practicable after the termination of the suspension, delay, or interruption, but not later than the date of final payment under the contract.

31. Disputes

- (a) "Claim," as used in this clause, means a written demand or written assertion by one of the contracting parties seeking, as a matter of right, the payment of money in a sum certain, the adjustment or interpretation of contract terms, or other relief arising under or relating to the contract. A claim arising under the contract, unlike a claim relating to the contract, is a claim that can be resolved under a contract clause that provides for the relief sought by the claimant. A voucher, invoice, or other routine request for payment that is not in dispute when submitted is not a claim. The submission may be converted to a claim by complying with the requirements of this clause, if it is disputed either as to liability or amount or is not acted upon in a reasonable time.
- (b) Except for disputes arising under the clauses entitled Labor Standards - Davis Bacon and Related Acts, herein, all disputes arising under or relating to this contract, including any claims for damages for the alleged breach thereof which are not disposed of by agreement, shall be resolved under this clause.
- (c) All claims by the Contractor shall be made in writing and submitted to the Contracting Officer for a written decision. A claim by the PHA against the Contractor shall be subject to a written decision by the Contracting Officer.
- (d) The Contracting Officer shall, within 60 (unless otherwise indicated) days after receipt of the request, decide the claim or notify the Contractor of the date by which the decision will be made.
- (e) The Contracting Officer's decision shall be final unless the Contractor (1) appeals in writing to a higher level in the PHA in accordance with the PHA's policy and procedures, (2) refers the appeal to an independent mediator or arbitrator, or (3) files suit in a court of competent jurisdiction. Such appeal must be made within (30 unless otherwise indicated) days after receipt of the Contracting Officer's decision.
- (f) The Contractor shall proceed diligently with performance of this contract, pending final resolution of any request for relief, claim, appeal, or action arising under or relating to the contract, and comply with any decision of the Contracting Officer.

32. Default

(a) If the Contractor refuses or fails to prosecute the work, or any separable part thereof, with the diligence that will insure its completion within the time specified in this contract, or any extension thereof, or fails to complete said work within this time, the Contracting Officer may, by written notice to the Contractor, terminate the right to proceed with the work (or separable part of the work) that has been delayed. In this event, the PHA may take over the work and complete it, by contract or otherwise, and may take possession of and use any materials, equipment, and plant on the work site necessary for completing the work. The Contractor and its sureties shall be liable for any damage to the PHA resulting from the Contractor's refusal or failure to complete the work within the specified time, whether or not the Contractor's right to proceed with the work is terminated. This liability includes any increased costs incurred by the PHA in completing the work.

- (b) The Contractor's right to proceed shall not be terminated or the Contractor charged with damages under this clause if—
 - (1) The delay in completing the work arises from unforeseeable causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor. Examples of such causes include (i) acts of God, or of the public enemy, (ii) acts of the PHA or other governmental entity in either its sovereign or contractual capacity, (iii) acts of another contractor in the performance of a contract with the PHA, (iv) fires, (v) floods, (vi) epidemics, (vii) quarantine restrictions, (viii) strikes, (ix) freight embargoes, (x) unusually severe weather, or (xi) delays of subcontractors or suppliers at any tier arising from unforeseeable causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of both the Contractor and the subcontractors or suppliers; and
 - (2) The Contractor, within days (10 days unless otherwise indicated) from the beginning of such delay (unless extended by the Contracting Officer) notifies the Contracting Officer in writing of the causes of delay. The Contracting Officer shall ascertain the facts and the extent of the delay. If, in the judgment of the Contracting Officer, the findings of fact warrant such action, time for completing the work shall be extended by written modification to the contract. The findings of the Contracting Officer shall be reduced to a written decision which shall be subject to the provisions of the Disputes clause of this contract.
- (c) If, after termination of the Contractor's right to proceed, it is determined that the Contractor was not in default, or that the delay was excusable, the rights and obligations of the parties will be the same as if the termination had been for convenience of the PHA.

33. Liquidated Damages

- (a) If the Contractor fails to complete the work within the time specified in the contract, or any extension, as specified in the clause entitled Default of this contract, the Contractor shall pay to the PHA as liquidated damages, the sum of \$_____Contracting Officer insert amount] for each day of delay. If different completion dates are specified in the contract for separate parts or stages of the work, the amount of liquidated damages shall be assessed on those parts or stages which are delayed. To the extent that the Contractor's delay or nonperformance is excused under another clause in this contract, liquidated damages shall not be due the PHA. The Contractor remains liable for damages caused other than by delay.
- (b) If the PHA terminates the Contractor's right to proceed, the resulting damage will consist of liquidated damages until such reasonable time as may be required for final

- completion of the work together with any increased costs occasioned the PHA in completing the work.
- (c) If the PHA does not terminate the Contractor's right to proceed, the resulting damage will consist of liquidated damages until the work is completed or accepted.

34. Termination for Convenience

- (a) The Contracting Officer may terminate this contract in whole, or in part, whenever the Contracting Officer determines that such termination is in the best interest of the PHA. Any such termination shall be effected by delivery to the Contractor of a Notice of Termination specifying the extent to which the performance of the work under the contract is terminated, and the date upon which such termination becomes effective.
- (b) If the performance of the work is terminated, either in whole or in part, the PHA shall be liable to the Contractor for reasonable and proper costs resulting from such termination upon the receipt by the PHA of a properly presented claim setting out in detail: (1) the total cost of the work performed to date of termination less the total amount of contract payments made to the Contractor; (2) the cost (including reasonable profit) of settling and paying claims under subcontracts and material orders for work performed and materials and supplies delivered to the site, payment for which has not been made by the PHA to the Contractor or by the Contractor to the subcontractor or supplier; (3) the cost of preserving and protecting the work already performed until the PHA or assignee takes possession thereof or assumes responsibility therefore; (4) the actual or estimated cost of legal and accounting services reasonably necessary to prepare and present the termination claim to the PHA; and (5) an amount constituting a reasonable profit on the value of the work performed by the Contractor.
- (c) The Contracting Officer will act on the Contractor's claim within days (60 days unless otherwise indicated) of receipt of the Contractor's claim.
- (d) Any disputes with regard to this clause are expressly made subject to the provisions of the Disputes clause of this contract.

35. Assignment of Contract

The Contractor shall not assign or transfer any interest in this contract; except that claims for monies due or to become due from the PHA under the contract may be assigned to a bank, trust company, or other financial institution. Such assignments of claims shall only be made with the written concurrence of the Contracting Officer. If the Contractor is a partnership, this contract shall inure to the benefit of the surviving or remaining member(s) of such partnership as approved by the Contracting Officer.

36. Insurance

- (a) Before commencing work, the Contractor and each subcontractor shall furnish the PHA with certificates of insurance showing the following insurance is in force and will insure all operations under the Contract:
 - (1) Workers' Compensation, in accordance with state or Territorial Workers' Compensation laws.
 - (2) Commercial General Liability with a combined single limit for bodily injury and property damage of not less than \$ _____ [Contracting Officer insert amount]

- per occurrence to protect the Contractor and each subcontractor against claims for bodily injury or death and damage to the property of others. This shall cover the use of all equipment, hoists, and vehicles on the site(s) not covered by Automobile Liability under (3) below. If the Contractor has a "claims made" policy, then the following additional requirements apply: the policy must provide a "retroactive date" which must be on or before the execution date of the Contract; and the extended reporting period may not be less than five years following the completion date of the Contract.
- (b) Before commencing work, the Contractor shall furnish the PHA with a certificate of insurance evidencing that Builder's Risk (fire and extended coverage) Insurance on all work in place and/or materials stored at the building site(s), including foundations and building equipment, is in force. The Builder's Risk Insurance shall be for the benefit of the Contractor and the PHA as their interests may appear and each shall be named in the policy or policies as an insured. The Contractor in installing equipment supplied by the PHA shall carry insurance on such equipment from the time the Contractor takes possession thereof until the Contract work is accepted by the PHA. The Builder's Risk Insurance need not be carried on excavations, piers, footings, or foundations until such time as work on the superstructure is started. It need not be carried on landscape work. Policies shall furnish coverage at all times for the full cash value of all completed construction, as well as materials in place and/or stored at the site(s), whether or not partial payment has been made by the PHA. The Contractor may terminate this insurance on buildings as of the date taken over for occupancy by the PHA. The Contractor is not required to carry Builder's Risk Insurance for modernization work which does not involve structural alterations or additions and where the PHA's existing fire and extended coverage policy can be endorsed to include such work.
- (c) All insurance shall be carried with companies which are financially responsible and admitted to do business in the State in which the project is located. If any such insurance is due to expire during the construction period, the Contractor (including subcontractors, as applicable) shall not permit the coverage to lapse and shall furnish evidence of coverage to the Contracting Officer. All certificates of insurance, as evidence of coverage, shall provide that no coverage may be canceled or nonrenewed by the insurance company until at least 30 days prior written notice has been given to the Contracting Officer.

37. Subcontracts

- (a) Definitions. As used in this contract -
 - (1) "Subcontract" means any contract, purchase order, or other purchase agreement, including modifications and change orders to the foregoing, entered into by a subcontractor to furnish supplies, materials, equipment, and services for the performance of the prime contract or a subcontract.

- (2) "Subcontractor" means any supplier, vendor, or firm that furnishes supplies, materials, equipment, or services to or for the Contractor or another subcontractor.
- (b) The Contractor shall not enter into any subcontract with any subcontractor who has been temporarily denied participation in a HUD program or who has been suspended or debarred from participating in contracting programs by any agency of the United States Government or of the state in which the work under this contract is to be performed.
- (c) The Contractor shall be as fully responsible for the acts or omissions of its subcontractors, and of persons either directly or indirectly employed by them as for the acts or omissions of persons directly employed by the Contractor.
- (d) The Contractor shall insert appropriate clauses in all subcontracts to bind subcontractors to the terms and conditions of this contract insofar as they are applicable to the work of subcontractors.
- (e) Nothing contained in this contract shall create any contractual relationship between any subcontractor and the PHA or between the subcontractor and HUD.

38. Subcontracting with Small and Minority Firms, Women's Business Enterprise, and Labor Surplus Area Firms

The Contractor shall take the following steps to ensure that, whenever possible, subcontracts are awarded to small business firms, minority firms, women's business enterprises, and labor surplus area firms:

- (a) Placing qualified small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises on solicitation lists;
- (b) Ensuring that small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises are solicited whenever they are potential sources;
- (c) Dividing total requirements, when economically feasible, into smaller tasks or quantities to permit maximum participation by small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises;
- (d) Establishing delivery schedules, where the requirements of the contract permit, which encourage participation by small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises; and
- (e) Using the services and assistance of the U.S. Small Business Administration, the Minority Business Development Agency of the U.S. Department of Commerce, and State and local governmental small business agencies.

39. Equal Employment Opportunity

for training including apprenticeship

During the performance of this contract, the Contractor/ Seller agrees as follows:

- (a) The Contractor/Seller shall not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of of race color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, or national origin.
- (b) The Contractor/Seller shall take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to, (1) employment, (2) upgrading demotion, (4) transfer, (5) recruitment or recruitment advertising, (6) layoff or termination, (7) rates of pay or other forms of compensation, and (8) selection

- (c) The Contractor/Seller agrees to post in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment the notices to be provided by the Contracting Officer setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.
- (d) The Contractor/Seller shall, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the Contractor/Seller, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.
- (e) The Contractor/Seller shall send, to each labor union or representative of workers with which it has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, the notice to be provided by the Contracting Officer advising the labor union or workers' representative of the Contractor's commitments under this clause, and post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.
- (f) The Contractor/Seller shall comply with Executive Order 11246, as amended, and the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor.
- (g) The Contractor/Seller shall furnish all information and reports required by Executive Order 11246, as amended, Section 503 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, and by rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor, or pursuant thereto. The Contractor/Seller shall permit
- access to its books, records, and accounts by the Secretary of Labor for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with such rules, regulations, and orders.
- (h) In the event of a that the Contractor/Seller is in non-compliance with the nondiscrimination clauses of this contract or with any of such rules, regulations, or orders, this contract may be canceled, terminated or suspended in whole or in part and the contractor/seller may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts in accordance with procedures authorized in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and such other sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked as provided in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, or by rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor, or as otherwise provided by law.
- (i)The contractor/seller will include the provisions of paragraphs (a) through (h) in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued pursuant to section 204 of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, so that such provisions will be binding upon each sub[contractor/seller] or vendor. The [contractor/seller] will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as may be directed by the Secretary of Labor as a means of enforcing such provisions in cluding sanctions for noncompliance: Provided, however, that in the event the [contractor/seller] becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction, the [contractor/seller] may request the United States to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.
- (j) Compliance with the requirements of this clause shall be to the maximum extent consistent with, but not in derogation of, compliance with section 7(b) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act and the Indian Preference clause of this contract.
- 40. Employment, Training, and Contracting
 Opportunities for Low-Income Persons, Section 3 of
 the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968.

- (a) The work to be performed under this contract is subject to the requirements of section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, as amended, 12 U.S.C. 1701u (section 3). The purpose of section 3 is to ensure that employment and other economic opportunities generated by HUD assistance or HUD-assisted projects covered by section 3, shall, to the greatest extent feasible, be directed to low- and very low-income persons, particularly persons who are recipients of HUD assistance for housing.
- (b) The parties to this contract agree to comply with HUD's regulations in 24 CFR Part 135, which implement section 3. As evidenced by their execution of this contract, the parties to this contract certify that they are under no contractual or other impediment that would prevent them from complying with the Part 135 regulations.
- (c) The contractor agrees to send to each labor organization or representative of workers with which the contractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other understanding, if any, a notice advising the labor organization or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under this section 3 clause, and will post copies of the notice in conspicuous places at the work site where both employees and applicants for training and employment positions can see the notice. The notice shall describe the section 3 preference, shall set forth minimum number and job titles subject to hire, availability of apprenticeship and training positions, the qualifications for each; and the name and location of the person(s) taking applications for each of the positions; and the anticipated date the work shall begin.
- (d) The contractor agrees to include this section 3 clause in every subcontract subject to compliance with regulations in 24 CFR Part 135, and agrees to take appropriate action, as provided in an applicable provision of the subcontract or in this section 3 clause, upon a finding that the subcontractor is in violation of the regulations in 24 CFR Part 135. The contractor will not subcontract with any subcontractor where the contractor has notice or knowledge that the subcontractor has been found in violation of the regulations in 24 CFR Part 135.
- (e) The contractor will certify that any vacant employment positions, including training positions, that are filled (1) after the contractor is selected but before the contract is executed, and (2) with persons other than those to whom the regulations of 24 CFR Part 135 require employment opportunities to be directed, were not filled to circumvent the contractor's obligations under 24 CFR Part 135.
- (f) Noncompliance with HUD's regulations in 24 CFR Part 135 may result in sanctions, termination of this contract for default, and debarment or suspension from future HUD assisted contracts.
- (g) With respect to work performed in connection with section 3 covered Indian housing assistance, section 7(b) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450e) also applies to the work to be performed under this contract. Section 7(b) requires that to the greatest extent feasible (i) preference and opportunities for training and employment shall be given to Indians, and (ii) preference in the award of contracts and subcontracts shall be given to Indian organizations and Indian-owned Economic Enterprises. Parties to this contract that are subject to the provisions of section 3 and section 7(b)agree to comply with section 3 to the maximum extent feasible, but not in derogation of compliance with section 7(b).

41. Interest of Members of Congress

No member of or delegate to the Congress of the United States of America shall be admitted to any share or part of this contract or to any benefit that may arise therefrom.

42. Interest of Members, Officers, or Employees and Former Members, Officers, or Employees

No member, officer, or employee of the PHA, no member of the governing body of the locality in which the project is situated, no member of the governing body of the locality in which the PHA was activated, and no other public official of such locality or localities who exercises any functions or responsibilities with respect to the project, shall, during his or her tenure, or for one year thereafter, have any interest, direct or indirect, in this contract or the proceeds thereof.

43. Limitations on Payments made to Influence Certain Federal Financial Transactions

- (a) The Contractor agrees to comply with Section 1352 of Title 31, United States Code which prohibits the use of Federal appropriated funds to pay any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, and officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with any of the following covered Federal actions: the awarding of any Federal contract; the making of any Federal grant; the making of any Federal loan; the entering into of any cooperative agreement; or the modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- (b) The Contractor further agrees to comply with the requirement of the Act to furnish a disclosure (OMB Standard Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities) if any funds other than Federal appropriated funds (including profit or fee received under a covered Federal transaction) have been paid, or will be paid, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with a Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

44. Royalties and Patents

The Contractor shall pay all royalties and license fees. It shall defend all suits or claims for infringement of any patent rights and shall save the PHA harmless from loss on account thereof; except that the PHA shall be responsible for all such loss when a particular design, process or the product of a particular manufacturer or manufacturers is specified and the Contractor has no reason to believe that the specified design, process, or product is an infringement. If, however, the Contractor has reason to believe that any design, process or product specified is an infringement of a patent, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer. Failure to give such notice shall make the Contractor responsible for resultant loss.

45. Examination and Retention of Contractor's Records

- (a) The PHA, HUD, or Comptroller General of the United States, or any of their duly authorized representatives shall, until 3 years after final payment under this contract, have access to and the right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent books, documents, papers, or other records involving transactions related to this contract for the purpose of making audit, examination, excerpts, and transcriptions.
- (b) The Contractor agrees to include in first-tier subcontracts under this contract a clause substantially the same as paragraph (a) above. "Subcontract," as used in this clause, excludes purchase orders not exceeding \$10,000.
- (c) The periods of access and examination in paragraphs (a) and (b) above for records relating to (1) appeals under the Disputes clause of this contract, (2) litigation or settlement of claims arising from the performance of this contract, or (3) costs and expenses of this contract to which the PHA, HUD, or Comptroller General or any of their duly authorized representatives has taken exception shall continue until disposition of such appeals, litigation, claims, or exceptions.

46. Labor Standards - Davis-Bacon and Related Acts

If the total amount of this contract exceeds \$2,000, the Federal labor standards set forth in the clause below shall apply to the development or construction work to be performed under the contract.

(a) Minimum Wages.

(1) All laborers and mechanics employed under this contract in the development or construction of the project(s) involved will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR Part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the Contractor and such laborers and mechanics. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under Section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv): also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the regular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits in the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein; provided, that the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(ii) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall

be posted at all times by the Contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the

- (2) (i) Any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. HUD shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefor only when all the following criteria have been met: (A) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and (B) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and (C) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
 - (ii) If the Contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and HUD or its designee agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by HUD or its designee to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employee Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise HUD or its designee or will notify HUD or its designee within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
 - (iii) In the event the Contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and HUD or its designee do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), HUD or its designee shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of HUD or its designee, to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise HUD or its designee or will notify HUD or its designee within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
 - (iv) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to subparagraphs (a)(2)(ii) or (iii) of this clause shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in classification.
- (3) Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the Contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- (4) If the Contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the Contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the

- amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program; provided, that the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the Contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the Contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.
- (b) Withholding of funds. HUD or its designee shall, upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the Contractor under this contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime Contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime Contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the Contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working in the construction or development of the project, all or part of the wages required by the contract, HUD or its designee may, after written notice to the Contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased. HUD or its designee may, after written notice to the Contractor, disburse such amounts withheld for and on account of the Contractor or subcontractor to the respective employees to whom they are due.
- (c) Payrolls and basic records.
 - (1) Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the Contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working in the construction or development of the project. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made, and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found. under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv), that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the Contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

- (2) (i) The Contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the Contracting Officer for transmission to HUD or its designee. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under subparagraph (c)(1) of this clause. This information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 (Federal Stock Number 029-005-00014-1) is available for this purpose and may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The Contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. (Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB Control Number 1214-0149.)
 - (ii) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the Contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:
 - (A) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be maintained under paragraph (c) (1) of this clause and that such information is correct and complete;
 - (B) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in 29 CFR Part 3; and
 - (C) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
 - (iii) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirements for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by subparagraph (c)(2)(ii) of this clause.
 - (iv) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the Contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under Section 1001 of Title 18 and Section 3729 of Title 31 of the United States Code.
- (3) The Contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under subparagraph (c)(1) available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of HUD or its designee, the Contracting Officer, or the Department of Labor and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the Contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, HUD or its designee may, after written notice to the Contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to

- make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.
- (d) (1) Apprentices. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship and Training, Employer and Labor Services (OATELS), or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by OATELS, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by OATELS or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the Contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated in this paragraph, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the Contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed. Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination. In the event OATELS, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by OATELS, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the Contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.
 - (2) Trainees. Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration. The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under

the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed in the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate in the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate in the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate in the wage determination for the work actually performed. In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the Contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

- (3) Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees, and journeymen under this clause shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR Part 30.
- (e) Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 3, which are hereby incorporated by reference in this contract.
- (f) Contract termination; debarment. A breach of this contract clause may be grounds for termination of the contract and for debarment as a Contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- (g) Compliance with Davis-Bacon and related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and related Acts contained in 29 CFR Parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.
- (h) Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this clause shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR Parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the Contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the PHA, HUD, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.
- (i) Certification of eligibility.
 - (1) By entering into this contract, the Contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the Contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded contracts by the United States Government by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

- (2) No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a United States Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- (3) The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U. S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.
- (j) Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. As used in this paragraph, the terms "laborers" and "mechanics" include watchmen and guards.
 - (1) Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics, including watchmen and guards, shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which the individual is employed on such work to work in excess of 40 hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in such workweek.
 - (2) Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the provisions set forth in subparagraph (j)(1) of this clause, the Contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such Contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic (including watchmen and guards) employed in violation of the provisions set forth in subparagraph (j)(1) of this clause, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of 40 hours without payment of the overtime wages required by provisions set forth in subparagraph (j)(1) of this clause.
 - (3) Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. HUD or its designee shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the Contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any Federal contract with the same prime Contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime Contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such Contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the provisions set forth in subparagraph (j)(2) of this clause.
- (k) Subcontracts. The Contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts all the provisions contained in this clause, and such other clauses as HUD or its designee may by appropriate instructions require, and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these provisions in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime Contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all these provisions.

47. Non-Federal Prevailing Wage Rates

- (a) Any prevailing wage rate (including basic hourly rate and any fringe benefits), determined under State or tribal law to be prevailing, with respect to any employee in any trade or position employed under the contract, is inapplicable to the contract and shall not be enforced against the Contractor or any subcontractor, with respect to employees engaged under the contract whenever such non-Federal prevailing wage rate exceeds:
 - (1) The applicable wage rate determined by the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141 et seq.) to be prevailing in the locality with respect to such trade;
- (b) An applicable apprentice wage rate based thereon specified in an apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) or a DOLrecognized State Apprenticeship Agency; or
- (c) An applicable trainee wage rate based thereon specified in a DOL-certified trainee program.

48. Procurement of Recovered Materials.

- (a) In accordance with Section 6002 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, the Contractor shall procure items designated in guidelines of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) at 40 CFR Part 247 that contain the highest percentage of recovered materials practicable, consistent with maintaining a satisfactory level of competition. The Contractor shall procure items designated in the EPA guidelines that contain the highest percentage of recovered materials practicable unless the Contractor determines that such items: (1) are not reasonably available in a reasonable period of time; (2) fail to meet reasonable performance standards, which shall be determined on the basis of the guidelines of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, if applicable to the item; or (3) are only available at an unreasonable price.
- (b) Paragraph (a) of this clause shall apply to items purchased under this contract where: (1) the Contractor purchases in excess of \$10,000 of the item under this contract; or (2) during the preceding Federal fiscal year, the Contractor: (i) purchased any amount of the items for use under a contract that was funded with Federal appropriations and was with a Federal agency or a State agency or agency of a political subdivision of a State; and (ii) purchased a total of in excess of \$10,000 of the item both under and outside that contract.

Schedule of Amounts for Contract Payments

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Public and Indian Housing

OMB Approval No. 2577-0157 (Exp. 11/30/2023)

No progress payments shall be made to the contractor unless a schedule of amounts for contract payments in accordance with the construction contract is received.

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. HUD may not conduct or sponsor, and an applicant is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Construction practices and HUD administrative requirements establish the need that HAs maintain certain records or submit certain documents in conjunction with the oversight of the award of construction contracts for the construction of new low-income housing developments or modernization of existing developments. These forms are used by HAs to provide information on the construction progress schedule and schedule of amounts for contract payments. Responses to the collection of information are required to obtain a benefit or to retain a benefit. The information requested does not lend itself to confidentiality.

the collecti	on of information are required to obtain	a benefit or to retain a bei	nefit. The information	n requested does n	ot lend itself to confi	dentiality.
Project Nam	e and Location				Project Number	
Name, Addr	ess, and Zip Code of Contractor					
Nature of Co	ontract				Contract Number	
Approved fo	r Contractor by	Title			Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	
Approved fo	r Architect by	Title			Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	
Approved fo	r Owner by	Title			Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	
Item No. (1)	Description of Item (2)	Quantity (3)	Unit of Measure (4)	Unit Price in Place (5)	Amount of Sub-Item (6)	Amount of Principal Item (7)
			D			
Total Amo	ount of Contract or Carried Forward					\$
Warning: H	t of my knowledge, all the information s IUD will prosecute false claims and stateme	tated herein, as well as a nts. Conviction may result in	ny information provi criminal and/or civil p	ded in the accompanenalties. (18 U.S.C.	1001, 1010, 1012; 31	U.S.C. 3729, 3802)
Signature of	authorized represenative				Date signed (mm/	dd/yyyy)

Instructions for Preparation of form HUD-51000

- A separate breakdown is required for each project and prime contract instructions for preparation are given below.
 - a. **Heading.** Enter all identifying information required for both forms
 - b. Columns 1 and 2. In column 1, enter the item numbers starting with No. 1, and in column 2 enter each principal division of work incorporated in the contract work.
 - (1) Master List. The Master list contains the basic items into which any construction contract may be subdivided for the purpose of preparing the Construction Progress Schedule and the Periodical Estimates for Partial Payments. Only those items shall be selected which apply to the particular contract. To ensure uniformity, no change shall be made in the item numbers. Generally, about 25 to 40 major items appear in a contract.
 - (2) Items Subdivided. In the Contractor's breakdown, against which all periodical estimates will be checked prior to payment, each major item must be subdivided into sub-items pertinent to the project involved and in agreement with the Contractor's intended basis for requesting monthly payments.
 - c. **Column 3.** Enter the total quantity for each sub-item of each principal division of work listed in the breakdown.

- d. **Column 4.** Enter the appropriate unit of measure for each subitem of work opposite the quantities described in column 3, such as "sq. ft.," "cu. yd.," "tons," "lb.," "lumber per M/BM," "brickwork per M," etc., applicable to the particular sub-item. Items shown on "lump sum" or equivalent basis will be paid for only on completion of the whole item and not on a percentage of completion basis.
- e. Column 5. Enter the unit price, in place, of each sub-item of work.
- f. Column 6. Enter the amount of each sub-item obtained by multiplying the quantities in column 3 by the corresponding unit prices in column 5.
- g. Column 7. Enter the amount of principal item only, obtained by adding the amounts of all sub-items of each principal division of work listed in column 6. Continue with the breakdown on form HUD-51000.
- h. The "Schedule of Amounts for Contract Payments" shall be signed and dated in the space provided at the bottom of each sheet of the form by the individual who prepared the breakdown for the Contractor.
- The minimum number of copies required for each submission for approval is an original and two copies. When approved, one fully approved copy will be returned to the Contractor.

laster	List of Items				
em No.	Division of Work	Item No.	Division of Work	Item No.	Division of Work
1	Bond	20	Rough Carpentry		Site Improvements
2	General Conditions	21	Metal Bucks	44	Retaining Walls
3	Demolition & Clearing	22	Caulking	45	Storm Sewers
	Demontion & Oleaning	23	Weatherstripping	46	Sanitary Sewers
	Structures	24	Lath & Plastering-Drywall	47	Water Distribution System
4	General Excavation	25	Stucco	48	Gas Distribution System
5	Footing Excavation	26	Finish Carpentry	49	Electrical Distribution System
6	Backfill	27	Finish Hardware	50	Street & Yard Lighting
7 8	Foundation Piles & Caissons	28	Glass & Glazing	51	Fire & Police Alarm System
8	Concrete Foundations	29	Metal Doors	52	Fire Protection System
9	Concrete Superstructures	30	Metal Base & Trim	53	Street Work
10	Reinforcing Steel	31	Toilet Partitions	54	Yard Work
11	Waterproofing & Dampproofing	32	Floors	55	(Other)
12	Spandrel Waterproofing	33	Painting & Decorating	56	(Other)
13	Structural Steel	34	Screens		
14	Masonry	35	Plumbing		Equipment
15	Stonework	36	Heating	57	Shades & Drapery Rods
16	Miscellaneous & Ornamental Metal	37	Ventilating System	58	Ranges
17	Metal Windows	38	Electrical	59	Refrigerators
18	Roofing	39	Elevators	60	Kitchen Cabinets & Work Tables
19	Sheet Metal	40	Elevator Enclosures—Metal	61	Laundry Equipment
		41	Incinerators—Masonry & Parts	62	(Other)
		42	(Other)		
		43	(Other)	63	Punch List \2
				64	Lawns & Planting

¹ General Conditions should be 3% to 5% of contract amount.

² Punch List should be approximately 1/2 of 1% or \$30 per dwelling unit, whichever is greater.

Periodic Estimate for Partial Payment

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Public and Indian Housing

OMB Approval No. 2577-0157 (exp. 11/30/2023)

Submit original and one copy to the Public Housing Agency. Complete instructions are on the back of this form.

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 3.5 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. HUD may not conduct or sponsor, and an applicant is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. This information is collected under the authority of Section 6(c) of the U.S Housing Act of I937 and HUD regulations. HAs are responsible for contract administration to ensure that the work for project development is done in accordance with State laws and HUD requirements. The contractor/subcontractor reports provide details and summaries on payments, change orders, and schedule of materials stored for the project The information will be used to ensure that the total development cost s, identified in the ACC, are kept as low as possible and consistent with HUD construction requirements. Responses to the collection are necessary to obtain a benefit. The information requested does not lend itself to confidentiality.

Name of Public Housing Agency			Periodic Estimate Number	Period	
					yy) To (mm/dd/yyyy)
Location of Project					Project Number
Name of Contractor					Contract Number
Item Number (1)		Description of Item (2)			Completed to Date (3)
					\$
Value of Contract V	Work Completed to Date (T	ransfer this total to line 5	on back of this sheet)		\$

Instructions

Headings. Enter all identifying data required. Periodic estimates must be numbered in sequence beginning with the number 1.

Columns 1 and 2. The "Item Number" and "Description of Item" must correspond to the number and descriptive title assigned to each principal division of work in the "Schedule of Amounts for Contract Payments", form HUD-51000

Column 3. Enter the accumulated value of each principal division of work completed as of the closing date of the periodic estimate. Enter the total in the space provided.

Certifications. The certification of the contractor includes the analysis of amounts used to determine the net balance due. In the first paragraph, enter the name of the Public Housing Agency, the contractor, and the date of the contract. Enter the calculations used in arriving at the "Balance Due This Payment" on lines 1 through 16.

Enter the contractor's name and signature in the certification following line 16.

The latter portion of this certification relating to payment of legal rates of wages, is required by the contract before any payment may be made. However, if the contractor does not choose to certify on behalf of his/her subcontractors to wage payments made by them, he/she may modify the language to cover only himself /herself and attach a list of all subcontractors who employed labor on the site during the period covered by the Periodic Estimate, together with the individual certifications of each.

work has been performed and material supplied in	n full accordance wit	ems and amo h the items a ontractor)	unts shown on the on the ond conditions of the	other side of this for contract between th	m are correct; that all e (name of owner)
dated (mm/dd/yyyy)			ons substitutions alte	erations and additions:	that the following is a
true and correct statement of the Contract Account up This Payment" has been received.	-				-
1. Original Contract Amount				\$	
Approved Change Orders:					
2. Additions (Total from Col. 3, form HUD-51002)	\$				
3. Deductions (Total from Col. 5, form HUD-51002)	\$		(net) \$		
4. Current Adjusted Contract Amount (line 1 plus or	minus net)			\$	
Computation of Balance Due this Payment					
5. Value of Original Contract work completed to date	e (from other side of th	nis form)		\$	
Completed Under Approved Change Orders					
6. Additions (from Col. 4, form HUD-51002)	\$				
7. Deductions (from Col.5, form HUD-51002)	\$		(net) \$		
8. Total Value of Work in Place (line 5 plus or minus	s net line 7)			\$	
9. Less: Retainage,%	\$				
10. Net amount earned to date (line 8 less line 9)			\$		
11. Less: Previously earned (line 10, last Periodic l	Estimate)		\$		
12. Net amount due, work in place (line 10 less line	11)			\$	
Value of Materials Properly Stored					
13. At close of this period (from form HUD-51004)	\$				
14. Less: Allowed last period	\$				
15. Increase (decrease) from amount allowed last p	period \$				
16. Balance Due This Payment				\$	
I further certify that all just and lawful bills against the	undersigned and his/h	er subcontract	ors for labor, material	, and equipment emplo	yed in the performance
of this contract have been paid in full in accordance w	vith the terms and con	ditions of this	contract, and that the	undersigned and his/h	ner subcontractors have
complied with, or that there is an honest dispute with re	espect to, the labor pro	visions of this	contract.		
Name of Contractor Sign	ature of Authorized Rep	presentative	Title		Date (mm/dd/yyyy)
Certificate of Authorized Project Representative at	nd of Contracting Off	ficer	I		<u> </u>
Each of us certifies that he/she has checked and verific statement of the value of work performed and material or by his/her authorized assistants; and that such work	supp l ied by the contra- has been performed o	ctor; that all wo r supplied in fu	ork and material includ	led in this estimate has e drawings and specific	s been inspected by him/he eations, all applicable
accessibility requirements (including Section 504 and T bilities Act, if applicable),the terms and conditions of the duly approved. We, therefore, approve as the "Balance	e contract, and du l y au	thorized devia	,	J	
Authorized Project Representative	Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Contracting O	fficer		Date (mm/dd/yyyy)

I certify the information on this form and in any accompanying documentation is true and accurate. I acknowledge making, presenting, or submitting a false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement, representation, or certification may result in criminal, civil, and/or administrative sanctions, including fines, penalties, and confinement for up to 5 years, (18 U.S.C. §§ 287, 1001 and 31 U.S.C. §3729)

Schedule of Change Orders

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Public and Indian Housing

OMB Approval No. 2577-0157 (exp. 11/30/2023)

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. HUD may not conduct or sponsor, and an applicant is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

This information is collected under the authority of Section 6(c) of the U.S Housing Act of I937 and HUD regulations. HAs are responsible for contract administration to ensure that the work for project development is done in accordance with State laws and HUD requirements. The contractor/subcontractor reports provide details and summaries on payments, change orders, and schedule of materials stored for the project The information will be used to ensure that the total development costs, identified in the ACC, are kept as low as possible and consistent with HUD construction requirements. Responses to the collection are necessary to obtain a benefit. The information requested does not lend itself to confidentiality.

Instructions: Contractors use this form for reporting the details of approved Change Orders. Attach an original (or a opy) to each copy of the Periodic Estimate for Partial Payment (form HUD-51001) submission, and send to the Public Housing Agency. Complete all entries. Only Change Orders which bear the signatures required by the contract are to be recorded.

signatures required by the cor	tract are to be recorded.		T	П	
Name of Public Housing Agency			Supporting Periodic Estimate Period for Partial Payment Number From		to (mm/dd/yyyy)
			and a dynient number	From (mm/dd/yyyy)	to (ITITI/OU/yyyy)
Location of Project					Project Number
LOCATION FIOJECT					i rojectivatibei
Name of Contractor					Contract Number
		_			
Approved Char			Additions		Deductions
Change Order Number	Dated (mm/dd/yyyy)	Total Amour of Change Or	nt Value of Work der Completed to Da	te	Total Amount of Change Order
(1)	(11111)(da) y y y y y) (2)	[] (3)	[] (4)		(5)
		\$	\$	\$	
-	•				
Total	IS	\$	\$	\$	
Authorized Project Representativ	re	Ш	II	Date	(mm/dd/yyyy)

I certify that the information provided on this form and in any accompanying documentation is true and accurate. I acknowledge that making, presenting, or submitting a false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement, representation, or certification may result in criminal, civil, and/or administrative sanctions, including fines, civil penalties, and confinement for up to 5 years, (18 U.S.C. §§ 287, 1001 and 31 U.S.C. §3729)

Schedule of Materials Stored

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Public and Indian Housing

OMB Approval No. 2577-0157 (exp. 11/30/2023)

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1.5 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. HUD may not conduct or sponsor, and an applicant is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. This information is collected under the authority of Section 6(c) of the U.S. Housing Act of I937 and HUD regulations. HAs are responsible for contract administration to ensure that the work for project development is done in accordance with State laws and HUD requirements. The contractor/subcontractor reports provide details and summaries on payments, change orders, and schedule of materials stored for the project The information will be used to ensure that the total development costs, identified in the ACC, are kept as low as possible and consistent with HUD construction requirements. Responses to

Instructions: This form is to be used to support the Periodic Estimate for Partial Payment (form HUD-51001). The contractor must prepare a separate schedule for his/her materials and for those of his/her subcontractors. Attach an original (or a copy) to each copy of the Summary of Materials Stored (form HUD-51004). Enter all identifying data and list materials stored. The listing of materials stored must correspond to the arrangement established on the Schedule of Contract Payments (form HUD-51000) and each item will be keyed by corresponding item number. This form must be signed as noted.

the collection are necessary to obtain a benefit. The information requested does not lend itself to confidentiality.

Name of Public Housing Agency		Supporting Periodic Estimate for Partial Payment Number From (m		Period	(mm/dd/yyyy) To (mm/dd/yyyy)		
Name and Location of Project		'			ı	Project Number	
Name of General Contractor						Contract Number	
Name of Subcontractor						Subcontract Number	
Item Number*	Description and Qualit	y	Quantity	Unit of N	leasure	Unit Price at Site	Total Price
Amount Carried Forward	•	<u>, </u>					\$
Total Amount or Amount	Carried Forward						\$
Prepared by (Contractor's Rep	resentative)	Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Checked by (Owner's	Representa	tive)		Date (mm/dd/yyyy)

I certify that the information provided on this form and in any accompanying documentation is true and accurate. I acknowledge that making, presenting, or submitting a false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement, representation, or certification may result in criminal, civil, and/or administrative sanctions, including fines, penalties, and imprisonment.

Summary of Materials Stored

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Public and Indian Housing OMB Approval No. 2577-0157 (exp. 11/30/2023)

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 2.5 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. HUD may not conduct or sponsor, and an applicant is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. This information is collected under the authority of Section 6(c) of the U.S Housing Act of I937 and HUD regulations. HAs are responsible for contract administration to ensure that the work for project development is done in accordance with State laws and HUD requirements. The contractor/subcontractor reports provide details and summaries on payments, change orders, and schedule of materials stored for the project The information will be used to ensure that the total development costs, identified in the ACC, are kept as low as possible and consistent with HUD construction requirements. Responses to the collection are necessary to obtain a benefit. The information requested does not lend itself to confidentiality.

Instructions: This form is for the Contractor to summarize the value of materials stored at the site (as shown on the schedule, form HUD-51003). Use a separate line for the contractor and each of his/her subcontractors. Prepare an original and one copy, attach form HUD-51003, and send to the Public Housing Agency with the Periodic Estimate for Partial Payment, form HUD-51001. Payment Value. No more than 90 percent of the estimated value of the stored materials will be allowed, and only the net amount will be carried to line 13 on the back of the Periodic Estimate for Partial Payment, form HUD-51001. Signatures. This form must be signed by those employees of the contractor and of the Public Housing Agency who prepare and check the Schedule of Materials Stored, form HUD-51003.

Materials Stored, form HUD-51003.				
Name of Public Housing Agency		Supporting Periodic Estimate for Partial Payment Number	Period From (mm/dd/yyyy)	To (mm/dd/yyyy)
Location of Project				Project Number
Name of General Contractor				Contract Number
Name of General Contractor or Subcontract	or			Amounts
General Contractor	<u>. </u>			\$
Subcontractors				\$
			Total	\$
			Less 10%	\$
			Net	\$
Prepared by	Date (mm/dd/yyyy	Checked by		Date (mm/dd/y
I certify that I or my authorized representa	atives have examined and	L checked in detail the invo	ices representing th	e cost of materials set f
in appended "Schedule of Materials Sto		ated (mm/dd/yyyy)		
submitted by		consisting	ofshe	ets with an indicated c
of \$, and find	d that the net unit prices se	et forth in the schedule are	e the same or less the	nan the invoices examir
and that such materials were suitably stor			/yyyy)	·
Name of Owner	By (Authorized Representative)	Title		Date (mm/dd/yyy
Warning: HLID will prosecute talse claims and si	tatements Conviction may result	ilt in criminal and/or civil penal	ties (18 U.S.C. 1001 1	010 1012 31 U.S.C. 3729





SECTION 3 CONTRACTOR BOOK City of Phoenix







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WHAT IS SECTION 3?

Section 3 is a provision of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701u) that is regulated by the provisions of 24 CFR 75. Section 3 regulations ensure that employment and other economic opportunities generated by certain HUD financial assistance shall, to the greatest extent feasible, and consistent with existing Federal, State and lox`cal laws and regulations, be directed to lowand very low-income persons, particularly those who are recipients of government assistance for housing, and to business concerns which provide economic opportunities to low- and very low-income persons.

The City of Phoenix ("City") is the recipient of certain HUD financial assistance for public housing and housing and community development activities. These programs require compliance with Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968. Section 3 requires that employment and other economic opportunities be directed toward very-low income lowand persons, particularly those who are recipients of federal assistance for housing, and to business concerns that employ these residents.

This handbook is provided as a guide to understanding Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, and the business and employment goals related to this project. It is intended to assist contractors in complying with Section 3 requirements, but does not supersede the contract provisions.



Section 3 requirements do not apply to:

- 1) Material Supply Contracts § 75.3(b),
- 2) Indian and Tribal Preferences § 75.3(c), and
- 3) Other HUD assistance and other Federal assistance not subject to Section 3 §75.3 (d).

CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY

The General Contractor and all subcontractors on this project are subject to compliance with Section 3 requirements as outlined in the Section 3 Clause of each contract, and the implementation of the regulations as outlined in 24 CFR part 75.

The General Contractor is required to incorporate the Section 3 Clause into all subcontracts.

The contractor and subcontractors agree to the greatest extent feasible, meet or exceed the following numerical goal:

1) Twenty-five (25) percent or more of the total number of labor hours worked by all workers on a Section 3 project are Section 3 workers;

Section 3 Labor Hours/Total Labor Hours = 25%

And

2) Five (5) percent or more of the total number of labor hours worked by all workers on a Section 3 project are Targeted Section 3 workers, as defined at 24 CFR Part 75.21 or 24 CFR Part 75.11.

Targeted Section 3 Labor Hours/Total Labor Hours = 5%

Monthly the subcontractors will report Section 3 hours worked, training, and subcontracting activities to the General Contractor. The General Contractor will compile all Section 3 reports for the month (and add their own if applicable) and turn in one monthly report to the project manager at the City. The report must be submitted for a pay application to be processed.

PRIOR TO BEGINNING WORK ON THE SITE

Prior to begging work on the site all contractors and subcontractors must complete the following:

- 1. Include Section 3 language in all contracts and subcontracts
- 2. Complete the Section 3 Business Concern Form
- 3. Have all employees complete Section 3 Employee Certification Form

MONTHLY REPORTING

Davis Bacon

If the project **IS** Davis Bacon monthly hours will be tracked in LCP Tracker to avoid duplicate reporting requirements for hours worked.

Non-Davis Bacon

If the project **IS NOT** Davis Bacon, monthly hours will be reported using the Section 3 Reporting spreadsheet. Each contractor or subcontractor will submit a monthly Section 3 Summary spreadsheet to the City of Phoenix Project Manager assigned to the project. This form will be provided by City of Phoenix staff. The City of Phoenix Project Manager will use the Section 3 Summary spreadsheet to tally the hours worked on the project.

Monthly Reporting Workflow

Subcontractor -> General Contractor/Subrecipient -> City of Phoenix project manager

PRIORITIZATION OF EFFORT FOR EMPLOYMENT, TRAINING, AND CONTRACTING

Contractors and subcontractors should make best efforts to provide employment and training opportunities to Section 3 workers in the priority order listed below:

PUBLIC HOUSING FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

1. To residents of the public housing projects for which the public housing financial assistance is expended;

S3-4

- 2. To residents of other public housing projects managed by the PHA that is providing the assistance or for residents of Section 8-assisted housing managed by the PHA;
- 3. To participants in YouthBuild programs; and
- 4. To low- and very low-income persons residing within the metropolitan area (or nonmetropolitan county) in which the assistance is expended.

HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

Provide employment and training opportunities to Section 3 workers within the metropolitan area in which the project is located in the priority order listed below:

- 1. Section 3 workers residing within the service area or the neighborhood of the project, and
- 2. Participants in YouthBuild programs.

Contractors and subcontractors will be required to certify that they will and have made best efforts to follow the prioritization of effort requirements prior to the beginning work and after work is completed.

CONTRACTING

Under the City of Phoenix's Section 3 Program, contractors and subcontractors must make their best efforts to award contracts and subcontracts to business concerns that provide economic opportunities to Section 3 workers in the following order or priority:

PUBLIC HOUSING FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

- 1) Section 3 business concerns that provide economic opportunities for residents of public housing projects for which the assistance is provided;
- Section 3 business concerns that provide economic opportunities for residents of other public housing projects or Section-8 assisted housing managed by the PHA that is providing assistance;
- 3) YouthBuild programs; and
- 4) Section 3 business concerns that provide economic opportunities to Section 3 workers residing within the metropolitan area (or nonmetropolitan county) in which the assistance is provided.

HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

- 1) Business concerns that provide economic opportunities to Section 3 workers residing within the metropolitan area (or nonmetropolitan county) in which assistance is located in the following order of priority (where feasible):
 - a. Section 3 business concerns that provide economic opportunities to Section 3 workers residing within the service area or the neighborhood of the project; and
 - b. YouthBuild programs.

Contractors and subcontractors will be required to certify that they will and have made best efforts to follow the prioritization of effort requirements prior to the beginning work and after work is completed.

SECTION 3 CLAUSE

Must include the following language in all contracts and subcontracts:

The work to be performed under this contract is subject to the requirements of Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, as amended, 12 U.S.C. 1701u ("Section 3"). The purpose of Section 3 is to ensure that training, employment, contracting, and other economic opportunities generated by Section 3 covered financial assistance are directed to low- and very low-income persons, including persons who are recipients of HUD assistance for housing, with preference for both targeted workers living in the service area or neighborhood of the Project and Youthbuild participants, as well as to businesses that are either owned by low-income residents of the neighborhood where the financial assistance is spent, or substantially employ these persons, as defined at 24 CFR Part 75 ("Section 3 Regulations").

The parties to this contract agree to comply with HUD's Section 3 regulations in 24 CFR 75, which implement Section 3. As evidenced by their execution of this contract, the parties to this contract certify that they are under no contractual or other impediment that would prevent them from complying with the Section 3 Regulations.

Contractor agrees to notify potential contractors and subcontractors that are associated with Section 3 covered projects and activities about the requirements of Section 3, to include this Section 3 clause in every contract and subcontract subject to compliance with regulations in 24 CFR part 75, and to ensure that any subcontractors also include this Section 3 clause in their subcontracts for work performed on the project.

- A. Contractor will not subcontract with any subcontractor where the contractor has notice or knowledge that the subcontractor has been found in violation of the regulations in 24 CFR part 75.
- B. Contractor agrees to maintain hiring and contracting practices to the greatest extent feasible so that 25 percent of the total labor hours expended on the project are by Section 3 Workers, of which 5 percent are by Targeted Section 3 Workers as defined in 24 CFR part 75. As part of these practices, Contractor agrees to provide priority consideration to eligible residents and businesses in accordance with 24 CFR Part 75, as applicable. If the Contractor is not able to meet this benchmark goal, it must provide a narrative of efforts taken and supporting documentation explaining why it was unable to meet that goal, despite greatest extent feasible efforts taken.
- C. If applicable, the Contractor agrees to notify each labor organization or representative of workers with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining or similar labor agreement or other understanding about its obligation to comply with the requirements of Section 3 and ensure that new collective bargaining or similar labor agreements provide employment, registered apprenticeship, training, subcontracting, or other economic opportunities to Section 3 Workers and businesses, and to post notices in conspicuous places at the work site advising the labor union, organization, or workers' representative of the Contractor's commitments under this part.
- D. The Contractor agrees to comply with all monitoring, reporting, recordkeeping, and other procedures specified the City and the HUD. The Contractor is responsible for providing Section

- 3 performance metrics and supporting documentation for all its subrecipients, contractors, and subcontractors, as applicable.
- E. Noncompliance with HUD's regulations in 24 CFR part 75 and the City's Section 3 policies may result in sanctions, penalties, termination of this contract for default, and debarment or suspension from future HUD-assisted contracts.

DEFINITIONS AND GOALS

SECTION 3 WORKER

In accordance with the regulation, a Section 3 worker is a worker who **currently fits** or **when hired** within the past five years fits at least one of the following categories:

- 1. Is a low- or very low-income worker that fell below HUD income limits for the previous or annualized calendar year. Low- and very-low-household income limits may be obtained from: http://www.huduser.org/portal/datasets/il.html
- 2. Is employed by a Section 3 business concern (defined in Section C).
- 3. Is a Youthbuild participant. YouthBuild is a community-based pre-apprenticeship program administered by the U.S. Department of Labor that provides job training and educational opportunities for at-risk youth ages 16-24 who have previously dropped out of high school.

TARGETED SECTION 3 WORKER

As the City of Phoenix serves as both an Entitlement Jurisdiction as well as a Public Housing Authority, there are two possible definitions for Targeted Section 3 worker which may apply. Which definition is applicable will depend on what program the activity is done under. If you are unsure of which definition applies, please contact the City of Phoenix Project Manager assigned to your project.

CPD Programs (HOME, CDBG, ESG, NSP, HOPWA,	PUBLIC HOUSING
 Employed by a Section 3 business or Currently fits or when hired fit at least one of the following categories as documented within the past five years: Living within the service area or the neighborhood of the project, as defined in 24 CFR 75.5 (typically 1 mile) A YouthBuild participant 	 Employed by a Section 3 business or Currently fits or when hired fit at least one of the following categories as documented within the past five years: A resident of public housing or Section 8-assisted housing A resident of other public housing projects or Section 8-assisted housing managed by the PHA that is providing the assistance A YouthBuild participant
	20002000

SECTION 3 BUSINESS CONCERN

Section 3 business concern preference by demonstrating that it meets one or more of the following criteria:

- 1) At least 51 percent of the business is owned and controlled by low- or very low-income persons; or
- 2) At least 51 percent of the business is owned and controlled by current public housing residents or residents who currently live in Section 8-assisted housing; or

3) Over 75 percent of the labor hours performed for the business over the prior three-month period are performed by Section 3 workers. Businesses that seek Section 3 preference shall certify, or demonstrate to City of Phoenix, contractors or subcontractors, that they meet the definitions provided in the above. Businesses may demonstrate eligibility by submitting the Section 3 Business Concern Certification Form.

SECTION 3 GOALS

Section 3 goals are based on the percentage of project hours worked by Section 3 workers. They are:

1) Twenty-five (25) percent or more of the total number of labor hours worked by all workers on a Section 3 project are Section 3 workers;

Section 3 Labor Hours/Total Labor Hours = 25%

And

2) Five (5) percent or more of the total number of labor hours worked by all workers on a Section 3 project are Targeted Section 3 workers, as defined at 24 CFR Part 75.21.

Targeted Section 3 Labor Hours/Total Labor Hours = 5%

FORMS

The reporting forms listed below are included on the subsequent pages:

Section 3 Business Concern Form – This form is to be completed by all contractors and subcontractors working on the project. This form confirms that the contractor is aware of the Section 3 requirements of this project and will be used to identify if any businesses qualify as a Section 3 Business Concern.

Section 3 Employee Affidavit From – This form is to be completed by all employees prior to working on the jobsite. It will be used to identify both regular and targeted Section 3 worker status.

Spanish Section 3 Employee Affidavit From – This is a Spanish language version of the Section 3 Employee Affidavit Form



City of Phoenix

Section 3 Business Concern Certification for Contracting

Instructions: Enter the following information and select the criteria that applies to certify your Section 3 Business Concern* status.

Business Information

Project Name:							
Name of Business:							
Address of Business:							
Business Owner:							
Preferred Contact:							
Phone Number:		Email Address:					
Business Type:	Corporation Partne		rietorship Joint Venture				
Select from <u>ONE</u> of	the following options	below that app	lies:				
At least 51 percei	nt of the business is owned	and controlled by lo	ow- or very low-income perso				
N /	ent of the business is owned currently live in Section 8-a		current public housing resid				
	of the labor hours performed y Section 3 workers.	d for the business o	ver the prior three-month pe				
Not a Section 3 B	Not a Section 3 Business Concern.						
Affirmation							
understand that busine alse information to City ongoing and future considerations.	esses who misrepresent the of Phoenix may have their	mselves as Section contracts terminate portunities. I hereb	best of my knowledge and be 3 business concerns and re ed as default and be barred f y certify**, under penalty of				
Additionally, I affirm that isted in the Section 3 Cla		the HUD Section 3	requirements and responsibil				
Print Name:		Signature:					
		Date:					
FOR ADMINISTRATIVE U	JSE ONLY						
Is the business a Section	າ 3 business concern based ເ	upon their certificat	ion? YES NO				

EMPLOYERS MUST RETAIN THIS FORM IN THEIR SECTION 3 COMPLIANCE FILE FOR FIVE YEARS.

^{*}Information regarding Section 3 Business Concerns can be found at 24 CFR 75.5.

^{**}Certification expires within six months of the date of signature.

Section 3 Worker and Targeted Section 3 Worker Self-Certification

The purpose of HUD's Section 3 program is to provide employment, training, and contracting opportunities to low-income individuals, particularly those who are recipients of government assistance for housing or other public assistance programs. Your response is voluntary, confidential, and has no effect on your employment. A Section 3 worker seeking certification shall self-certify and submit this form to the recipient contractor or subcontractor, that the person is a Section 3 worker or Targeted Section 3 Worker as defined in 24 CFR Part 75.

Eligibility for Section 3 Worker or Targeted Section 3 Worker Status

Instructions: Enter/select the appropriate information to confirm your Section 3 worker or Targeted Section 3 Worker status.

Name:						Hire Date				
Address	:									
Are you	a resident	of public	housing or	a Choice N	leighborhoods?)		YES		NO
Are you	a resident	of the C	ity of Phoen	nix?				YES		NO
Is your in	ndividual in	come e	qual to or le	ess than \$4	9,500 per year?)		YES		NO
Do you l	ive within 1	mile of	the project	t site(s)?				YES		NO
I affirm tha	certify, und	e staten	nents are tru	•	te, and correct t		•	•		
J					_ Signature:					
					Date:					
FOR ADI	MINISTRAT	VE USE	ONLY							
Is the en	nployee a S	ection 3	3 worker bas	sed upon t	heir self-certific	ation?	YES)	
Is the control		a Targe	eted Sectio	n 3 work	er based upo	n their self-	YES)	
Was this	an applica	nt who	was hired a	s a result o	f the Section 3	project?	YES	S NC)	
If yes, Na	ame of Con	npany				Hire Date:				

EMPLOYERS MUST RETAIN THIS FORM IN THEIR SECTION 3 COMPLIANCE FILE FOR FIVE YEARS.



Ciudad de Phoenix

Autocertificación del trabajador de la Sección 3 y del trabajador de la Sección 3 con estatus especifico

El propósito del programa de la Sección 3 de HUD es brindar oportunidades de empleo, capacitación y contratación a personas de bajos ingresos, en particular a quienes reciben asistencia del gobierno para vivienda u otros programas de asistencia pública. Su respuesta es voluntaria, confidencial y no tiene ningún efecto sobre su empleo. Un trabajador de la Sección 3 que busque la certificación deberá autocertificarse y enviar este formulario al contratista o subcontratista receptor, de que la persona es un trabajador de la Sección 3 o un Trabajador de la Sección 3 con estatus especifico como se define en 24 CFR Parte 75.

Instrucciones para elegibilidad de trabajador de la Seccion 3 o trabajador de la Seccion 3 con estatus específico. Ingrese/seleccione la información adecuada para confirmar su estado de trabajador de la Sección 3 o Trabajador de la Sección 3 con estatus específico

Fecha de

Nombre		Inicio				
Dirección						
¿Es usted residente de ur	na vivienda pública o de una elección d	de vivienda?		SI		NO
¿Es usted residente de la	Ciudad de Phoenix?			SI		NO
¿Su ingreso individual es	igual o menor a \$49,500 por año?			SI		NO
¿Vive dentro de 1 milla d	el sitio(s) del proyecto?			SI		NO
•	eado ones anteriores son verdaderas, con certifico, bajo pena de ley, que la sigu	•				
Nombre:	Firma :_					
	Fecha: _					
SOLO PARA USO ADMINIS	STRATIVO					
¿Es el empleado un traba	jador de la Sección 3 según su autoce	rtificación?	SI		10	
¿Es el empleado un trabajador de la Sección 3 con estatus especifico en funcion de su autocertificación			SI		10	
¿Era este un solicitante q Sección 3?	ue fue contratado como resultado del	l proyecto de l	la SI [10	

LOS EMPLEADORES DEBEN CONSERVAR ESTE FORMULARIO EN SU ARCHIVO DE CUMPLIMIENTO DE SECCIÓN 3 DURANTE CINCO AÑOS

Nombre

CONSTRUCTION STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

Add the following new Section, 233 STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN SUBMITTAL PROCESS

233.1 DESCRIPTION

The Contractor shall use the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) Smart NOI program for all submittals located at this web address:

https://az.gov/app/smartnoi/

The location of this process may change and it is the responsibility of the Contractor to verify the correct web address. All fees are the responsibility of the Contractor. The Contractor shall apply for a "Stormwater Construction General Permit" with the project type "MUNICIPAL/PUBLIC".

Before any construction on site begins, the Contractor shall submit the Notice of Intent (NOI) and the SWPPP through the Smart NOI program as the sole permitee. The Contractor shall not commence any construction activities until the ADEQ send a written Notice Of Intent assigning an AZCON number.

As required by ADEQ the Contractor shall submit a Notice of Termination (NOT) through the Smart NOI program. The Contactor shall receive final payment only after receiving a written Notice of Termination Acknowledgement from ADEQ.

Projects Impacting Impaired Waters

Projects that will have any construction taking place within ¼ mile of the Salt River between 23rd Avenue and the confluence of the Gila River will impact "Impaired Waters". These projects will require the Contractor to design, implement, and evaluate a Monitoring Plan for stormwater runoff from their construction activities. The Monitoring Plan must be site specific and will be submitted to ADEQ as an appendix to the SWPPP. ADEQ is the final authority in the approval of the monitoring plan. A copy of the SWPPP and the Monitoring Plan shall be kept on-site at all times. Additional copies of the Monitoring Plan should be made available to all personnel who anticipate participating in stormwater monitoring activities. The Contractor shall have a copy of the monitoring plan, approved SWPPP, NOI, and ADEQ Authorization to Discharge posted at the jobsite prior to ground disturbance.

Subcontractors

All subcontractors shall comply with all AZPDES requirements under the supervision of the General Contractor, and shall submit a completed, signed subcontractor certification form, thereby designating themselves as co-permittees.

233.2 SAMPLE SWPPP STRUCTURE

The following is a sample outline of the City requirement for a SWPPP submittal modeled after the ADEQ Construction General Permit Checklist. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to meet all the ADEQ requirements for a SWPPP and retain a qualified consultant to complete the SWPPP, if necessary, at no additional cost to the City.

1 SITE DESCRIPTION

1.1 Project Name: CONTRACTOR SHALL FILL IN PROJECT NAME

Project No(s): CONTRACTOR SHALL FILL IN PROJECT NUMBER

- 1.2 Project Location: CONTRACTOR SHALL FILL IN FOR PROJECT SITE LOCATION
- 1.3 Owner's Name:

City of Phoenix, Housing Department

1.4 Owner's Address:

251 West Washington Street, 4th Floor, Phoenix, Arizona 85003

- 1.5 Project Description: CONTRACTOR SHALL FILL IN PROJECT DESCRIPTION
- 1.6 Runoff Coefficient and Soils Information:
 - 1. Overall runoff coefficient of upstream drainage area shall be unchanged by project.
 - 2. Surface Soils Information: (EXAMPLE ONLY, CONTRACTOR SHALL FILL IN FOR PROJECT SITE LOCATION)

SOIL UNIT	SOIL TYPE (USDA TEXTURE)	PERMEABILITY (IN./HR.)
Laveen	Loam	<u>0.6-2.0</u>
Mohall	Clay Loam	<u>0.2-0.6</u>
Tucson	Clay Loam	<u>0.2-0.6</u>
Vecont	Clay	0.06-0.2

1.7 Name of Receiving Water:

EXAMPLE: SALT RIVER, CONTRACTOR SHALL FILL FOR PROJECT SITE LOCATION

- 2 CONTROLS
- 2.1 Erosion and Sediment Controls
- 2.1.a Stabilization Practices:

Stabilization practices on this site include:

- Permanent planting.
- Save selected existing trees.
- Decomposed granite
- CONTRACTOR SHALL ADD OR REMOVE STABILIZATION PRACTICES AS NECESSARY

2.1.b Structural Practices:

May include:

- Temporary retention areas (subgrade excavation areas).
- Temporary catch basin inlet protection.
- Silt fence.
- Gravel filter berm.
- Temporary diversion dike.
- Straw bale barriers.
- Sandbag berm
- CONTRACTOR SHALL ADD OR REMOVE STABILIZATION PRACTICES AS NECESSARY

2.1.c Narrative: Sequence of major activities.

CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLETE NARRATIVE

2.1.d Storm Water Management: (CONTRACTOR SHALL EDIT AS NECESSARY)

Storm water drainage on will be provided by curb and gutter, catch basin inlets, and storm drains. No appreciable changes in runoff coefficients or in finished roadway grades will take place as a result of this project; therefore, no significant alterations of storm water drainage patterns or runoff quantities are expected.

During construction, storm water runoff will be managed by the following means, as conditions require:

- Temporary retention will be provided during roadway construction in areas excavated for subgrade.
- Silt fence, straw bales, sandbag berms, temporary diversion dikes, gravel filter berms or other BMP's as necessary to eliminate erosion may be used to prevent storm runoff from entering open storm drain pipes in excavated trenches. Temporary catch basin inlet protection may also be provided to remove sediment from drainage water before it enters the drainage system. Straw bale protection at outfall pipe locations may be employed during construction.

3 OTHER CONTROLS

3.1 Waste Disposal:

Waste Materials:

All waste materials including trash and construction debris from the site will be either disposed to a designated area immediately or collected and stored in securely-lidded metal dumpsters. The dumpsters will meet all local and State solid waste management regulations. The dumpsters will be emptied a minimum of once per week, or more often if necessary, and the trash will be hauled to an acceptable dump site. Lids will be closed at all times after work hours and during rain events. No construction waste materials will be buried on site. All personnel will be instructed regarding the correct procedures for waste disposal. Notices stating these practices will be posted on site, and the site superintendent who manages the day-to-day site operations, will be responsible for seeing that these procedures are followed.

ENTER PHONE NUMBER AND NAME OF SITE SUPERINTENDENT

Concrete washout will only be allowed in designated areas. The hardened waste will be disposed of weekly and before final inspection of the project.

Hazardous Waste:

All hazardous waste materials will be disposed of in the manner specified by local or State regulations or by the manufacturer. Site personnel will be instructed in these practices, and the site superintendent who manages day-to-day site operations, will be responsible for seeing that these practices are followed.

Sanitary Waste:

All sanitary sewage generated on-site will be collected from the portable units a minimum of twice per week or as required by local regulations. Units will have a berm placed around them to ensure no spillage can occur.

3.2 Off-Site Vehicle Tracking:

Traffic will be maintained on paved roadway throughout construction in order to reduce vehicle tracking of sediments. The paved street beyond the start and end of the project will be swept as often as necessary to remove any excess mud, dirt, or rock that may be tracked from the site by construction vehicles, but not less than once per week. Dump trucks hauling material to or from the construction site will be covered with tarpaulin before leaving the site.

4 DEMONSTRATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS

The following Federal, State, and City regulations are followed in the preparation of this storm water pollution prevention plan:

- Section 402(p) of the Clean Water Act.
- Amended Section 405 of the Water Quality Act.
- "ADEQ Arizona Pollutant Discharge Elimination System General Permit for Discharge from Construction Activities to Waters of the United States, Permit AZG-2008-001."
- Flood Control District of Maricopa County "Drainage Design Manual for Maricopa County, Arizona, Volume III, Erosion Control."
- City of Phoenix Code 32C, "Storm Water Quality Protection."
- City of Phoenix "Grading and Drainage Ordinance for Purpose of Fulfilling NPDES Requirements."

5 MAINTENANCE/INSPECTION PROCEDURES

5.1 Erosion and Sediment Control Practices:

The following is a list of erosion and sediment controls to be used during the construction period:

- 5.1.a Stabilization practices for this site include:
 - Permanent planting.
 - Save selected existing trees.
 - Decomposed granite.
 - CONTRACTOR TO ADD/DELETE AS NECESARRY
- 5.1.b Structural practices for this site will include:
 - Silt fence/straw bale barriers.
 - Temporary diversion dike/gravel filter berm.
 - Sandbag berm.
 - Storm drain, curb and gutter, catch basins.
 - Temporary catch basin inlet protection.

- Temporary retention in subgrade excavation areas.
- CONTRACTOR TO ADD/DELETE AS NECESSARY

5.2 Erosion and Sediment Control Maintenance and Inspection Practice:

Following is a list of the inspection and maintenance practices that will be used to maintain erosion and sediment control:

- All control measures will be inspected at least once every 7 days and within 24 hours after each rain event of 0.1 inch or greater.
- All measures will be maintained in good working order; if repair is necessary, it will be initiated within 24 hours of report. All changes will be completed within 14 days after an observation.
- Built-up sediment will be removed from silt fence when it has reduced the design capacity by 50%
- Erosion control fabric and erosion control dikes will be inspected and any breaches promptly repaired.
- Permanent planting will be inspected for washout and healthy growth per specification requirements.
- A Compliance Evaluation Report will be made at each inspection to ensure all BMP's are functioning correctly.
- The site superintendent will be responsible for inspection, maintenance, and repair activities, and filling out the Compliance Evaluation Report.
- Personnel selected for inspection and maintenance responsibility will receive training from the site superintendent. They will be trained in all the inspection and maintenance practices necessary for keeping the erosion and sediment controls used on-site in good working order.
- Only one side of roadways will be excavated for subgrade preparation at a time. This area will
 serve as temporary retention while traffic is maintained on the paved other half of the road.
 This will serve to control storm water and minimize tracking of sediments.

6 <u>INVENTORY FOR POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN</u> (CONTRACTOR TO EDIT AS NECESSARY)

The materials or substances listed below are expected to be present on-site during construction:

- Concrete
- Asphaltic Concrete
- Fertilizers
- Petroleum-Based Products
- Cleaning Solvents/Agents
- Sealants

- Wood
- Paints
- Herbicide/Pesticide
- Soil Treatment Products
- Other Building Materials
- Water Used in Dust Control

6.1 Spill Prevention

The following are the material management practices that will be used to reduce the risk of spills or other accidental exposure of materials and substances to storm water runoff:

6.1.a Good Housekeeping:

The following good housekeeping practices will be followed on-site during the construction period:

- An effort will be made to store only enough product required to do the immediate job.
- All materials stored on-site will be stored in a neat, orderly manner in their appropriate containers and, if possible, under proper cover and palletized.
- Liquid products will be placed on secondary containment pallets.

- Fuel tanks will be double walled.
- Drip pans will be used under all spigots unless on secondary containment.
- Products will be kept in their original containers with the original manufacturers' label.
- Substances will not be mixed with one another unless recommended by the manufacturer.
- Whenever possible, all of a product will be used up before disposing of the container.
- Manufacturers' recommendations for proper use and disposal will be followed.
- The site superintendent will inspect daily to ensure proper use and disposal of materials.
- Concrete washout will only be allowed in designated areas. The hardened waste will be disposed of weekly and before final inspection of the project.

6.1.b Hazardous Products:

These practices are used to reduce the risks associated with hazardous materials:

- Products will be kept in original containers unless they are not resealable.
- Original labels and material safety data sheets will be retained.
- If surplus product must be disposed of, manufacturers', or local and State recommended methods for proper disposal will be followed.
- Products will be monitored, an inventory shall be conducted regularly, and documentation of all use and disposal shall be maintained.

6.2 Product Specific Practices:

The following product specific practices will be followed on-site:

6.2.a Petroleum Products:

All on-site vehicles will be monitored for leaks and receive regular preventative maintenance to reduce any chance of leakage. Petroleum products will be stored in tightly-sealed containers which are clearly labeled. Any petroleum substances used on-site will be applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations. Spills and leaks from vehicles will be stopped immediately. Any leaking vehicle will have a drip pan placed under the leak until the unit is repaired. Secondary containment will be provided for all petroleum products stored onsite.

6.2.b Fertilizers, Herbicide, Pesticide, Soil Treatment:

All materials used will be applied only in the minimum amounts recommended by the manufacturer or as per specification. Once applied, materials will be worked into the soil to limit exposure to storm water.

On-site storage will be covered and palletized to limit contact with storm water. The contents of any partially-used bags or containers will be transferred to a sealable plastic bin to avoid spills.

6.2.c Paints:

All containers will be tightly sealed and stored when not required for use. Excess paint will not be discharged to the storm drain system or on the ground, but will be properly disposed of according to manufacturers' instructions or State and local regulations.

6.2.d Concrete Trucks:

Concrete trucks will not be allowed to wash out or discharge surplus concrete or dump wash water other than in a designated wash-out area. The hardened waste will be disposed of weekly and before final inspection of the project.

6.3 Spill Prevention Practices:

In addition to the good housekeeping and material management practices discussed in the previous sections of this plan, the following practices will be followed for spill prevention and cleanup:

- Manufacturers' recommended methods for spill cleanup will be clearly posted and site
 personnel will be made aware of the procedures and the location of the information and
 cleanup supplies.
- Materials and equipment necessary for spill cleanup will be kept in the material storage area on-site. Equipment and materials will include, but not be limited to, brooms, dust pans, mops, rags, gloves, goggles, kitty litter, sand, sawdust, and plastic and metal trash containers specifically designed for this purpose.
- All spills will be cleaned up immediately after discovery using dry cleanup methods.
- The spill area will be kept well-ventilated and personnel will wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent injury from contact with a hazardous substance.
- Spills of toxic or hazardous material will be reported to the appropriate State or local government agency, regardless of the size—ADEQ Hotline: (602) 771-4505; City of Phoenix Hazardous Spills Emergency: 911; City of Phoenix Hazardous Spills Safety Section: (602) 262-7555.
- The spill prevention plan will be adjusted to include measures to prevent this type of spill from recurring and procedures to clean up the spill if there is another one. A description of the spill, what caused it, and the cleanup measures will also be included.
- The site superintendent shall be responsible for the day-to-day site operations, will be the spill
 prevention and cleanup coordinator. He will designate other site personnel who will receive
 spill prevention and cleanup training.

6.4 Documentation:

Documentation of all inspections, failed BMP's, corrective action and training shall be maintained onsite with the SWPPP at all times during the project, and shall be maintained for not less than three (3) years after the project is complete.

OTHER REQUIRED CERTIFICATIONS

The Contractor shall complete and submit the following certification forms to the City before construction begins:

- Permitee Certification
- Contractor Certification
- Subcontractor Certification (for all Subcontractors as necessary)
- Operator's Compliance Evaluation Report

PERMITTEE'S CERTIFICATION

As Contractor of the **Edison Impact Hub Abatement and Demolition Design-Bid-Build** project, I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

	Company		
Name:			
Title:			
Signature:			
Date:			

CONTRACTOR CERTIFICATION

I certify under penalty of law that I understand the terms and condition of the General Arizona Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (AZPDES) Permit that authorizes the storm water discharges associated with industrial activities from the construction site identified as part of this certification. Further, by my signature, I understand that I am becoming a co-permittee, along with the subcontractors signing such certifications, to the general (AZPDES) Permit for the storm water discharges associated with construction activities of the **Edison Impact Hub Abatement and Demolition Design-Bid-Build** project. As a co-permittee, I understand that I, and my company, are legally required under the Clean Water Act, to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions of the storm water pollution prevention plan developed under the AZPDES Permit and the terms of the AZPDES Permit.

General Contractor and Responsibility		
Name:		
Title:		
Signature:		

SUBCONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATION

I certify under penalty of law that I understand the terms and conditions of the General Arizona Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (AZPDES) Permit that authorizes the storm water discharges associated with industrial activity from the construction site identified as part of this certification. Further, by my signature, I understand that I am becoming a co-permittee, along with the owner(s) and other contractors and subcontractors signing such certifications, to the general AZPDES permit for the storm water discharges associated with construction activities of the **Edison Impact Hub Abatement and Demolition Design-Bid-Build** project. As a co-permittee, I understand that I, and my company, are legally required under the Clean Water Act, to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions of the storm water pollution prevention plan developed under the AZPDES permit and the terms of the AZPDES permit.

Authorized Representative of Subcontractor:	
Signature:	
For (Subcontractor Name):	
Verification of Comple	tion and Acceptance of Subcontractor's Work
All work to be performed by	
	(Subcontractor) as part
of the Edison Impact Hub Abatement and De	emolition Design-Bid-Build (Project) has been completed and accepted.
Execution of this form absolves said subcontr	ractor from liability for AZPDES violations which may occur subsequent
to this date as a result of activities of the gene	eral contractor or other subcontractors.
Authorized Representative of Subcontractor:	
Signature:	Date:
For (Subcontractor Name):	
Authorized Representative of General Contra	ctor:
Signature:	Date:

AZG-2008-001 General Permit for Construction Activities Operator's Compliance Evaluation Report

This project requires inspection of storm water pollution controls (BMPs) on a choice of frequency described in the General Permit, Part IV. H. Attach sheets if more space is needed.

Project:	Date:
Name & Title of Inspector:	
Qualifications of Inspector: Attached; or Shown in Sec	of the SWPPP.
☐ Periodic Inspection; or ☐ Rain Event inspection Relevant weather information:	
1. Location(s) of discharge from the site: None; or Descr	iption:
2. Location(s) of and identification of BMPs that need to be main ☐ None; or ☐ Description:	
3. Location(s) where additional BMPs are needed: None; or	·
4. Corrective actions required, including changes and target date	es: None; or Description:
5. Identify all sources of non-storm water and the associated pol Description:	
6. Identify material storage areas and evidence of, or potential fo	•
7. Identify any other apparent incidents of non-compliance:	None; or Description:

8. If no incidents of non-compliance are identified in items 1 through 7 above, the inspector certifies that the construction project is being operated in compliance with the SWPPP and the General Permit.
I certify under penalty of law, that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.
Certifying Signature: Date:
Printed Name:

Cost Control and Safe Harbor Standards for Rental Mixed-Finance Development

Revised: April 9, 2003

In order to expedite the mixed-finance review process and control costs, HUD is instituting safe harbor and maximum fee ranges for a number of costs. In addition, HUD has provided guidance on several development issues. Unless otherwise noted, the cost controls and safe harbors apply to those phases for which a mixed-finance proposal is submitted after January 1, 2000. Any terms previously approved by HUD through approval of a pre-development agreement, development agreement, or program manager contract will not be reviewed again. This guidance is specific to rental developments, and does not apply to homeownership phases.

These policies were developed in consultation with housing authorities, HUD staff, and industry representatives, over the course of more than a year. Once drafted, they were circulated for public review, and the final cost controls included here reflect the many valuable comments received. HUD will continue to review the policies, based on experiences reported by housing authorities and other program participants, and may make alterations to the standards in the future.

Changes from the revised Cost Control and Safe Harbor Standards (January 2, 2002) are italicized in this alert and include the following:

- HOPE VI or other public housing funds may be used, on a case-by-case basis, to pay for up to 15% of the total developer fee/overhead amount to the developer prior to closing. A loan is not required.
- Operating subsidy and tenant rents used to fund a reserve must be used for eligible operating subsidy expenses.
- The property management fee for the public housing units may be calculated as 6% of imputed tax credit rents.

HUD's cost controls and safe harbors are contained in the following chart. The chart provides a brief definition of each term, lists the safe harbor and maximum allowable fees, and briefly describes the risk factors or circumstances that may result in a fee above the safe harbor standards. These guidelines should be used by housing authorities, developers, and consultants when negotiating terms and drafting documents for HUD review.

HUD will review the project terms when receiving Predevelopment and Development Agreements, Program Manager contracts, mixed-finance proposals, and/or other documents that contain negotiated terms. If a project is at or below a safe harbor standard, no further review will be required by HUD. If a project is above a safe harbor standard, additional review by HUD will be necessary. In order to approve terms above the safe harbor, the housing authority must demonstrate to HUD in writing that the negotiated terms are appropriate for the level of risk involved in the project, the scope of work, any specific circumstances of the development, and the local or national market for the services provided.

Item	Defining Criteria	Safe Harbor	Maximum
Net Developer Fee for Rental Mixed-Finance Developments (Developer Fee and Overhead)	The safe harbor and maximum standards apply to the net developer fee, i.e., the portion of the developer fee received by the developer to cover overhead and profit.* Net developer fee is expressed as a percentage of the project costs. Project costs are defined as all hard and soft costs of constructing a particular component with the exclusion of the following: • Third-party costs paid by the PHA under contracts entered into directly by PHA and third parties, which will not be reimbursed to PHA at a mixed-finance closing (e.g., where the PHA contracts separately for demolition services); • The developer fee itself; • All costs related to family self-sufficiency and resident relocation activities; and, • All reserve accounts regardless of how characterized, including start-up reserves, operating deficit reserves, capital improvement reserves, initial operating period reserve, etc. Payments to developers such as "deferred developer fee" are considered part of the fee/overhead amount. Developers may receive up to a 1% additional fee (with a cap of 12% developer fee) if cost savings are realized. This 1% incentive fee must be paid from non-public housing funds.	9% or less of the project costs (profit and overhead); projects that do not have both LIHTC and public housing financing should have fees well below 9%.	12% of the project costs (profit and overhead). Fees above 12% will be considered only if allowed by the State Housing Finance Agency and with significant justification from the PHA and developer demonstrating the increased risk.

^{*} The safe harbor and maximum guidelines assume the net developer fee excludes any portion of the fee received by the developer or co-developer (including a PHA) that is returned to the project to fund operating reserves or to cover project costs.

Item	Defining Criteria	Safe Harbor	Maximum
	Developers with fees above the safe harbor standard should meet most or all of the following risk factors:		
	 Developer guarantees are for large dollar amounts in proportion to project size and/or long terms; 		
	• Developer independently obtains financing, including tax credits (fee increases with both amount of financing and number of sources);		
	• Developer obtains site control from an entity other than a PHA or PHA affiliate (fee increases with number of sites);		
	• Project is small (i.e., 50 units or less);		
	• Project is complex (e.g., in financial, legal, environmental, and/or political terms);		
	• Project contains units without operating subsidy (i.e., market-rate or LIHTC-only units);		
	Developer bears more than 25% of the predevelopment costs (until reimbursement at closing); and/or		
	• The Developer Fee is deferred (paid out of positive cash flow from market-rate units).		
	All criteria apply to both for-profit and non-profit developers.		
	PHAs or PHA affiliates that act as developer can only receive fees if they are first returned to the project and, to the extent that funds are remaining, subsequently classified as program income and used for low-income housing purposes.		

Item	Defining Criteria	Safe Harbor	Maximum
Pay-Out Schedule for Developer Fee/Overhead	 Public housing funds may not be used for payment of developer fee/overhead. HUD recommends the following limit on the pay-out schedule, to the extent that non-public housing funds are available, by phase: Closing: Not to exceed 50% of the fee/overhead amount. Construction Completion: 25% of the fee/overhead amount. Stabilized Occupancy: 25% of the fee/overhead amount. A portion of the fee can be further deferred. On a case-by-case basis, HUD will consider advancing the developer funds where there is an extended predevelopment period caused by such external factors as environmental remediation, consent orders, etc. If HUD determines such an advance is warranted, HUD will advance up to 15% of the total developer fee/overhead amount to the developer prior to closing using HOPE VI or other public housing funds. 	Within recommended pay-out schedule.	Payments of greater than 50% at closing or less than 25% at stabilized occupancy will be closely scrutinized.
Contractor Fee	 Percentages are based on hard construction cost. General Conditions includes the bond premium. 	Overhead: 2% Profit: 6% General Conditions: 6%	14% is the maximum for these combined costs provided that the PHA justifies why the 2/6/6 percentages for the individual costs cannot be met.

Item	Defining Criteria	Safe Harbor	Maximum
PHA Administrative/ Consultant Costs	 Costs should reflect only actual documented expenditure of time and overhead cost (supplies, equipment, telephone, etc.) Such costs include both in-house staff time and outside consultants (program manager, development advisors, relocation specialists, etc.), but exclude outside legal and community and supportive services costs. On the HUD budgets, these costs may be captured under multiple BLIs. This cap applies to HOPE VI grantees awarded funds in 1998 or later, as well as to any non-HOPE VI mixed-finance projects with proposals submitted after January 1, 2000; HUD will evaluate earlier grants on a case-bycase basis. HUD will continue to evaluate whether this cap provides helpful guidance and controls costs without hampering the PHA's ability to implement the grant. 	3% of the total project budget (basis includes all hard and soft development costs excluding CSS expenses).	6% of the total project budget
Sharing of Third-party Pre- development Costs	 HUD recommends the following cost-sharing schedule: PHA and Developer split third-party costs 75/25. Developer's share of third-party costs (25%) will be reimbursed at closing out of available sources. Costs to be shared are all third-party costs under the developer's scope of work (e.g., A/E, market study, financing fees, etc.) incurred during the predevelopment period. Public housing funds may not be used to reimburse developer legal counsel prior to closing, and developer legal costs do not contribute to the developer's share of third-party costs. Exceptions to the schedule may be made for small, local, non-profit, and/or minority/disadvantaged firms on a case-by-case basis. 	Costs are shared up to 75% by the PHA and at least 25% by the Developer.	N/A
Equity Raise and Pay-In Schedule	HUD will not adopt a safe harbor equity raise or standard pay-in schedule, as these are highly competitive, market-driven numbers.	Current market standard.	N/A

Item	Defining Criteria	Safe Harbor	Maximum
Identity of Interest Parties	• Identity of interest parties are those that share an ownership interest. Identity of interest relationships are most common between a developer/owner and construction management, general contractor (GC), private management firm, and/or investor.	N/A	N/A
	PHAs are required to ensure cost competitiveness to the extent possible.		
	• Where a developer and GC have an identity of interest, the PHA needs to show the GC was the lowest bidder in response to a public request for bids or request a waiver from HUD under 24 C.F.R. 941.606(n)(1)(ii)(B).		
	While the use of related or preferred entities as investors is permitted, HUD encourages PHAs to have their procured developer "shop around" to ensure they are getting a competitive yield.		

Item	Defining Criteria	Safe Harbor	Maximum
Property Management Fees	 Can be defined on a percentage of gross income or per-unit per month (PUM) basis. If using the PUM basis for fee, fees should drop for vacant units. PHAs and PHA Affiliates cannot earn a fee for property management of public housing units, but can cover their associated administrative expenses. Fees may increase with higher-risk projects. Different types of risk are associated both with mixed-income and solely public housing projects. 	a) 6% effective gross income or, b) a flat PUM fee for occupied units that is supported by the local project-based Section 8 program in the area (use Field Office guidelines) or, c) 6% of imputed tax credit rent for the public housing units (assume public housing units are tax credit units, charge up to maximum tax credit rent, and take 6% of that amount).	Proposals above the safe harbor will be closely scrutinized; higher fees will require significant justification and market support.
Price for Program Management Services	 Typically a fixed-price contract. Contracts must be performance-based with payments fixed to milestones (or monthly if tied to milestones). Size of fee should be related to the specific scope and role PM is expected to play. Costs for program management (either a full team or independently procured consultants) must be included in the PHA's Administrative Cost Cap. PHAs must comply with the provision of the procurement regulations that requires a PHA to prepare a cost estimate for procured services prior to receipt of bids. 	N/A; the fee must be contained within the PHA's overall Administrative Cost Cap. Use checklist of responsibilities and clearly defined scope to limit costs.	N/A

Item	Defining Criteria	Safe Harbor	Maximum
Legal Fees	 Largely independent of the size of the phase. Attorneys should be used for legal functions. Legal fees should be tied to a scope of work, which should be monitored. HUD will review PHA legal costs when reviewing HOPE VI development budgets. In order to reduce costs and provide an incentive to reach closing, public housing funds may not be used to pay developer legal costs prior to closing. HUD intends to produce further guidance on how PHAs should utilize their attorneys. The procurement regulations state that for any RFP, the PHA must undertake a cost or price analysis prior to receipt of proposals. 	No express limit; public housing funds may not be used to reimburse developer legal counsel prior to closing. All legal costs will be reviewed by HUD.	N/A
Operating Deficit Reserve and Operating Subsidy Reserve	 HUD is not establishing maximum or minimum levels of reserves to be maintained, as appropriate reserve levels depend upon the specific project and investor requirements. Both reserves must be established with non-public housing funds, but may be replenished with public housing funds (i.e., operating subsidy or tenant rents from PHA-assisted units). If public housing funds are contributed to a reserve at any time, those funds in the reserve must be dedicated to the project or returned to the PHA to be used for eligible purposes. The portion of the reserve funded with public housing funds may not be used to pay for partnership exit taxes, debt repayment, or any other expense that is not an eligible use of public housing funds. 	N/A	N/A

Western Technologies Inc.

GEOTECHNICAL EVALUATION REPORT

MCKINLEY STREET IMPROVEMENTS

1824 East McKinley Street Phoenix, Arizona WT Job No. 2121JT006

PREPARED FOR:

City of Phoenix Housing Department 251 West Washington Street, 4th Floor Phoenix, Arizona Attn: Brad Puffer

February 3, 2021



Kelby Williams, P.E. Project Engineer



ARIZONA • COLORADO • NEVADA • NEW MEXICO • UTAH



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Photographic Log

GEOTECHNICAL EVALUATION MCKINLEY STREET IMPROVEMENTS 1824 EAST MCKINLEY STREET PHOENIX, ARIZONA JOB NO. 2121JT006

1.0 PURPOSE

This report contains the results of our geotechnical evaluation for proposed improvements to be located at 1824 East McKinley Street in Phoenix, Arizona. The purpose of these services is to provide information and recommendations regarding:

- Subsurface conditions
- Foundation design parameters
- Lateral earth pressures
- Earthwork guidelines
- Pavement sections
- Drainage

- Groundwater
- Corrosivity (soil to concrete)
- Slabs-on-grade
- Seismic conditions
- Excavation conditions

Results of the field exploration, field tests, and laboratory testing program are presented in the Appendices.

2.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Project information supplied by Brad Puffer indicates the project will consist of rehabilitation of the eastern half of an existing building, and demolition of the western half. As part of the rehabilitation, light poles will be installed in parking areas, and a large art feature will be installed at the northwest corner of the Site. Additionally, the existing parking lot will be either improved or reconstructed. Final site grading plans were not available at the time of this report. Should this information not be correct we should be notified immediately



3.0 SCOPE OF SERVICES

3.1 Field Exploration

One boring was drilled to auger refusal depth of about 12 feet below existing site grade in the proposed art feature area. In addition, seven borings were drilled to depths ranging from about 5 to 10 feet in the paved parking and drive areas. The borings were at the approximate locations shown on the attached Boring Location Diagram. A field log was prepared for each boring. These logs contain visual classifications of the materials encountered during drilling as well as interpolation of the subsurface conditions between samples. Final logs, included in Appendix A, represent our interpretation of the field logs and may include modifications based on laboratory observations and tests of the field samples. The final logs describe the materials encountered, their thickness, and the locations where samples were obtained.

The Unified Soil Classification System was used to classify soils. The soil classification symbols appear on the boring logs and are briefly described in Appendix A. Local and regional geologic characteristics were used to estimate the seismic design.

3.2 <u>Laboratory Analyses</u>

Laboratory analyses were performed on representative soil samples to aid in material classification and to estimate pertinent engineering properties of the on-site soils for preparation of this report. Testing was performed in general accordance with applicable standard test methods. The following tests were performed and the results are presented in Appendix B.

- Water content
- Dry density
- Compression
- Expansion

- Soluble sulfate and chloride content
- Plasticity
- Minus #200 sieve

3.3 Analyses and Report

This geotechnical engineering report includes a description of the project, a discussion of the field and laboratory testing programs, a discussion of the subsurface conditions, and design recommendations as appropriate to its purpose. The scope of services for this project does not include, either specifically or by implication, any environmental



assessment of the site, discovery of underground storage tanks or other underground structures, or identification of contaminated or hazardous materials or conditions. If there is concern about the potential for such contamination, other studies should be undertaken. We are available to discuss the scope of such studies with you.

4.0 SITE CONDITIONS

4.1 Surface

Existing site development consisted of two buildings totaling approximately 46,000 square feet with an asphalt parking area and miscellaneous site improvements. Fills or underground facilities such as septic tanks, cesspools, basements, utilities, and dry wells were not observed. The ground surface was relatively flat. Site drainage trended to the southwest as sheet surface flow. A photograph of the site at the time of our exploration is provided below.



View of the site from the southwestern property corner taken on January 14, 2021.

4.2 <u>Aerial Photography Review</u>

Historic aerial photographs dating back to 1930 were reviewed for the subject site. The photographs depict the site was developed with existing site features around 1949 with various building additions between 1959 and 1969. A previous building, located along the south-central property line, was demolished between 1986 and 1991. Prior to about 1949, the site was vacant land.

4.3 Subsurface

As presented on the Boring Logs, surface soils to the full depth of exploration consisted of firm to hard Sandy Lean CLAY and loose Clayey SAND. Near surface soils are of medium plasticity. Zones of light to moderate carbonate cementation were encountered intermittently throughout most borings. Groundwater was not encountered in any boring at the time of exploration. Refusal to auger drilling was encountered on very dense Sand, Gravel, and Cobbles (SGC) at depths of about 7 to 12 feet bgs. A detailed description of the soils encountered can be found on the boring logs in Appendix A.

5.0 GEOTECHNICAL PROPERTIES & ANALYSIS

5.1 <u>Laboratory Tests</u>

Laboratory test results (see Appendix B) indicate that on-site subsoils near shallow foundation level exhibit low compressibility at existing water contents. Low levels of additional compression occurs when the water content is increased.

Near-surface soils are of medium plasticity. Tests performed in accordance with ASTM D4829 (Standard Test Method for Expansion Index of Soils), resulted in value of 29 which corresponds to medium expansive potential. Slabs-on-grade supported on recompacted native soils have a medium potential for heaving if the water content of the soil increases.

Chemical tests were performed on representative samples of on-site soils to determine the amount of water-soluble sulfates. The test results indicate that the soils classify as negligibly corrosive to concrete according to Table 19.3.1.1 of ACI 318-19. The tests were performed by Motzz Laboratories, Inc. and the test results are presented in Appendix B.



5.2 Field Tests

Existing subsoils near shallow foundation level exhibited low resistance to penetration using test method ASTM D3550. This corresponds to a low bearing capacity for existing soils in their present condition.

The boring logs included in this report are indicators of subsurface conditions only at the specific location and date noted. Variations from the field conditions represented by the borings may become evident during construction. If variations appear, we should be contacted to re-evaluate our recommendations.

6.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

6.1 General

Recommendations contained in this report are based on our understanding of the project criteria described in Section 2.0 and the assumption that the soil and subsurface conditions are those disclosed by the explorations. Others may change the plans, final elevations, number and type of structures, foundation loads, and floor levels during design or construction. Substantially different subsurface conditions from those described herein may be encountered or become known. Any changes in the project criteria or subsurface conditions shall be brought to our attention in writing. This report does not encompass the effects, if any, of underlying geologic hazards or regional groundwater withdrawal and expresses no opinion regarding their effects on surface movements at the project site.

6.2 <u>Design Considerations</u>

Some of the surficial on-site soils encountered are firm in consistency or loose in relative density. In addition, laboratory test results indicate that these soils become weaker and collapsible with an increase in moisture content. These soils are not suitable for support of foundations in their present state and should be over-excavated and recompacted as recommended in the **EARTHWORK** section of this report. Proper drainage should be provided to help prevent infiltration of moisture below the foundations.

The borings indicate the presence of clay soils on the site. The clay soils may expand or swell with an increase in moisture content. Slabs-on-grade and related improvements situated on expansive clay soils could be subject to relatively large movements if the foundation soils



experience an increase or decrease in moisture content. In addition, densification of the soil by the passage of construction equipment may increase the expansion potential of the on-site clayey soil. As expansive soils are encountered during earthwork operations, selective placement procedures should be implemented. Moderately to highly expansive soils should not be used as fill in the slab-on-grade areas within 12 inches of the final subgrade. It should be understood that if moisture penetrates expansive soils, there could be some heave and resultant cracking/distress of the proposed structures and related improvements. Conversely, as expansive soils dry, shrinkage and resultant cracking/distress of the proposed structures and related improvements may occur.

Cobbles and boulders were encountered in the borings. These oversized materials, greater than 6 inches, could present construction difficulties for foundation, utility trench, and other excavations. In cut areas and excavations, exposed oversized materials should be removed and either disposed offsite or placed within lower portions of fill areas. The upper 5 feet of fill should be reasonably free of oversized materials.

Construction of site fences, screen walls and other miscellaneous improvements such as exterior slabs-on-grade within the development will be susceptible to heave and shrinkage as well, and options are presented herein to help reduce the risk of moisture-related soil movement.

It should be noted that shallow foundation systems are not designed to resist soil movements resulting from sewer or plumbing leaks, excessive or leaking irrigation systems, poor drainage, or water ponding near structures.

Demolition of existing on-site structures and associated improvements will disturb some of the supporting soils for the new structure. Care should be taken to properly place and compact disturbed soil in accordance with the recommendations in the **EARTHWORK** section of this report.

6.3 Foundations

Various foundation types have been considered for support of the proposed art feature and miscellaneous improvements. The foundation types considered included:

- Shallow footings on engineered fills
- Drilled shaft foundations



6.3.1 Spread Foundations

If the recommendations contained in this report are followed, the proposed structures can be supported by shallow spread footing type foundations bearing on properly compacted, engineered fill. The depth and lateral extent of the engineered fills is presented in the **EARTHWORK** section of this report.

The existing fill on the site should not be used for support of foundations without removal and recompaction.

Alternative footing depths and allowable bearing capacities are presented in the following tabulation:

Footing Depth Below Finished Grade ¹ (ft)	Allowable Bearing Capacity ² (psf)
1.5	1,500
2.0	2,000
3.0	3,000

We anticipate that total settlement of the proposed structures, supported as recommended, should be less than ¾ inch. Differential settlement is anticipated to be less than ½ inch. Additional foundation movements could occur if water from any source infiltrates the foundation soils. Therefore, proper drainage should be provided in the final design and during construction.

When new foundations are adjacent to the existing structure, the new foundations should be at least as deep as the existing foundations or the deeper foundations should be designed for increased loading. Support of the existing foundations would be required if adjacent new foundations will be constructed lower than the existing foundations.



¹ Finished grade is the lowest adjacent grade for perimeter footings and floor level for interior footings.

² Allowable bearing capacities assume fulfillment of **EARTHWORK** recommendations. Pounds per square foot (psf).

We recommend that the proposed addition be separated structurally from the existing building to reduce the possibility of cracking and displacement between the two structures.

All footings, stem walls and masonry walls should be reinforced to reduce the potential for distress caused by differential foundation movements. The use of joints at openings or other discontinuities in masonry walls is recommended.

We recommend that the geotechnical engineer or his representative observe the footing excavations before reinforcing steel and concrete are placed. This observation is to evaluate whether the soils exposed are similar to those anticipated for support of the footings. Any soft, loose or unacceptable soils should be undercut to suitable materials and backfilled with approved fill materials or lean concrete. Soil backfill should be properly compacted.

6.3.2 Drilled Shafts

Drilled shaft foundations designed using a combination of end bearing and side resistance may be used to support the proposed structures. The shafts may be designed using an allowable end bearing capacity of 6,000 psf, a unit skin friction of 350 psf and an allowable lateral bearing capacity of 450 psf/ft. Allowable capacities may be increased by 1/3 for wind and seismic loads. The shafts should extend at least 8 feet below site grades and bear in undisturbed native soil. The uppermost length of the drilled shaft foundation equal to the diameter shaft should be ignored when evaluating allowable capacities. The lateral bearing beginning at a depth equal to the diameter of the shaft may be taken as the depth multiplied by the allowable lateral bearing capacity provided above. If bearing on the nested SGC material at about 10 feet, an allowable end bearing capacity of 10,000 psf may be used.

We anticipate that total settlement of the proposed structures, supported by drilled shaft foundations as recommended, should be less than ¾ inch. Differential settlement is anticipated to be less than ½ inch. Additional foundation movements could occur if water from any source infiltrates the foundation soils. Therefore, proper drainage should be provided in the final design and during construction.

All drilled shafts should be reinforced to resist the uplift force due to expansive soils that may be developed, without any allowance for dead-load. This is to ensure the



drilled shafts can withstand the tensile stresses that may develop prior to the addition of the full dead load of the structure.

6.4 <u>Lateral Design Criteria</u>

Lateral loads may be resisted by concrete interface friction and by passive resistance. For shallow foundations bearing on properly compacted fill at this site and drilled shafts, we recommend the following lateral resistance criteria:

Passive:

Shallow wall footings	200 psf/ft
Shallow column footings	350 psf/ft
Drilled Shafts	450 psf/ft

Earth retaining structures less than 10 feet in height, above any free water surface, with level backfill and no surcharge loads may be designed using the equivalent fluid pressure method. Recommended active equivalent fluid pressures and coefficients of base friction for unrestrained elements are:

Active:

Undisturbed subsoil	40 psf/ft
Compacted granular backfill	30 psf/ft
Compacted site soils (non-clay)	35 psf/ft
Clay site soils	not recommended for use

Where the design includes restrained elements, the following equivalent fluid pressures are recommended:

At-rest:

Undisturbed subsoil	60 psf/ft
Compacted granular backfill	55 psf/ft

The equivalent fluid pressures presented herein do not include the lateral pressures arising from the presence of:



- hydrostatic conditions, submergence or partial submergence
- sloping backfill, positively or negatively
- surcharge loading, permanent or temporary
- seismic or dynamic conditions

We recommend a free-draining soil layer or manufactured geosynthetic material be constructed adjacent to the back of any retaining walls. A filter may be required between the soil backfill and drainage layer. This drainage zone should help prevent development of hydrostatic pressure on the wall. This vertical drainage zone should be tied into a gravity drainage system at the base of the wall. It is important that all backfill be properly placed and compacted. Backfill should be mechanically compacted in layers. Flooding or jetting should not be permitted. Care should be taken not to damage the walls when placing the backfill. Backfills should be observed and tested during placement.

6.5 <u>Seismic Considerations</u>

Structures should be designed in accordance with applicable building codes. The seismic design parameters presented in the following table, in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code and ASCE 7-16, are applicable to the project site:

Seismic Design Parameters International Building Code 2018, ASCE 7-16		
Soil Site Class	D	
Mapped Spectral Response Acceleration at 0.2 sec period (S₅)	0.181g	
Mapped Spectral Response Acceleration at 1.0 sec period (S ₁)	0.065g	
Site Coefficient for 0.2 sec period (Fa)	1.6	
Site Coefficient for 1.0 sec period (F _v)		
Design Spectral Response Acceleration at 0.2 sec period (S _{DS})	0.193g	
Design Spectral Response Acceleration at 1.0 sec period (S _{D1})	0.104g	

The soil site class is based upon conditions identified in shallow explorations and local knowledge of the soil conditions in the vicinity of the site. Soil conditions extending beyond the depth of our explorations to a depth of 100 feet were assumed for the purposes of providing the information presented in the table.



6.6 Conventional Slab-on-Grade Support

A geotechnical concern at the site is the expansion potential of the near surface soil. To reduce the potential for floor slab heaving we recommend that floor slabs be supported on a minimum of 12 inches of low- or non-expansive imported material. The slab subgrade should be prepared by the procedures outlined in the **EARTHWORK** section of this report. A minimum 4-inch layer of base course should be provided beneath all slabs to prevent capillary rise and damp slab. The base course may be included as part of the low- or non-expansive imported material beneath slabs.

For design of interior slabs-on-grade, we recommend using a modulus of subgrade reaction (k) of 250 pci for the on-site sands or imported fill material.

The use of vapor retarders or barriers is desirable for any slab-on-grade where the floor will be covered by products using water based adhesives, wood, vinyl backed carpet, impermeable floor coatings (urethane, epoxy, acrylic terrazzo, etc.) or where the floor will be in contact with moisture sensitive equipment or product. When used, the design and installation should be in accordance with the recommendations given in ACI 302.1R and 302.2R. Final determination on the use of a vapor retarder should be left to the slab designer.

All concrete placement and curing operations should follow the American Concrete Institute manual recommendations. Improper curing techniques and/or high slump (high water-cement ratio) could cause excessive shrinkage, cracking or curling. Concrete slabs should be allowed to cure adequately before placing vinyl or other moisture sensitive floor covering.

6.7 Drainage

The major cause of soil problems in this vicinity is moisture increase in soils below structures. Therefore, it is extremely important that positive drainage be provided during construction and maintained throughout the life of the facility.

In areas where sidewalks or paving do not immediately adjoin the various structures, protective slopes should be provided with an outfall of five percent for at least 10 feet from perimeter walls. Scuppers and drainpipes should be designed to provide drainage away from structures for a minimum of 10 feet. Water and sewer utility lines should be properly installed to avoid possible sources for subsurface saturation. It is important that



all utility trenches be properly backfilled. If practicable, planters and/or landscaping should not be constructed adjacent to or near structures. If planters and/or landscaping are adjacent to or near the structures, we recommend the following:

- Planters should be sealed
- Grades should slope away from the structures
- Only shallow rooted landscaping should be used
- Watering should be kept to a minimum

It should be understood that these recommendations will help reduce the potential for soil movement and resulting distress, but will not eliminate this potential.

6.8 <u>Corrosivity to Concrete</u>

The chemical test results indicate that the soils at the site classify as Class S0 in accordance with Table 19.3.1.1 of ACI 318-19. However, in order to be consistent with standard local practice and for reasons of material availability, we recommend that Type II Portland cement be used for all concrete on and below grade.

6.9 Pavements

Based on existing subgrade conditions, the following pavement sections are recommended:

Traffic Area	Asphalt Concrete Pavement (inches)	Base Course (inches)
Passenger car parking and drives (low traffic frequency)	2.5	6.0*
Major access drives (medium traffic frequency)	3.0	7.0

^{*}Existing asphalt concrete may be pulverized and compacted and used as part of the overall base course thickness

Due to the high static loads imposed by parked trucks in loading and unloading areas and at dumpster locations, we recommend that a rigid pavement section be considered for these areas. A minimum 6-inch thick portland cement concrete pavement overlying 4 inches of aggregate base is recommended.



Bituminous surfacing should be constructed of dense-graded, central plant-mix, asphalt concrete. Base course material should conform to the specification requirements for Untreated Base, Aggregate Base of the *Maricopa Association of Governments* (MAG) *Uniform Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction*. Asphalt concrete should conform to the specification requirements for "½-inch" Marshall Mix of the MAG specifications.

Material and compaction requirements should conform to recommendations presented under **EARTHWORK**. The gradient of paved surfaces should ensure positive drainage. Water should not pond in areas directly adjoining paved sections. The on-site clayey subgrade soils may soften and lose stability if subjected to conditions that result in an increase in water content.

The "design life" (20 years) of a pavement is defined as the expected life at the end of which reconstruction of the pavement will need to occur. Normal maintenance, including crack sealing, slurry sealing, and/or chip sealing, should be performed during the life of the pavement.

6.9.1 Existing Pavements

A visual inspection of the pavement at the boring locations and the surrounding area was performed simultaneously with the field exploration on January 20, 2021. The borings indicate asphalt pavement thickness ranges from 1.5-inches to 4-inches and asphalt base course thickness ranges from 2-inches to 6-inches. Throughout the parking lot area, fatigue cracks (also known as alligator cracks), and longitudinal and/or traverse cracks up to 1-inch in width were observed.

Alligator cracks are caused by excessive deflection of the pavement surface which can be caused by the subgrade or granular base course weakened by moisture, insufficient pavement thickness, overloading of the pavement, or a combination of these factors. Based on the observed thicknesses of asphalt and base course material, it is likely the alligator cracks were caused by insufficient pavement thickness in those areas. For small, localized areas of alligator cracking, a full-depth patch is the best repair for this type of distress. Longitudinal and/or traverse cracks that are recommended for sealing are those estimated to be more than ¼ inch wide. Cracks should be sealed to prevent intrusion of water into the underlying pavement layers. A rubberized seal coat should be considered for any existing pavements that will remain following renovations and improvements.



7.0 EARTHWORK

7.1 General

The conclusions contained in this report for the proposed construction are contingent upon compliance with recommendations presented in this section. Any excavating, trenching, or disturbance that occurs after completion of the earthwork must be backfilled, compacted and tested in accordance with the recommendations contained herein. It is not reasonable to rely upon our conclusions and recommendations if any future unobserved and untested trenching, earthwork activities or backfilling occurs.

Underground utilities were observed on the site. Previously placed fill and backfill, and disturbed soils are likely to be encountered during construction. These features should be handled in accordance with the recommendations of the geotechnical engineer and/or any applicable regulatory requirements. Any loose or disturbed soils resulting from demolition should be removed or recompacted as engineered fill and any excavations should be backfilled in accordance with recommendations presented herein.

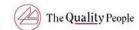
7.2 Site Clearing

Strip and remove any existing fill material, vegetation, debris, and any other deleterious materials from the structure and pavement areas. The structure area is defined as that area within the structure footprint plus 5 feet beyond the perimeter of that footprint. All exposed surfaces should be free of mounds and depressions that could prevent uniform compaction.

7.3 Excavation

We anticipate that excavations for shallow foundations and utility trenches for the proposed construction can be accomplished with conventional equipment. Excavations penetrating the underlying SGC may require the use of heavy-duty, specialized equipment to facilitate removal. The speed and ease of excavation is dependent on the nature of the deposit, the type of equipment used, and the skill and experience of the equipment operator.

On-site clay soils may pump or become unworkable at high water contents. Workability may be improved by scarifying and drying. Over-excavation of wet zones and replacement



with granular materials may be necessary. The use of lightweight excavation and compaction equipment may be required to minimize subgrade pumping.

The soils to be penetrated by the proposed excavations may vary significantly across the site. Our soil classifications are based solely on the materials encountered in widely spaced exploratory test borings. The contractor should verify that similar conditions exist throughout the proposed area of excavation. If different subsurface conditions are found at the time of construction, we should be contacted immediately to evaluate the conditions encountered.

7.3.1 Temporary Excavations and Slopes

Temporary, non-surcharged construction excavations should be sloped or shored. The individual contractor should be made responsible for designing and constructing stable, temporary excavations as required to maintain stability of both the excavation sides and bottom. All excavations should be sloped or shored in the interest of safety following local and federal regulations, including current OSHA excavation and trench safety standards. OSHA recommends a maximum slope inclination of ¾:1 (horizontal:vertical) for Type A soils, 1:1 for Type B soils, and 1½:1 for Type C soils.

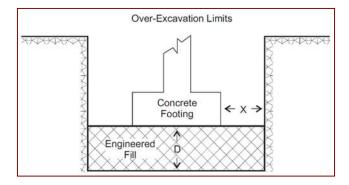
As a safety measure, it is recommended that all vehicles and soil piles be kept a minimum lateral distance back from the crest of the slope at least equal to the slope height. The exposed slope face should be protected against the elements.

We recommend that the contractor retain a geotechnical engineer to observe the soils exposed in all excavations and provide engineering design for the slopes. This will provide an opportunity to classify the soil types encountered, and to modify the excavation slopes as necessary. This also allows the opportunity to analyze the stability of the excavation slopes during construction.

7.4 Foundation Preparation

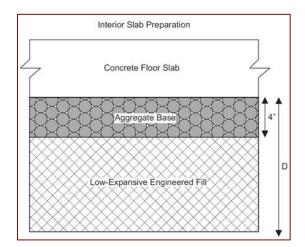
In footing areas, remove existing soils as required to a minimum depth of 2 feet below the bottom of the footing (depth D in the diagram below) or 2 feet below existing site grades, whichever is deeper. Removal should extend a minimum of 2 feet beyond the footing edges (length X in the diagram below). Replace with engineered fill material.





7.5 <u>Conventional Interior and Exterior Slab Preparation</u>

Slabs-on-grade should be founded on engineered fill material. Remove existing soils to a minimum depth of 12 inches below the bottom of the slab (depth D in the diagram below). Replace with properly compacted, low- or non-expansive, fill material. The aggregate base course below the slab may be included as part of the low- or non-expansive engineered fill.



7.6 Pavement Preparation

Prior to placement of base course or pavement materials the exposed subgrade soils should be proof-rolled and observed by the geotechnical engineer or his qualified representative to verify that stable subgrade conditions exist. Any loose, soft, disturbed, or otherwise unsuitable materials should be over-excavated and replaced with engineered fill. The proof-roll is valid for 48 hours if there is no significant change in weather conditions.



7.7 Materials

Clean on-site soils with low expansive potentials and maximum diameter of 6 inches or imported materials may be used as fill material for the following:

- Foundation areas
- Interior slab areas³
- Pavement areas
- Backfill

Imported soils should conform to the following:

Oversize material, greater than 6 inches but less than 12 inches, may be used in the lower portions of the building pad, below 3 feet, provided that the particles are distributed throughout the fill and no nesting of oversize material occurs.

The materials used in the upper 3 feet of fill in the building pad should be reasonably free of rocks or lumps having a particle diameter greater than 6 inches. Acceptance of the quantity of oversize material shall be at the discretion of the geotechnical engineer.



³ On-site clay soils are not recommended for use within 12 inches of the bottom of slabs-on-grade or as structural backfill behind retaining walls.

⁴ Measured on a sample compacted to approximately 95 percent of the ASTM D698 maximum dry density at about 2 percent below optimum water content. The sample is confined under a 144 psf surcharge and submerged.

Base course should conform to the *Maricopa Association of Governments Uniform Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction* (MAG) or other local government specifications.

7.8 Placement and Compaction

- a. Place and compact fill in horizontal lifts, using equipment and procedures that will produce recommended water contents and densities throughout the lift.
- b. Uncompacted lift thickness should not exceed 10 inches.
- c. Materials should be compacted to the following:

Minimum Percent Material Compaction (ASTM D698)

•	On-site or imported soil, reworked and fill:	
	Below footings	. 95
	Below slabs-on-grade	. 90
	Below pavement	. 95
•	Base course below slabs-on-grade and foundations	. 95
•	Aggregate base below pavement (public right-of-way)	100
•	Aggregate base below pavement (private drives, parking areas)	. 95
•	Nonstructural backfill	. 90

Fill at depths greater than 5 feet below finished grade should be compacted to at least 100 percent of the ASTM D698 dry-density value to within 5 feet of finished grade. Fill at depths less than 5 feet below finished grade should be compacted to the minimum values provided above.

On-site clayey soils should be compacted within a water content range of 1 percent below to 3 percent above optimum. Imported and on-site granular soils with low expansion potential should be compacted within a water content range of 3 percent below to 3 percent above optimum.



7.9 Compliance

Recommendations for foundations, slabs-on-grade, and pavements supported on compacted fills or prepared subgrade depend upon compliance with the **EARTHWORK** recommendations. To assess compliance, observation and testing should be performed under the direction of a WT geotechnical engineer. Please contact us to provide these observation and testing services.

8.0 ADDITIONAL SERVICES

The recommendations provided in this report are based on the assumption that a sufficient schedule of tests and observations will be performed during construction to verify compliance. At a minimum, these tests and observations should be comprised of the following:

- Observations and testing during site preparation and earthwork,
- Observation of foundation excavations, and
- Consultation as may be required during construction.

Retaining the geotechnical engineer who developed your report to provide construction observation is the best way to verify compliance and to help you manage the risks associated with unanticipated conditions.

9.0 LIMITATIONS

This report has been prepared assuming the project criteria described in **2.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION**. If changes in the project criteria occur, or if different subsurface conditions are encountered or become known, the conclusions and recommendations presented herein shall become invalid. In any such event, WT should be contacted in order to assess the effect that such variations may have on our conclusions and recommendations. If WT is not retained for the construction observation and testing services to determine compliance with this report, our professional responsibility is accordingly limited.

The recommendations presented are based entirely upon data derived from a limited number of samples obtained from widely spaced explorations. The attached logs are indicators of subsurface conditions only at the specific locations and times noted. This report assumes the



uniformity of the geology and soil structure between explorations, however variations can and often do exist. Whenever any deviation, difference, or change is encountered or becomes known, WT should be contacted.

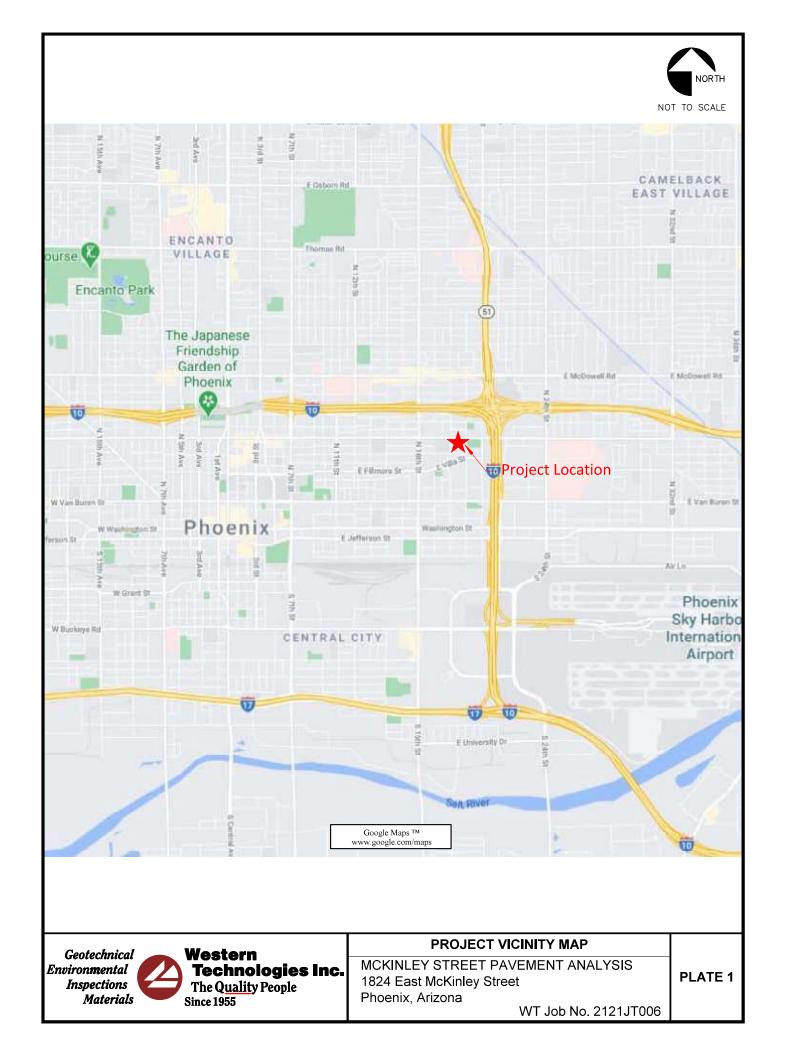
This report is for the exclusive benefit of our client alone. There are no intended third-party beneficiaries of our contract with the client or this report, and nothing contained in the contract or this report shall create any express or implied contractual or any other relationship with, or claim or cause of action for, any third party against WT.

This report is valid for the earlier of one year from the date of issuance, a change in circumstances, or discovered variations. After expiration, no person or entity shall rely on this report without the express written authorization of WT.

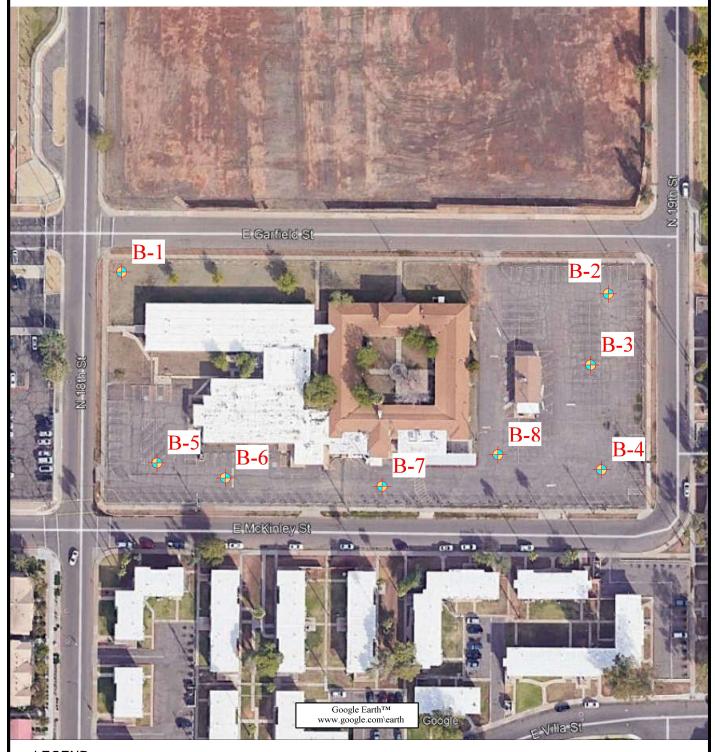
10.0 CLOSURE

We prepared this report as an aid to the designers of the proposed project. The comments, statements, recommendations and conclusions set forth in this report reflect the opinions of the authors. These opinions are based upon data obtained at the location of the explorations, and from laboratory tests. Work on your project was performed in accordance with generally accepted standards and practices utilized by professionals providing similar services in this locality. No other warranty, express or implied, is made.









LEGEND

Approximate Boring Location



BORING LOCATION DIAGRAM

MCKINLEY STREET PAVEMENT ANALYSIS 1824 East McKinley Street Phoenix, Arizona

WT Job No. 2121JT006

PLATE 2

Allowable Soil Bearing Capacity The recommended maximum contact stress developed at the interface of the

foundation element and the supporting material.

Backfill A specified material placed and compacted in a confined area.

Base Course A layer of specified aggregate material placed on a subgrade or subbase.

Base Course Grade Top of base course.

Bench A horizontal surface in a sloped deposit.

Caisson/Drilled Shaft A concrete foundation element cast in a circular excavation which may have an

enlarged base (or belled caisson).

Concrete Slabs-On-Grade A concrete surface layer cast directly upon base course, subbase or subgrade.

Crushed Rock Base Course A base course composed of crushed rock of a specified gradation.

Differential Settlement Unequal settlement between or within foundation elements of a structure.

Engineered Fill Specified soil or aggregate material placed and compacted to specified density and/or

moisture conditions under observations of a representative of a soil engineer.

Existing Fill Materials deposited through the action of man prior to exploration of the site.

Existing Grade The ground surface at the time of field exploration.

Expansive Potential The potential of a soil to expand (increase in volume) due to absorption

of moisture.

Fill Materials deposited by the actions of man.

Finished Grade The final grade created as a part of the project.

Gravel Base Course A base course composed of naturally occurring gravel with a specified gradation.

Heave Upward movement.

Native Grade The naturally occurring ground surface.

Native Soil Naturally occurring on-site soil.

Rock A natural aggregate of mineral grains connected by strong and permanent cohesive

forces. Usually requires drilling, wedging, blasting or other methods of extraordinary

force for excavation.

Sand and Gravel Base Course A base course of sand and gravel of a specified gradation.

Sand Base Course A base course composed primarily of sand of a specified gradation.

Scarify To mechanically loosen soil or break down existing soil structure.

Settlement Downward movement.

Soil Any unconsolidated material composed of discrete solid particles, derived from the

physical and/or chemical disintegration of vegetable or mineral matter, which can be

separated by gentle mechanical means such as agitation in water.

Strip To remove from present location.

Subbase A layer of specified material placed to form a layer between the subgrade and base

course.

Subbase Grade Top of subbase.

Subgrade Prepared native soil surface.



DEFINITION OF TERMINOLOGY

PLATE

A-1

COARSE-GRAINED SOILS

LESS THAN 50% FINES

GROUP SYMBOLS	DESCRIPTION	MAJOR DIVISIONS
GW	WELL-GRADED GRAVEL OR WELL-GRADED GRAVEL WITH SAND, LESS THAN 5% FINES	GRAVELS MORE THAN HALF OF COARSE FRACTION IS LARGER THAN NO. 4 SIEVE SIZE
GP	POORLY-GRADED GRAVEL OR POORLY-GRADED GRAVEL WITH SAND, LESS THAN 5% FINES	
GM	SILTY GRAVEL OR SILTY GRAVEL WITH SAND, MORE THAN 12% FINES	
GC	CLAYEY GRAVEL OR CLAYEY GRAVEL WITH SAND, MORE THAN 12% FINES	
sw	WELL-GRADED SAND OR WELL-GRADED SAND WITH GRAVEL, LESS THAN 5% FINES	SANDS MORE THAN HALF OF COARSE FRACTION IS SMALLER THAN NO. 4 SIEVE SIZE
SP	POORLY-GRADED SAND OR POORLY-GRADED SAND WITH GRAVEL, LESS THAN 5% FINES	
SM	SILTY SAND OR SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL, MORE THAN 12% FINES	
sc	CLAYEY SAND OR CLAYEY SAND WITH GRAVEL, MORE THAN 12% FINES	

NOTE: Coarse-grained soils receive dual symbols if they contain 5% to 12% fines (e.g., SW-SM, GP-GC).

COMPONENT	SIZE RANGE
BOULDERS	Above 12 in.
COBBLES	3 in. – 12 in.
GRAVEL Coarse Fine	No. 4 – 3 in. ¾ in. – 3 in. No. 4 – ¾ in.
SAND Coarse Medium Fine	No. 200 – No. 4 No. 10 – No. 4 No. 40 – No. 10 No. 200 – No. 40
Fines (Silt or Clay)	Below No. 200

SOIL SIZES

NOTE: Only sizes smaller than three inches are used to classify soils

PLASTICITY OF FINE GRAINED SOILS

TERM
NON-PLASTIC
LOW MEDIUM
HIGH

FINE-GRAINED SOILS

MORE THAN 50% FINES

GROUP SYMBOLS	DESCRIPTION	MAJOR DIVISIONS
ML	SILT, SILT WITH SAND OR GRAVEL, SANDY SILT, OR GRAVELLY SILT	SILTS AND CLAYS LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 50
CL	LEAN CLAY OF LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY, SANDY CLAY, OR GRAVELLY CLAY	
OL	ORGANIC SILT OR ORGANIC CLAY OF LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY	
МН	ELASTIC SILT, SANDY ELASTIC SILT, OR GRAVELLY ELASTIC SILT	SILTS AND CLAYS LIQUID LIMIT MORE THAN 50
СН	FAT CLAY OF HIGH PLASTICITY, SANDY FAT CLAY, OR GRAVELLY FAT CLAY	
ОН	ORGANIC SILT OR ORGANIC CLAY OF HIGH PLASTICITY	
РТ	PEAT AND OTHER HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS	HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS

NOTE: Fine-grained soils may receive dual classification based upon plasticity characteristics (e.g. CL-ML).

CONSISTENCY

CLAYS & SILTS	BLOWS PER FOOT
VERY SOFT SOFT	0 – 2 3 – 4
FIRM	5 – 8
STIFF VERY STIFF	9 – 15 16 – 30
HARD	OVER 30

RELATIVE DENSITY

BLOWS PER FOOT
0 – 4
5 – 10
11 – 30
31 – 50
OVER 50

NOTE: Number of blows using 140-pound hammer falling 30 inches to drive a 2-inch-OD (1¾-inch ID) split-barrel sampler (ASTM D1586).

DEFINITION OF WATER CONTENT

Geotechnical
Environmental
Inspections
Materials

Western
Technologies Inc.
The Quality People
Since 1955

wt-us.com

METHOD OF CLASSIFICATION

PLATE

A-2

The number shown in **"BORING NO."** refers to the approximate location of the same number indicated on the "Boring Location Diagram" as positioned in the field by pacing or measurement from property lines and/or existing features, or through the use of Global Positioning System (GPS) devices. The accuracy of GPS devices is somewhat variable.

"DRILLING TYPE" refers to the exploratory equipment used in the boring wherein HSA = hollow stem auger, and the dimension presented is the outside diameter of the HSA used.

"N" in "BLOW COUNTS" refers to a 2-inch outside diameter split-barrel sampler driven into the ground with a 140 pound drop-hammer dropped 30 inches repeatedly until a penetration of 18 inches is achieved or until refusal. The number of blows, or "blow count", of the hammer is recorded for each of three 6-inch increments totaling 18 inches. The number of blows required for advancing the sampler for the last 12 inches (2nd and 3rd increments) is defined as the Standard Penetration Test (SPT) "N"-Value. Refusal to penetration is considered more than 50 blows per 6 inches. (Ref. ASTM D1586).

"R" in "BLOW COUNTS" refers to a 3-inch outside diameter ring-lined split barrel sampler driven into the ground with a 140 pound drop-hammer dropped 30 inches repeatedly until a penetration of 12 inch is achieved or until refusal. The number of blows required to advance the sampler 12 inches is defined as the "R" blow count. The "R" blow count requires an engineered conversion to an equivalent SPT N-Value. Refusal to penetration is considered more than 50 blows per foot. (Ref. ASTM D3550).

"CS" in "BLOWS/FT." refers to a 2½-in. outside diameter California style split-barrel sampler, lined with brass sleeves, driven into the ground with a 140-pound hammer dropped 30 inches repeatedly until a penetration of 18 inches is achieved or until refusal. The number of blows of the hammer is recorded for each of the three 6-inch increments totaling 18 inches. The number of blows required for advancing the sampler for the last 12 inches (2nd and 3rd increments) is defined as the "CS" blow count. The "CS" blow count requires an engineered conversion to an equivalent SPT N-Value. Refusal to penetration is considered more than 50 blows for a 6-inch increment. (Ref. ASTM D 3550)

"SAMPLE TYPE" refers to the form of sample recovery, in which N = Split-barrel sample, R = Ring-lined sample, "CS" = California style split-barrel sample, R = Ring-lined sample, R = Ring-

"DRY DENSITY (LBS/CU FT)" refers to the laboratory-determined dry density in pounds per cubic foot. The symbol "NR" indicates that no sample was recovered.

"WATER (MOISTURE) CONTENT" (% of Dry Wt.) refers to the laboratory-determined water content in percent using the standard test method ASTM D2216.

"USCS" refers to the "Unified Soil Classification System" Group Symbol for the soil type as defined by ASTM D2487 and D2488. The soils were classified visually in the field, and where appropriate, classifications were modified by visual examination of samples in the laboratory and/or by appropriate tests.

These notes and boring logs are intended for use in conjunction with the purposes of our services defined in the text. Boring log data should not be construed as part of the construction plans nor as defining construction conditions.

Boring logs depict our interpretations of subsurface conditions at the locations and on the date(s) noted. Variations in subsurface conditions and characteristics may occur between borings. Groundwater levels may fluctuate due to seasonal variations and other factors.

The stratification lines shown on the boring logs represent our interpretation of the approximate boundary between soil or rock types based upon visual field classification at the boring location. The transition between materials is approximate and may be more or less gradual than indicated.

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Environmental
Inspections
Materials

Western
Technologies Inc.
The Quality People
Since 1955

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BORING LOG NOTES

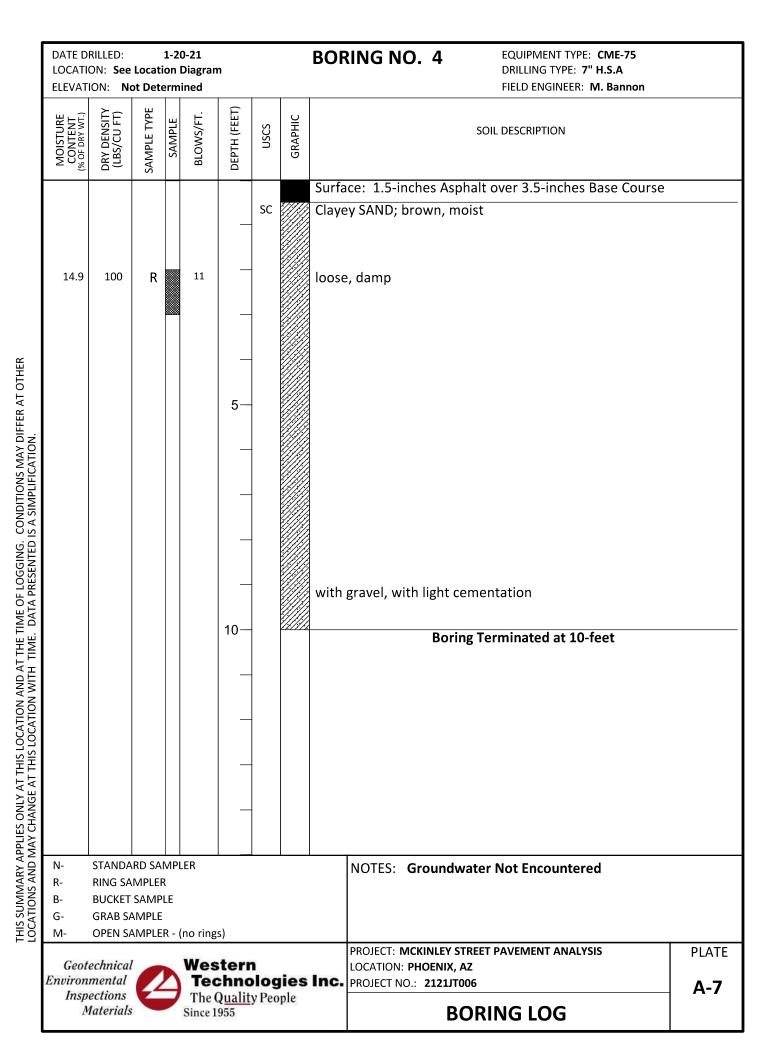
PLATE

A-3

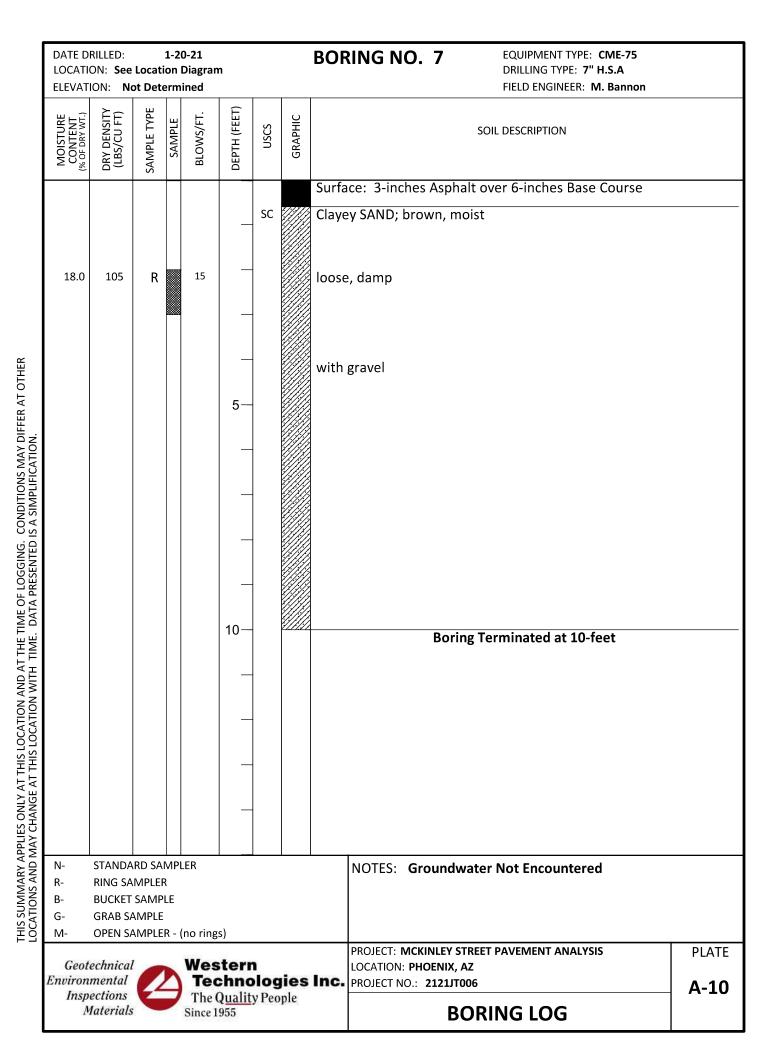
DATE DRILLED: LOCATION: Se ELEVATION:	e Locati	_	m			BORING NO. 1 EQUIPMENT TYPE: CME-75 DRILLING TYPE: 7" H.S.A FIELD ENGINEER: M. Bannon	
MOISTURE CONTENT (% OF DRY WT.) DRY DENSITY (LBS/CU FT)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE BLOWS/FT.	DEPTH (FEET)	nscs	GRAPHIC	SOIL DESCRIPTION	
9.2 99	B R	35	_	CL		Sandy Lean CLAY; brown, slightly damp stiff, with light cementation	
9.0 98	R	57	5-			with gravel, hard, with moderate cementation	
HIS LOCATION WITH TIME. DATA PRESENTED IS A SIMPLIFICATION. 0.6 86	N	50/5"	10-			Auger Refusal at 12-feet on Sand, Gravel, and C	obbles
R- RING S B- BUCKE G- GRAB	DARD SAI SAMPLEF ST SAMP SAMPLE SAMPLE	₹	gs)			NOTES: Groundwater Not Encountered PROJECT: MCKINLEY STREET PAVEMENT ANALYSIS	PLATE
Geotechnic Environmenta Inspection Materia	1 2	Te	Qualit	ologi		Inc. PROJECT: MICKINGEY STREET PAVEMENT ANALYSIS LOCATION: PHOENIX, AZ PROJECT NO.: 2121JT006 BORING LOG	A-4

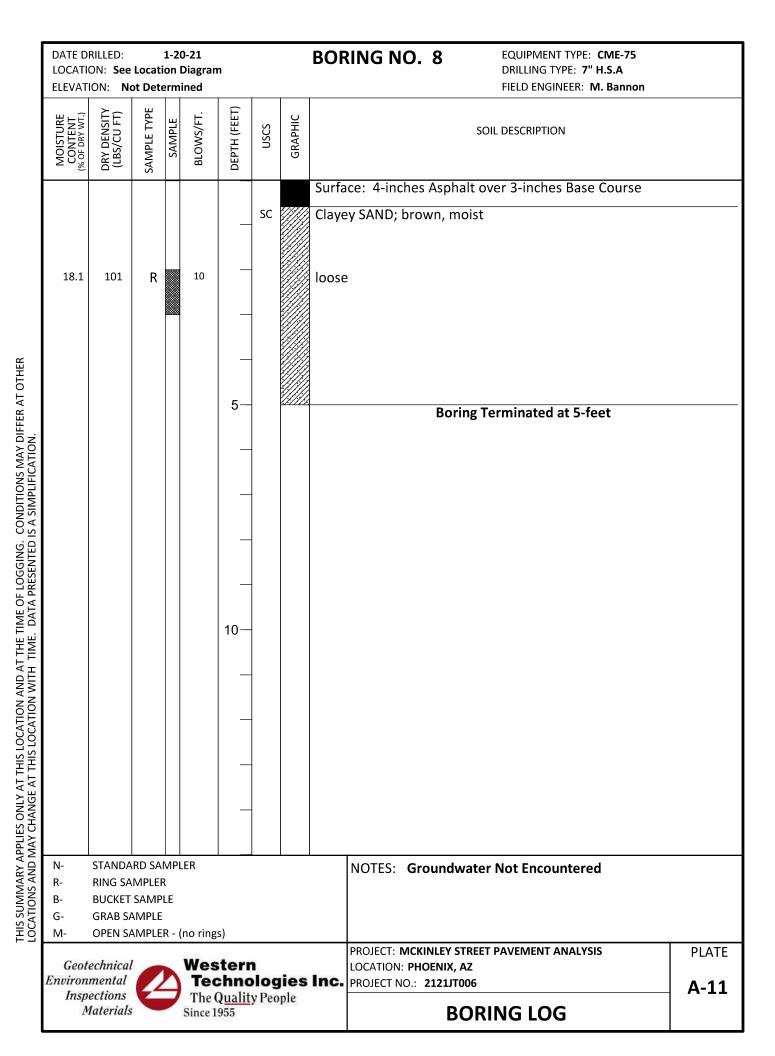
	RILLED: ON: See ION: N o	Locati	ion I		n			BORING NO. 2 EQUIPMENT TYPE: CME-75 DRILLING TYPE: 7" H.S.A FIELD ENGINEER: M. Bannon	
MOISTURE CONTENT (% OF DRY WT.)	DRY DENSITY (LBS/CU FT)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE	BLOWS/FT.	DEPTH (FEET)	nscs	GRAPHIC	SOIL DESCRIPTION	
								Surface: 3.5-inches Asphalt over 4-inches Base Course	
		В			_	CL		Sandy Lean CLAY; dark brown, moist	
11.3	107	R		8	_			brown, firm, damp	
					_				
					_				
					5-				
					_				
					_				
DATA FRESENTED IS A SIMPLIFICATION.								with cobbles	
					10—			Boring Terminated at 10-feet	
LOCATIONS AND MAT CHANGE AT THIS LOCATION WITH TIME. A B B B B C P					_				
					_				
					_				
					_				
N- R-	STANDA RING SA	MPLE	3	.ER				NOTES: Groundwater Not Encountered	
B- G- M-	BUCKET GRAB SA OPEN SA	AMPLE		no ring	s)				
Geote Environ				Tec	terr	olog	jies	PROJECT: MCKINLEY STREET PAVEMENT ANALYSIS LOCATION: PHOENIX, AZ PROJECT NO.: 2121JT006	PLA1 A-5
	ections Iaterials	-		The Since 1	Q <u>ualit</u> 955	y Peo	ple	BORING LOG	'``

THIS SUMMARY APPLIES ONLY AT THIS LOCATION AND AT THE TIME OF LOGGING. CONDITIONS MAY DIFFER AT OTHER LOCATIONS AND MAY CHANGE AT THIS LOCATION WITH TIME. DATA PRESENTED IS A SIMPLIFICATION.



DATE DE LOCATION ELEVATI	ON: See	Locati	on [_	n			BORING NO. 5 EQUIPMENT TYPE: CME-79 DRILLING TYPE: 7" H.S.A FIELD ENGINEER: M. Bann	
MOISTURE CONTENT (% OF DRY WT.)	DRY DENSITY (LBS/CU FT)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE	BLOWS/FT.	ОЕРТН (FEET)	USCS	GRAPHIC	SOIL DESCRIPTION	
LOCATIONS AND MAY CHANGE AT THIS LOCATION WITH TIME. DATA PRESENTED IS A SIMPLIFICATION. 국 후 후 가 (103	B		9	5	CL		Surface: 4-inches Asphalt over 2-inches Base Cours Sandy Lean CLAY; brown, moist firm, damp with gravel and cobbles Auger Refusal at 7-feet on Sand, Gravel, and	les
N- R- B- G- M-	STANDA RING SA BUCKET GRAB SA OPEN SA	MPLEF SAMP AMPLE	R LE		c)			NOTES: Groundwater Not Encountered	
Geote Environ	echnical			Wes	terr	olog	jies	PROJECT: MCKINLEY STREET PAVEMENT ANALYSIS LOCATION: PHOENIX, AZ PROJECT NO.: 2121JT006	PLATE A-8
	laterials			Since 1	955	y 1 e0	pie	BORING LOG	





					rberg nits		Initial	Compression Properties		N	Noisture-Density Relationship	1	s	well Properties	S	Soluble	Soluble		
Boring No.	Sample Depth	USCS Class.	Percent Passing			Initial Dry Density	Water Content	Surcharge	Total Comp	ression (%)	Maximum	Optimum				Expansion	Sulfates C	Chlorides	Remarks
	(ft)		#200	LL	PI	(pcf)	(%)	(ksf)	In-Situ	After Saturation	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture Content (%)	Method	Surcharge (ksf)	Swell (%)	Index (EI)	(ppm)	(ppm)	
1	0-5	CL	59	33	13												31		7,12
1	2-3	CL				99	9.2	0.5	0.7										12
								1.0 2.0	1.2	2.8 4.5									2 2
								3.0		6.3									2
1	5-6	CL				98	9.0												11
2	0-5	CL	59	36	17											29			5,12
	2-3	CL				107	11.3												12
3	2-3	sc				104	15.6												11
4	2-3	SC				100	14.9												11
5	0-5	CL	56	32	13														12
	2-3	CL				103	14.7												12
6	2-3	SC				110	13.8												11
7	2-3	sc				105	18.0												11
8	2-3	sc				101	18.1												11

- 1. Compacted density is approximately 95% of ASTM D698 maximum density
- at a moisture content slightly below optimum.

 2. Submerged to approximate saturation.
- 3. Slight rebound after saturation.
- 4. Sample disturbance observed.
 5. Expansion Index (EI) test in accordance with ASTM D4829.
- 6. Chloride Content (ARIZ 736a).
- 7. Sulfate Content (ARIZ 733a).
- 8. pH (ARIZ 237b).
- Minimum Resistivity (ARIZ 236c).
 Test Method ASTM D698 / AASHTO T99.
- 11. Field Visual Classification (ASTM D 2488).
- 12. Laboratory Soil Classification (ASTM D 2487).
- 13. Test Method ASTM D1557 / AASHTO T180.
- 14. From the ADOT Family of Curves for Maricopa County.
- 15. See Corrosion Plate.
- 16. Initial Dry Density and Initial Water Content from Remolded Swell.
- Notes: Initial Dry Density and Initial Water Content are in-situ values unless otherwise noted.

NP = Non-Plastic NV = No Value

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PROJECT: MCKINLEY STREET PARKING IMPROVEMENTS

JOB NO.: 2121JT006

SOIL PROPERTIES

PLATE B-1



Laboratory Analysis Report

Western Technologies Mike Whitman 3737 E Broadway Road Phoenix , AZ 85040 Project: 2121JT006

Date Received: 1/26/2021
Date Reported: 1/28/2021

PO Number: 2141P0161

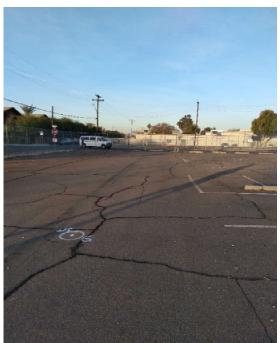
La	b Number: 935372-1	110203	B1 (0-5)				
	Test Parameter		Method	Res	ılt	Units	Levels
	Sulfate		ASTM C 1580		31	ppm	



PHOTOGRAPHIC LOG

PAVEMENT DISTRESS EVALUATION

WT Job No.: 2121JT006 January 20, 2021



Picture 1 - Southwest corner of the site, facing west.



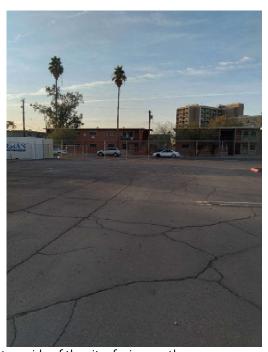
Picture 2 - Central area of the site, facing northeast.



PHOTOGRAPHIC LOG

PAVEMENT DISTRESS EVALUATION

WT Job No.: 2121JT006 January 20, 2021



Picture 3 - Eastern side of the site, facing south.



Picture 4 - Southeastern corner of the site, facing west.

BID PROPOSAL

CITY OF PHOENIX, ARIZONA OFFICE OF THE CITY ENGINEER

PROJECT TITLE: EDISON IMPACT HUB CONSTRUCTION PROJECT NO.: AH20300003

BOND ISSUE OR BUDGET PROJECT

PROPOSAL to the City Engineer of the City of Phoenix.
In compliance with the Advertisement for Bids, by the City Engineer, the undersigned bidder:
(Print or Type Contractor Name and Vendor Number)

Having examined the contract documents, site of work and being familiar with the conditions to be met, hereby submits the following proposal for furnishing the material, equipment, labor and everything necessary for the completion of the work listed and agrees to execute the contract documents and furnish the required bonds and certificates of insurance for the completion of said work, at the locations and for the prices set forth on the inside pages of this form.

Understands that construction of this project shall be in accordance with all applicable Maricopa Association of Governments' (MAG) Uniform Standard Specifications and Uniform Standard Details, latest edition, and the City of Phoenix Supplements to the MAG Uniform Standard Specifications and Details, latest edition, except as otherwise required by the project plans and specifications.

No proposal may be withdrawn for a period of 50 days after opening without consent of the Contracting Agency through the body or agent duly authorized to accept or reject the proposal except in the case of federally assisted projects.

Understands that his proposal shall be submitted with a proposal guarantee of cash, certified check, cashier's check or surety bond for an amount not less than ten (10) percent of the amount bid, as referenced in the Call for Bids.

Agrees that upon receipt of Notice of Award, from the City of Phoenix, he will execute the contract documents within 10 calendar days.

Work shall be completed within 455 calendar days, beginning with the day following the starting date specified in the Notice to Proceed. The time allowed for completion of the work includes lead time for obtaining the necessary materials and/or equipment and approvals.

The bidder shall acknowledge all addenda in writing. By writing the addendum number(s) below, the bidder agrees that this proposal is computed with consideration of the specification book(s) plus any addenda.

ADDENDUM NO.	<u>DATE</u>	ADDENDUM NO.	<u>DATE</u>

PROJECT NO.: AH20300003

CITY OF PHOENIX, ARIZONA STREET TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

EDISON IMPACT HUB CONSTRUCTION

CONSTRUCTION BID PROPOSAL

BASE BID The undersigned agrees to perform the work as described in the Contract Documents for the following lump sum:
Dollars and Cents
(Written Word)
(\$
OWNER'S ALLOWANCE The undersigned agrees to perform the work as described in the Contract Documents for the following Owner's Allowance lump sum:
One Million Four Hundred Twenty-Seven Thousand One Hundred Twenty Dollars and 0 Cents (Written Word)
(\$1,427,120.00) TOTAL BID
Dollars and Cents
(Written Word)
(\$)
ALTERNATES If funding is available and if it is determined to be in the best interest of the City of Phoenix, the alternates below may be added to the project. The City is under no obligation to accept any or all alternates. Alternates are listed in the order of importance. ALTERNATE #1: Install 21,744 SF of grass and irrigation system in lieu of decomposed granite at Northwest portion of property.
Dollars andCents (Written Word)
(\$)
FIRM NAME:
SIGNTURE:DATE:
PRINTED NAME:

PROPOSAL SUBMITTAL

Project Title: EDISON IMPACT HUB CONSTRUCTION Project No.: AH20300003

THIS PROPOSAL IS SUBMITTED BY	
a corporation organized under the laws of the State of	
a partnership consisting of	
a joint venture consisting of	
or individual trading as	
of the City of	
ADDRESS_	
CITY_	STATE ZIP CODE VENDOR
PHONE_	 VENDOR NO
	Officer and Title (signature)
	Officer and Title (signature)
	 Officer and Title (print or type)
	 Date
WITNESS: If Contractor is an individual (signature)	
ATTEST: If Contractor is Corporation or Partnership (signature and title)	

SURETY BOND

City of Phoenix Project No.: AH20300003

That we,	, as Principal, (hereinafter
called the Principal) and the	, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of
, as Surety, (hereinafter called the	Surety) are held and firmly bound unto the City of Phoenix as Obligee, in the
sum of ten (10) percent of the total amount of the bid of Pri	ncipal, submitted by him to the City of Phoenix for the work described below
for the payment of which sum, well and truly to be made,	the said Principal and the said Surety, bind ourselves, our heirs, executors
administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and several	ly, firmly by these presents and in conformance with A.R.S. #34-201.
WHEREAS, the said Principal is herewith submitting its pro	posal for EDISON IMPACT HUB CONSTRUCTION
the City of Phoenix in accordance with the terms of such the Standard Specifications with good and sufficient Surety labor and material furnished in the prosecution thereof, or such Bonds and Certificates of Insurance, if the Principal s bond between the amount specified in the proposal and another party to perform the work covered by the proposal and effect.	ne proposal of the Principal and the Principal shall enter into a contract with proposal and give such Bonds and Certificates of Insurance as specified in a for the faithful performance of such contract and for the prompt payment of in the event of the failure of the Principal to enter into such contract and give shall pay to the City of Phoenix the difference not to exceed the penalty of the such larger amount for which the Obligee may in good faith contract with I, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise to remain in full force
Signed and sealed this day of	A.D., 2024
Principal	
Title	
Mailing Address	
Surety	_
Guicty	
WITNESS:	_
A.M. BEST RATING:	

CERTIFICATION WITH REGARD TO THE PERFORMANCE OF PREVIOUS CONTRACTS OR SUBCONTRACTS SUBJECT TO THE EQUAL OPPORTUNITY CLAUSE AND THE FILING OF REQUIRED REPORTS APRIL 1969

The bidder, proposed subcontractor participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to Orders 10925, 11114, or 11246, and that he has committee, the Director of the Office of Federal Contract administering agency or the former President's Committee under the applicable filing requirements.	the equal opportunity clause, as required by Executive, has not, filed with the Joint Reporting ct Compliance, a Federal Government contracting or
	(Company)
By:	
Date:	(Title)
Note: The above certification is required by the Equal Em Labor (41 CFR 60-1.7b (1),) and must be submitted by big with contracts and subcontracts which are subject to the which are exempt from the equal opportunity clause are se subcontracts of \$10,000 or under are exempt.)	dders and proposed subcontractors only in connection equal opportunity clause. Contracts and subcontracts
Currently, Standard Form 100 (EEO-1) is the only report regulations.	equired by the Executive Orders or their implementing
Information concerning Standard Form 100 (EEO-1) is ava	ailable from:
Joint Reporting C Box 19	

Proposed prime contractors and subcontractors who have participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Executive Orders and have not filed the required reports should note that 41 CFR 60-1.7(b)(1) prevents the award of contracts and subcontracts unless such contractor submits a report covering the delinquent period or such other period specified by the Federal Highway Administration or by the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance, U.S. Department of Labor.

Washington, D.C. 20036-9100

R7/03

Equal Employment Opportunity Clause

All contracts for all services and supplies entered into in connection with the Project or operation of the Property will contain the following provisions as required by 41 CFR § 60-1.4(b):

The applicant hereby agrees that it will incorporate or cause to be incorporated into any contract for construction work, or modification thereof, as defined in the regulations of the Secretary of Labor at 41 CFR Chapter 60, which is paid for in whole or in part with funds obtained from the Federal Government or borrowed on the credit of the Federal Government pursuant to a grant, contract, loan, insurance, or guarantee, or undertaken pursuant to any Federal program involving such grant, contract, loan, insurance, or guarantee, the following equal opportunity clause:

During the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees as follows:

(1) The contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. The contractor will take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to the following:

Employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.

- (2) The contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin.
- (3) The contractor will not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because such employee or applicant has inquired about, discussed, or disclosed the compensation of the employee or applicant or another employee or applicant. This provision shall not apply to instances in which an employee who has access to the compensation information of other employees or applicants as a part of such employee's essential job functions discloses the compensation of such other employees or applicants to individuals who do not otherwise have access to such information, unless such disclosure is in response to a formal complaint or charge, in furtherance of an investigation, proceeding, hearing, or

action, including an investigation conducted by the employer, or is consistent with the contractor's legal duty to furnish information.

- (4) The contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which he has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice to be provided advising the said labor union or workers' representatives of the contractor's commitments under this section, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.
- (5) The contractor will comply with all provisions of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and of the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor.
- (6) The contractor will furnish all information and reports required by Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and by rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor, or pursuant thereto, and will permit access to his books, records, and accounts by the administering agency and the Secretary of Labor for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with such rules, regulations, and orders.
- (7) In the event of the contractor's noncompliance with the nondiscrimination clauses of this contract or with any of the said rules, regulations, or orders, this contract may be canceled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts or federally assisted construction contracts in accordance with procedures authorized in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and such other sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked as provided in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, or by rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor, or as otherwise provided by law.
- (8) The contractor will include the portion of the sentence immediately preceding paragraph (1) and the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (8) in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued pursuant to section 204 of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the administering agency may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for noncompliance:

Provided, however, that in the event a contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the administering agency, the contractor may request the United States to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

The applicant further agrees that it will be bound by the above equal opportunity clause with respect to its own employment practices when it participates in federally assisted construction work: *Provided*, That if the applicant so participating is a State or local government, the above equal opportunity clause is not applicable to any agency, instrumentality or subdivision of such government which does not participate in work on or under the contract.

The applicant agrees that it will assist and cooperate actively with the administering agency and the Secretary of Labor in obtaining the compliance of contractors and subcontractors with the equal opportunity clause and the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor, that it will furnish the administering agency and the Secretary of Labor such information as they may require for the supervision of such compliance, and that it will otherwise assist the administering agency in the discharge of the agency's primary responsibility for securing compliance.

The applicant further agrees that it will refrain from entering into any contract or contract modification subject to Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, with a contractor debarred from, or who has not demonstrated eligibility for, Government contracts and federally assisted construction contracts pursuant to the Executive Order and will carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of the equal opportunity clause as may be imposed upon contractors and subcontractors by the administering agency or the Secretary of Labor pursuant to Part II, Subpart D of the Executive Order. In addition, the applicant agrees that if it fails or refuses to comply with these undertakings, the administering agency may take any or all of the following actions: Cancel, terminate, or suspend in whole or in part this grant (contract, loan, insurance, guarantee); refrain from extending any further assistance to the applicant under the program with respect to which the failure or refund occurred until satisfactory assurance of future compliance has been received from such applicant; and refer the case to the Department of Justice for appropriate legal proceedings.

The City and the United States are beneficiaries of this *clause* and are entitled to enforce it.

Borrower compliance

Borrower will comply with all applicable local, state, and federal fair employment laws and regulations.

CITY OF PHOENIX LIST OF MAJOR SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS

PROJECT NO.: AH20300003 PROJECT TITLE: EDISON IMPACT HUB CONSTRUCTION

DESCRIPTION OF WORK OR MATERIALS (CONTRACTOR TO ENTER TRADE/SUPPLIER AREAS)	SELF- PERFORMED BY PRIME CONTRACTOR		SUBCONTRACTOR/ SUPPLIER COMPANY NAME (IF NOT SELF- PERFORMED)	CONTACT PERSON	PHONE NUMBER	DOLLAR VALUE OF WORK OR MATERIALS IN BID
	□YES	□ NO				
	□YES	□ NO				
	□YES	□ №				
	□YES	□ NO				
	□YES	□ NO				
	□YES	□ NO				
I hereby certify by signing below that bid. These companies will not be rem providing work equal to or greater than materials or list any subcontractors wit	oved or reposed of the	olaced without blaced	out prior written approval by are listed or you will be disqu	the City of Phoenix Project N	Manager. The City req	uires that ALL vendors
COMPANY NAME				SIGNATURE		
NAME & TITLE			F	PHONE NUMBER	DATE	
EMAIL ADDRESS						

L.O.S. - 1

CITY OF PHOENIX LIST OF ALL SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS

PROJECT NO.: AH20300003 PROJECT TITLE: EDISON IMPACT HUB CONSTRUCTION

DESCRIPTION OF WORK OR MATERIALS (CONTRACTOR TO ENTER TRADE/SUPPLIER AREAS)	SELF- PERFORMED BY PRIME CONTRACTOR		SUBCONTRACTOR/ SUPPLIER COMPANY NAME (IF NOT SELF- PERFORMED)	CONTACT PERSON	PHONE NUMBER	DOLLAR VALUE OF WORK OR MATERIALS IN BID
	□YES	□ NO				
	□YES	□ NO				
	□YES	□ NO				
	□YES	□ NO				
	□YES	□ NO				
	□YES	□ NO				
I hereby certify by signing below that t on the project without prior written ap disqualified. If you are self-performing	proval by tl	he City of P	Phoenix Project Manager. Th	e City requires that ALL ver	ndors providing work a	re listed or you will be
COMPANY NAME				SIGNATURE		
NAME & TITLE			Р	PHONE NUMBER	DATE	
EMAIL ADDRESS						

BIDDER'S DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Authorized Co	ontact for this Disclosure Staten	ent
Name:		
Title:		
E-mail:		
Phone number	er:	
		identity used in the last five years, the state or country where filed, and the status (active or inactive):
Business Ch	aracteristics	
Business enti	ty type – Please check appropr	te box and provide additional information:
	Corporation Limited Liability Company Limited Liability Partnership Limited Partnership General Partnership Sole Proprietor Other (explain)	Date of incorporation: Date organized: Date of registration: Date established: Date established: How many years in business?: Date established:
Was the busin	ness entity formed in the State	Arizona? Yes No
If no, indicate	jurisdiction where Business En	y was formed:
Business Lic	cense Number and Classifica	on:
Business Tra	ansaction Privilege License N	umber:
Special Use	or other zoning permits requ	ed for Bidder's operation and performance of the services under this Agreement:

Is the Business Entity currently registered to do sole proprietor or general partnership)	business in Arizona with the Arizona Corpo	ration Commission? Yes_	No	Not required		(if
Does the Business Entity have a City of Phoen "application in progress" or other reason. Is the Business Entity publicly traded? Yes		No If "no" explain ar	nd provide de	etail such as "no	t requi	ired" or
Is the responding Business Entity a Joint Venture comprising the Joint Venture. YesNo		a Joint Venture, also subm	nit a question	naire for each Bu	ısines	s Entity
Is the Business Entity's Principal Place of Bus No	iness/Executive office in Phoenix? If "no"	does the Business Entity	maintain an	office in Phoeni	x? Ye	S
Provide the address and phone number for the P	hoenix office.					
Is the business certified by Phoenix as a Small B	usiness Enterprise? Yes No					
Identify Business Entity Officials and principal Ov	vners:					
Name(s) applicable).	Title	Percentage	ownership	%(Enter	0%	if not
Name(s) applicable).	Title	Percentage	ownership	%(Enter	0%	if not
Name(s) applicable).	Title	Percentage	ownership	%(Enter	0%	if not
Name(s) applicable).	Title	Percentage	ownership	%(Enter	0%	if not
Affiliates and Joint Venture Relationships						
Does the Business entity have any Affiliates? Yes	s No Attach additional pages	if necessary.				
Affiliate name:						
Affiliate EIN (if available):	·					
Affiliate's primary Business Activity:	 					
Explain relationship with Affiliate and indicate per	rcent ownership, if applicable.					
Are there any Business Entity Officials or Principa	al Owners that the Business Entity has un c	ommon with this Affiliate?				

Individual's name:
Position/Title with Affiliate:
Has the Business Entity participated in any joint Ventures within the past three years? Yes No(Attach additional pages if necessary) Joint Venture Name:
Joint venture EIN (if applicable):
Identify parties to the Joint Venture:
Contract History
Has the Business Entity held any contracts with the city of Phoenix in the last three (3) years? Yes No If "yes" attach a list.
Integrity – Contract Bidding
Within the past three (3) years, has the Business Entity or any Affiliate been suspended or debarred from any government contracting process or been disqualified on any government procurement? Yes No
Been subject to a denial or revocation of a government prequalification? Yes No
Been denied a contract award or had a bid rejected based upon a finding of a non-responsibility by a government entity? Yes No
Agreed to a voluntary exclusion from bidding/contracting with a government entity? Yes No
Initiated a request to withdraw a bid submitted to a government entity or made any claim of an error on a bid submitted to a government entity? YesNo
Initiated a request to withdraw a bid submitted to a government entity or made any claim of an error on a bid submitted to a government entity? YesNo
For each "Yes" answer above, provide an explanation of the issues.
Integrity – Contract Award
Within the past three (3) years has the Business Entity or any Affiliate been suspended, cancelled, or terminated for cause on any government contract? Yes No
Been subject to an administrative proceeding or civil action seeking specific performance or restitution in connection with any government contract? YesNo
For each "yes" answer, provide an explanation. (Attach explanation on a separate sheet of paper).

B.D.S.-3

Certifications/Licenses
Within the past three (3) years, has the Business Entity or Affiliate had a revocation, suspension, or disbarment of any business or professional permit and/or license? Yes No
If "yes" provide an explanation of the issue(s), the Business Entity involved, the relationship to the submitting Business Entity, relevant dates, the government entity involved, and any remedial or corrective action(s) taken and the current status of the issues.
Legal Proceedings
Within the past three (3) years, has the Business Entity of any Affiliate:
Been the subject of an investigation, whether open or closed, by any government entity for a civil or criminal violation? Yes No
Been the subject of an indictment, grant of immunity, judgment or conviction, (including entering into a plea bargain for conduct constituting a crime)? YesNo
Received any OSHA citation and Notification of Penalty containing a violation classified as serious or willful? Yes No
Had a government entity find a willful prevailing wage or supplemental payment violation? Yes No
Been involved in litigation as either a plaintiff or a defendant involving a copyright or patent infringement violation or an anti-trust violation? Yes No
Other than previously disclosed, for the past three (3) years:
(i) Been subject to the imposition of a fine or penalty in excess of \$1000 imposed by any government as a result of the issuance of citation, summons or notice of violation, or pursuant to any administrative, regulatory, or judicial determination; Yes No
(ii) Been charged or convicted of a criminal offense pursuant to any administrative and/or regulatory action taken by any government entity? Yes No
If "yes" provide an explanation of the issue(s), the Business Entity involved, the relationship to the submitting Business Entity, relevant dates, the government entity involved, and any remedial or corrective action(s) taken and the current status of the issues.
Leadership Integrity
If the Business Entity is a joint Venture Entity, answer "N/A – Not Applicable" to questions below:
Within the past three (3) years has any individual previously identified, or any other Business Entity Leader not previously identified, or any individual having the authority to sign, execute, or approve bids, proposals, contracts or supporting documentation with the City of Phoenix been subject to:
A sanction imposed relative to any business or professional permit and/or license? Yes No
An investigation, whether open or closed, by any government entity for a civil or criminal violation for any business related conduct? Yes No



Your completion of this form is required by Arizona state law. A.R.S. §§ 1-501 and -50 only if you are a sole proprietor.

I,	_(print	full	name	exactly	as or
document), hereby affirm, upon penalty of perjury, that I pre	esented	the d	ocume	nt marked	below to
the City of Phoenix, that I am lawfully present in the United	States,	and t	hat I am	the perso	on stated
on the document. (select one category only)					
□Arizona driver license issued after 1996.					
Print first four numbers/letters from license:					
□Arizona non-operating identification license.					
Print first four numbers/letters:					
☐ Birth certificate or delayed birth certificate issued in any of the U.S.	y state, t	errito	ory or po	ossession	
Year of birth:; Place of birth:					-
☐ United States Certificate of Birth Abroad. Year of birth:; Place of birth:					-
□United States Passport.					
Print first four numbers/letters on Passport:					
□Foreign Passport with United States Visa.					
Print first four numbers/letters on Passport:					
Print first four numbers/letters on Visa:					
□I-94 Form with a photograph.					
Print first four numbers on I-94:					
□USCIS Employment Authorization Document (EAD).					
Print first four numbers/letters on EAD:					
or Perm. Resident Card (acceptable alternative):					
□Refugee Travel Document.					
Date of issuance:; Refugee count	ry:				
□U.S. Certificate of Naturalization.					
Print first four digits of CIS Reg. No.:					
☐ U.S. Certificate of Citizenship.		I			
Date of issuance:; Place of issuan	nce:				
□Tribal Certificate of Indian Blood.					
Date of issuance:; Name of tribe: ☐Tribal or Bureau of Indian Affairs Affidavit of Birth.					_
Year of birth:; Place of birth:					
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					-
Signed:	Dat	٠h۵			

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Certification Regarding Debarment and Suspension

Certification A: Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters - Primary Covered Transactions

- 1. The prospective primary participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief that its principals;
- a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal debarment or agency;
- b. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification, or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
- c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State, or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (1)(b) of this certification; and
- d. Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State, or local) terminated for cause or default.
- 2. Where the prospective primary participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

Instructions for Certification (A)

- 1. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out below.
- 2. The inability of a person to provide the certification required below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective primary participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such person from participation in this transaction.
- 3. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was place when the department or agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective primary participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.

- 4. The prospective primary participant shall provide immediate written notice to the department or agency to whom this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective primary participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- 5. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the department or agency to which this proposal is being submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of these regulations.
- 6. The prospective primary participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.
- 7. The prospective primary participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion Lower Tier Covered Transaction," provided by the department or agency entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.
- 8. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that it is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines this eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the Nonprocurement List.
- 9. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 10. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (6) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.

Certification B: Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion - Lower Tier Covered Transactions

- 1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency.
- 2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

Instructions for Certification (B)

- 1. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- 2. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- 3. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- 4. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of these regulations.

- 5. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.
- 6. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.
- 7. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that it is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the Nonprocurement List.
- 8. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 9. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (5) of these instructions, if a participant in a lower covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies including suspension and/or debarment.

Applicant		Date
Signature of Authorized Certifying Official	Title	

Previous Participation Certification

Reason for submission:

1. Agency name and City where the application is filed

(See instructions)

3. Loan or Contract amount \$

Previous editions are obsolete

OMB Approval No. 2502-0118 (Exp. 11/30/2022)

6. Type of Project (check one)

Existing Rehabilitation Proposed (New)

ref 24 CFR 200 Subpart H Form HUD-2530 (10/2016)

US Department of Housing and Urban Development

4. Number of Units or Beds

7. List all proposed Controlling Participants and attach complete organization chart for all organizations showing ownership %

Office of Housing/Federal Housing Commissioner

Part I to be completed by Controlling Participant(s) of Covered Projects

US Department of Agriculture

Farmers Home Administration

For HUD HQ/FmHA use only

5. Section of Act

2. Project Name, Project Number, City and Zip Code

Name and address (Last, First, Middle Initial) of controlling participant(s) proposing to participate	8 Role of Each P	rincipal in Project	9. SSN or IKS Emplo	oyer Number (11N)
Certifications: The controlling participants(s) listed above hereby apply to HUD or USDA FmHA, as the case mayb controlling participant(s) certify that the information provided on this form and in any accompanying documentation fraudulent statement, representation, or certification may result in criminal, civil, and/or administrative sanctions, incaccuracy of the following:	is true and accurate. I/we ack	nowledge that making, p	presenting, or submitting	g a false, fictitious, or
Schedule A contains a listing, for the last ten years, of every project assisted or insured by HUD, USDA FmHA an participated or are now participating. For the period beginning 10 years prior to the date of this certification, and except as shown on the certification: No mortgage on a project listed has ever been in default, assigned to the Government or foreclosed, nor has it rece The controlling participants have no defaults or noncompliance under any Conventional Contract or Turnkey There are no known unresolved findings as a result of HUD audits, management reviews or other Governmental in	eived mortgage relief from the tract of Sale in connection wi	mortgagee; th a public housing projec	ct;	lling participant(s) have
c. There are no known unresolved findings as a result of HUD audits, management reviews or other Governmental investigations concerning the controlling participants or their projects; d. There has not been a suspension or termination of payments under any HUD assistance contract due to the controlling participant's fault or negligence; e. The controlling participants have not been convicted of a felony and are not presently the subject of a complaint or indictment charging a felony. (A felony is defined as any offense punishable by imprisonment of exceeding one year, but does not include any offense classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of a State and punishable by imprisonment of two years or less):			by imprisonment for a term	
f. The controlling participants have not been suspended, debarred or otherwise restricted by any Department or Agen Agency:			nt from doing business v	with such Department or
 The controlling participants have not defaulted on an obligation covered by a surety or performance bond and hav All the names of the controlling participants who propose to participate in this project are listed above. 	e not been the subject of a cla	im under an employee fic	delity bond;	
 None of the controlling participants is a HUD/FmHA employee or a member of a HUD/FmHA employee's immed C.F.R. Part 2635 (57 FR 35006) and HUD's Standard of Conduct in 24 C.F.R. Part 0 and USDA's Standard of Conducting 24 C.F.R. Part 0 and USDA's Standard of Conducting 25 Conducting 26 Conducting 26 Conducting 26 Conducting 26 Conducting 27 Conducting			duct for Employees of th	ne Executive Branch in 5
5. None of the controlling participants is a participant in an assisted or insured project as of this date on which constr than 90 days and documents for closing, including final cost certification, have not been filed with HUD or FmH/		d in excess of 20 days or	which has been substan	ntially completed for more
6. None of the controlling participants have been found by HUD or FmHA to be in noncompliance with any applicab found to be in noncompliance with any requirements, attach a signed statement explaining the relevant facts, circu	le fair housing and civil rights		5.105(a). (If any contro	olling participants have been
7. None of the controlling participants is a Member of Congress or a Resident Commissioner nor otherwise prohibite 8. Statements above (if any) to which the controlling participant(s) cannot certify have been deleted by striking through attached a true and accurate signed statement (if applicable) to explain the facts and circumstances.	ed or limited by law from cont	tracting with the Governn		
Name of Controlling Participant	Signature of Controlling Participant	Certificatio		Area Code and Tel. No.
This form prepared by (print name)		Area Code and Tel. N	lo.	.1

Page 1 of 5

Schedule A: List of Previous Projects and Section 8 Contracts. Below is a complete list of the controlling participants' previous participation projects and participation history in covered projects as per 24 CFR, part 200 §200.214 and multifamily Housing programs of FmHA, State and local Housing Finance Agencies, if applicable. Note: Read and follow the instruction sheet carefully. Make full disclosure. Add extra sheets if you need more space. Double check for accuracy. If no previous projects, write by your name, "No previous participation, First Experience".

Controlling Participants' Name (Last, First)	List of previous projects (Project name, project ID and, Govt. agency involved)	3.List Participants' Role(s) (indicate dates participated, and if fee or identity of interest participant)	4. Status of loan (current, defaulted, assigned, foreclosed)	5.Was the Project ever in default during your participation Yes No If yes, explain	6. Last MOR rating and Physical Insp. Score and date
Deat H. Ever HUD Internet Decrees of Only					

Part II- For HUD Internal Processing Only

Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Tel No. and area code		ПА	A. No adverse information; form HUD-2530 approva	C. Disclosure o	r Certification problem
Staff	Processing and Control			recommended.	ப	
			□в.	Name match in system	D. Other (attac	h memorandum)
Signature of authorized reviewer	•	Signature of authorized revi	iewer	Ap	proved	Date (mm/dd/yyyy)
				In	Vas. D No	

Previous editions are obsolete

ref 24 CFR 200 Subpart H Form HUD-2530 (10/2016)

Instructions for Completing the Previous Participation Certificate, form HUD-2530

Carefully read these instructions and the applicable regulations. A copy of the regulations published at 24 C.F.R. part 200, subpart H, § 200.210-200.222 can be obtained on-line at www.gpo.gov and from the Account Executive at any HUD Office. Type or print neatly in ink when filling out this form. Incomplete form will be returned to the applicant.

Attach extra sheets as you need them. Be sure to indicate "Continued on Attachments" wherever appropriate. Sign each additional page that you attach if it refers to you or your record. **Carefully read the certification before you sign it.** Any questions regarding the form or how to complete it can be answered by your HUD Account Executive.

Purpose: This form provides HUD/USDA FmHA with a certified report of all previous participation in relevant HUD/USDA programs by those parties submitting the application. The information requested in this form is used by HUD/USDA to determine if you meet the standards established to ensure that all controlling participants in HUD/USDA projects will honor their legal, financial and contractual obligations and are of acceptable risks from the underwriting standpoint of an insurer, lender or governmental agency. HUD requires that you certify and submit your record of previous participation, in relevant projects, by completing and signing this form, before your participation can be approved.

HUD approval of your certification is a necessary precondition for your participation in the project and in the capacity that you propose. If you do not file this certification, do not furnish the information requested accurately, or do not meet established standards, HUD will not approve your certification.

Note that approval of your certification does not obligate HUD to approve your project application, and it does not satisfy all other HUD program requirements relative to your qualifications.

Who Must Sign and File Form HUD-2530: Form HUD-2530 must be completed and signed by all Controlling Participants of Covered Projects, as such terms are defined in 24 CFR part 200 §200.212, and as further clarified by the Processing Guide (HUD notice H 2016-15) referenced in 24 CFR §200.210(b) and available on the HUD website at: http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program_offices/housing/mfh/prevparticipation.

Where and When Form HUD-2530 Must Be Filed: The original of this form must be submitted to the HUD Office where your project application will be processed at the same time you file your initial project application. This form must be filed with applications for projects listed in 24 CFR §200.214 and for the Triggering Events listed at 24 CFR §200.218.

Review of Adverse Determination: If approval of your participation in a HUD project is denied, withheld, or conditionally granted on the basis of your record of previous participation, you will be notified by the HUD Office. You may request reconsideration in accordance with 24 CFR §200.222 and further clarified by the Processing Guide. Request must be made in writing within 30 days from your receipt of the notice of determination.

The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is authorized to collect this information by law 42 U.S.C. 3535(d) and by regulation at 24 CFR 200.210. This information is needed so that principals applying to participate in multifamily programs can become HUD-approved controlling participants. The information you provide will enable HUD to evaluate your record with respect to established standards of performance, responsibility and eligibility. Without prior approval, a controlling participant may not participate in a proposed or existing multifamily or healthcare project. HUD uses this information to evaluate whether or not controlling participants pose an unsatisfactory underwriting risk. The information is used to evaluate the potential controlling participants and approve only individuals and organizations that will honor their legal, financial and contractual obligations.

Privacy Act Statement: The Housing and Community Development Act of 1987, 42 U.S.C. 3543 requires persons applying for a Federally-insured or guaranteed loan to furnish his/her Social Security Number (SSN). HUD must have your SSN for identification of your records. HUD may use your SSN for automated processing of your records and to make requests for information about you and your previous records with other public agencies and private sector sources. HUD may disclose certain information to Federal, State and local agencies when relevant to civil, criminal, or regulatory investigations and prosecutions. It will not be otherwise disclosed or released outside of HUD, except as required and permitted by law. You must provide all of the information requested in this application, including your SSN.

Purpose: The information collected by form HUD-2530 is required for principals applying to participate in multifamily programs to become HUD-approved controlling participants. The information you provide will enable HUD to evaluate your record with respect to established standards of performance, responsibility, and eligibility.

Routine Use: The information collected by this form will not be otherwise disclosed outside of HUD, except to public agencies and private sector sources for automated processing of your records and for requesting information about you for participant approval; to appropriate agencies, entities, and persons when it is reasonably necessary to mitigate a breach or related incident; to Federal, state and/or local agencies when relevant to civil, criminal, or regulatory investigations and prosecutions or for other inquiries.

Disclosure: Providing the information is voluntary. You must provide all information requested in this application, including your SSN. Without prior approval or information, a controlling participant may not participate in a proposed or existing multifamily or healthcare project.

SORN ID/URL:https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2016-07-29/pdf/2016-18026.pdf

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average three hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. This agency may not collect this information, and you are not required to complete this form, unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.
A response is mandatory. Failure to provide any of the information will result in your disapproval of participation in this HUD program.
Page 5 of 5

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Office of Public and Indian Housing

Representations, Certifications, and Other Statements of Bidders Public and Indian Housing Programs

Representations, Certifications, and Other Statements of Bidders

Public and Indian Housing Programs

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1. Certificate of Independent Price Determination

- (a) The bidder certifies that--
- (1) The prices in this bid have been arrived at independently, without, for the purpose of restricting competition, any consultation, communication, or agreement with any other bidder or competitor relating to (i) those prices, (ii) the intention to submit a bid, or (iii) the methods or factors used to calculate the prices offered;
- (2) The prices in this bid have not been and will not be knowingly disclosed by the bidder, directly or indirectly, to any other bidder or competitor before bid opening (in the case of a sealed bid solicitation) or contract award (in the case of a competitive proposal solicitation) unless otherwise required by law; and
- (3) No attempt has been made or will be made by the bidder to induce any other concern to submit or not to submit a bid for the purpose of restricting competition.
- (b) Each signature on the bid is considered to be a certification by the signatory that the signatory--
- (1) Is the person in the bidder's organization responsible for determining the prices being offered in this bid or proposal, and that the signatory has not participated and will not participate in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(l) through (a)(3) above; or
- (2) (i) Has been authorized, in writing, to act as agent for the following principals in certifying that those principals have not participated, and will not participate in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(I) through (a)(3) above.

full name of person(s) in the bidder's organization responsible for determining the prices offered in this bid or proposal, and the title of his or her position in the bidder's organization];

(ii) As an authorized agent, does certify that the principals named in subdivision (b)(2)(i) above have not participated, and will not participate, in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) above; and

- (iii) As an agent, has not personally participated, and will not participate in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) above.
- (c) If the bidder deletes or modifies subparagraph (a)2 above, the bidder must furnish with its bid a signed statement setting forth in detail the circumstances of the disclosure.
- [] [Contracting Officer check if following paragraph is applicable]
- (d) Non-collusive affidavit. (applicable to contracts for construction and equipment exceeding \$50,000)
- (1) Each bidder shall execute, in the form provided by the PHA/ IHA, an affidavit to the effect that he/she has not colluded with any other person, firm or corporation in regard to any bid submitted in response to this solicitation. If the successful bidder did not submit the affidavit with his/her bid, he/she must submit it within three (3) working days of bid opening. Failure to submit the affidavit by that date may render the bid nonresponsive. No contract award will be made without a properly executed affidavit.
- (2) A fully executed "Non-collusive Affidavit" $\ [\]$ is, $\ [\]$ is not included with the bid.

2. Contingent Fee Representation and Agreement

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision:

"Bona fide employee" means a person, employed by a bidder and subject to the bidder's supervision and control as to time, place, and manner of performance, who neither exerts, nor proposes to exert improper influence to solicit or obtain contracts nor holds out as being able to obtain any contract(s) through improper influence.

"Improper influence" means any influence that induces or tends to induce a PHA/IHA employee or officer to give consideration or to act regarding a PHA/IHA contract on any basis other than the merits of the matter.

- (b) The bidder represents and certifies as part of its bid that, except for full-time bona fide employees working solely for the bidder, the bidder:
- (1) [] has, [] has not employed or retained any person or company to solicit or obtain this contract; and
- (2) [] has, [] has not paid or agreed to pay to any person or company employed or retained to solicit or obtain this contract any commission, percentage, brokerage, or other fee contingent upon or resulting from the award of this contract.
- (c) If the answer to either (a)(1) or (a)(2) above is affirmative, the bidder shall make an immediate and full written disclosure to the PHA/IHA Contracting Officer.
- (d) Any misrepresentation by the bidder shall give the PHA/IHA the right to (1) terminate the contract; (2) at its discretion, deduct from contract payments the amount of any commission, percentage, brokerage, or other contingent fee; or (3) take other remedy pursuant to the contract.
- 3. Certification and Disclosure Regarding Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions (applicable to contracts exceeding \$100,000)
- (a) The definitions and prohibitions contained in Section 1352 of title 31, United States Code, are hereby incorporated by reference in paragraph (b) of this certification.

- (b) The bidder, by signing its bid, hereby certifies to the best of his or her knowledge and belief as of December 23, 1989 that:
- (1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with the awarding of a contract resulting from this solicitation;
- (2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds (including profit or fee received under a covered Federal transaction) have been paid, or will be paid, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with this solicitation, the bidder shall complete and submit, with its bid, OMB standard form LLL, "Disclosure of Lobbying Activities;" and
- (3) He or she will include the language of this certification in all subcontracts at any tier and require that all recipients of subcontract awards in excess of \$100,000 shall certify and disclose accordingly.
- (c) Submission of this certification and disclosure is a prerequisite for making or entering into this contract imposed by section 1352, title 31, United States Code. Any person who makes an expenditure prohibited under this provision or who fails to file or amend the disclosure form to be filed or amended by this provision, shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000, and not more than \$100,000, for each such failure.
- (d) Indian tribes (except those chartered by States) and Indian organizations as defined in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450B) are exempt from the requirements of this provision.

4. Organizational Conflicts of Interest Certification

The bidder certifies that to the best of its knowledge and belief and except as otherwise disclosed, he or she does not have any organizational conflict of interest which is defined as a situation in which the nature of work to be performed under this proposed contract and the bidder's organizational, financial, contractual, or other interests may, without some restriction on future activities:

- (a) Result in an unfair competitive advantage to the bidder; or,
- (b) Impair the bidder's objectivity in performing the contract work.
- [] In the absence of any actual or apparent conflict, I hereby certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief, no actual or apparent conflict of interest exists with regard to my possible performance of this procurement.

5. Bidder's Certification of Eligibility

- (a) By the submission of this bid, the bidder certifies that to the best of its knowledge and belief, neither it, nor any person or firm which has an interest in the bidder's firm, nor any of the bidder's subcontractors, is ineligible to:
- (1) Be awarded contracts by any agency of the United States Government, HUD, or the State in which this contract is to be performed; or,
 - (2) Participate in HUD programs pursuant to 24 CFR Part 24.
- (b) The certification in paragraph (a) above is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when making award. If it is later determined that the bidder knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, the contract may be terminated for default, and the bidder may be debarred or suspended from participation in HUD programs and other Federal contract programs.

6. Minimum Bid Acceptance Period

- (a) "Acceptance period," as used in this provision, means the number of calendar days available to the PHA/IHA for awarding a contract from the date specified in this solicitation for receipt of bids.
- (b) This provision supersedes any language pertaining to the acceptance period that may appear elsewhere in this solicitation.
- (c) The PHA/IHA requires a minimum acceptance period of [Contracting Officer insert time period] calendar days.
- (d) In the space provided immediately below, bidders may specify a longer acceptance period than the PHA's/IHA's minimum requirement. The bidder allows the following acceptance period: calendar days.
- (e) A bid allowing less than the PHA's/IHA's minimum acceptance period will be rejected.
- (f) The bidder agrees to execute all that it has undertaken to do, in compliance with its bid, if that bid is accepted in writing within (1) the acceptance period stated in paragraph (c) above or (2) any longer acceptance period stated in paragraph (d) above.

7. Small, Minority, Women-Owned Business Concern Representation

The bidder represents and certifies as part of its bid/ offer that it -- (a) [] is, [] is not a small business concern. "Small business concern," as used in this provision, means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding, and qualified as a small business under the criteria and size standards in 13 CFR 121.

- (b) []is, []is not a women-owned business enterprise. "Women-owned business enterprise," as used in this provision, means a business that is at least 51 percent owned by a woman or women who are U.S. citizens and who also control and operate the business.
- (c) [] is, [] is not a minority business enterprise. "Minority business enterprise," as used in this provision, means a business which is at least 51 percent owned or controlled by one or more minority group members or, in the case of a publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of its voting stock is owned by one or more minority group members, and whose management and daily operations are controlled by one or more such individuals. For the purpose of this definition, minority group members are:

(Check the block applicable to you)

[] Black Americans	[] Asian Pacific Americans
[] Hispanic Americans	[] Asian Indian Americans
[] Native Americans	[] Hasidic Jewish Americans

8. Indian-Owned Economic Enterprise and Indian Organization Representation (applicable only if this solicitation is for a contract to be performed on a project for an Indian Housing Authority)

The bidder represents and certifies that it:

- (a) [] is, [] is not an Indian-owned economic enterprise. "Economic enterprise," as used in this provision, means any commercial, industrial, or business activity established or organized for the purpose of profit, which is at least 51 percent Indian owned. "Indian," as used in this provision, means any person who is a member of any tribe, band, group, pueblo, or community which is recognized by the Federal Government as eligible for services from the Bureau of Indian Affairs and any "Native" as defined in the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act.
- (b) [] is, [] is not an Indian organization. "Indian organization," as used in this provision, means the governing body of any Indian tribe or entity established or recognized by such governing body. Indian "tribe" means any Indian tribe, band, group, pueblo, or

community including Native villages and Native groups (including corporations organized by Kenai, Juneau, Sitka, and Kodiak) as defined in the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, which is recognized by the Federal Government as eligible for services from the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

Certification of Eligibility Under the Davis-Bacon Act (applicable to construction contracts exceeding \$2,000)

- (a) By the submission of this bid, the bidder certifies that neither it nor any person or firm who has an interest in the bidder's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded contracts by the United States Government by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- (b) No part of the contract resulting from this solicitation shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible to be awarded contracts by the United States Government by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- (c) The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U. S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

10. Certification of Nonsegregated Facilities (applicable to contracts exceeding \$10,000)

- (a) The bidder's attention is called to the clause entitled **Equal Employment Opportunity** of the General Conditions of the Contract for Construction.
- (b) "Segregated facilities," as used in this provision, means any waiting rooms, work areas, rest rooms and wash rooms, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees, that are segregated by explicit directive or are in fact segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, or national origin because of habit, local custom, or otherwise.
- (c) By the submission of this bid, the bidder certifies that it does not and will not maintain or provide for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments, and that it does not and will not permit its employees to perform their services at any location under its control where segregated facilities are maintained. The bidder agrees that a breach of this certification is a violation of the Equal Employment Opportunity clause in the contract.
- (d) The bidder further agrees that (except where it has obtained identical certifications from proposed subcontractors for specific time periods) prior to entering into subcontracts which exceed \$10,000 and are not exempt from the requirements of the Equal Employment Opportunity clause, it will:
- (1) Obtain identical certifications from the proposed subcontractors;
 - (2) Retain the certifications in its files; and
- (3) Forward the following notice to the proposed subcontractors (except if the proposed subcontractors have submitted identical certifications for specific time periods):

Notice to Prospective Subcontractors of Requirement for Certifications of Nonsegregated Facilities

A Certification of Nonsegregated Facilities must be submitted before the award of a subcontract exceeding \$10,000 which is not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Employment Opportunity clause of the prime contract. The certification may be submitted either for each subcontract or for all subcontracts during a period (i.e., quarterly, semiannually, or annually).

Note: The penalty for making false statements in bids is prescribed in 18 U.S.C. 1001.

Clean Air and Water Certification (applicable to contracts exceeding \$100,000)

The bidder certifies that:

- (a) Any facility to be used in the performance of this contract [] is, [] is not listed on the Environmental Protection Agency List of Violating Facilities:
- (b) The bidder will immediately notify the PHA/IHA Contracting Officer, before award, of the receipt of any communication from the Administrator, or a designee, of the Environmental Protection Agency, indicating that any facility that the bidder proposes to use for the performance of the contract is under consideration to be listed on the EPA List of Violating Facilities; and,
- (c) The bidder will include a certification substantially the same as this certification, including this paragraph (c), in every nonexempt subcontract.

12. Previous Participation Certificate (applicable to construction and equipment contracts exceeding \$50,000)

- (a) The bidder shall complete and submit with his/her bid the Form HUD-2530, "Previous Participation Certificate." If the successful bidder does not submit the certificate with his/her bid, he/she must submit it within three (3) working days of bid opening. Failure to submit the certificate by that date may render the bid nonresponsive. No contract award will be made without a properly executed certificate.
- (b) A fully executed "Previous Participation Certificate"[] is, [] is not included with the bid.

13. Bidder's Signature

The bidder hereby certifies that the information contained in these certifications and representations is accurate, complete, and current.

(Signature and Date)
(Typed or Printed Name)
(Title)
(Company Name)
(Company Address)

Section 3 Project Monthly Summary Report

Complete this report and include with each monthly application for payment.

Use additional pages as necessary.

		, , .			
Contractor Name:					
Business Address:					
Contact Person:					
Phone Number:					
Project Name & Number:					
Amount of original contract award:	\$				
SECTION 3 ACTIVITIES RE Are you a Section 3 Busi				(month &	vear)
PART I: EMPLOYMENT	AND TRAINING				
Job Category	# Open/Posted Positions	# of New Hires	1	ew Hires that ec. 3 Residents	
Professional or Clerical					
General Labor					
Rental/Lease Manageme	nt				
Building Trades (list)					
PART II: CONTRACTS A	WARDED				
Construction Contracts:				Dollars	
1				۱ ۸	
Total dollar amount of c	onstruction contract for t	his project		\$	
	onstruction contract for t racts (Accounting, Bookk		ture):	\$	

PART III: NARRATIVE OF SUPPORTING DETAIL

Employment and Training Opportunities
Describe contractor and subcontractor <u>hiring activity</u> during the reporting period.
Control to Assessed at (Dont 2 Construction Dotto!)
Contracts Awarded (Part 2 Supporting Detail) <u>List the contracts awarded</u> during the reporting period/month.
Include contractor name, value of contract award, and if they are a Section 3 business.
Part IV: Other Section 3 Outreach and Opportunities
Part IV: Other Section 3 Outreach and Opportunities Please list any outreach activities performed (advertising, outreach, contacting Youthbuild
Please list <u>any outreach activities performed</u> (advertising, outreach, contacting Youthbuild offices, etc) to hire Section 3 residents or Section 3 businesses during the reporting period,
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NON-COLLUSIVE AFFIDAVIT

By submission of this bid or proposal, the bidder certifies that:

- a) This bid or proposal has been independently arrived at without collusion with any other bidder or with any competitor or potential competitor;
- b) Bidder has not directly or indirectly knowingly disclosed this bid or proposal and will not, prior to the opening of bids or proposals for this project, knowingly disclose this bid or proposal to any other bidder, competitor, or potential competitor;
- c) Bidder has not attempted and will not attempt to induce any other person or entity to submit or not to submit a bid or proposal **or to** fix the overhead, profit, or cost element of said bid price or that of any other bidder, or to secure any unfair advantage against the Owner;
- d) The person signing this bid or proposal on behalf of the bidder certifies that he or she is fully informed regarding the accuracy of the statements contained in this affidavit, and under the penalty of perjury affirms the truth thereof, and bidder acknowledges that the penalty for perjury is applicable to the bidder as well as to the person signing on behalf of the bidder;
- e) If bidder is a legal entity other than a natural person, bidder has attached a certified copy of the resolution authorizing the execution of this certificate by the person named below who signed this bid or proposal on behalf of bidder.

f) The undersigned, hereby affirms that he or she is the (title)
of the party making the foregoing proposal or bid for Maryvale
Parkway (Project description), that such proposal or bid is genuine and not collusive, and that all statements herein are true.
Signature:
Name:
Title*:
*Bidder (if the bidder is an Individual); Partner (if the bidder is a Partnership); Officer (if the bidder is a Corporation); Member of Manager (if bidder is a Limited Liability Company)
STATE OF ARIZONA)
) ss.
County of Maricopa)
Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of, 20 by of
(Bidder), on behalf of Bidder.
Notary Public
My commission expires:

CERTIFICATION OF NON-SEGREGATED FACILITIES

	assures Government Contractors and ocal Agencies that we do not and will not maintain or segregated facilities at any of our establishments, and
	ermit our employees to perform their services at any
location under or control	C C
includes facilities which are, in national origin, because	understands that the phrase "Segregated Facilities" fact, segregated on a basis of race, color, creed, or of habit, local custom or otherwise. understands and agrees that maintaining or
providing segregated facilities perform their services at any le	for our employees or permitting our employees to ocation under our control, where segregated facilities the Equal Opportunity Clause required by Executive
	further understand and agrees that a
the Secretary of Labor and	contained subjects us to the provisions of the Orders of the provisions of the Equal Opportunity Clause Ferenced on purchase orders by the government and
Finally,	is aware that whoever knowingly and
willingly makes any false, f prosecution under 18 U.S.X. #1	ictitious representation may be liable to criminal
(6)	
(Signature)	Corporate Seal
(Printed Name and Title)	
Company Name	•
Company Address	

CERTIFICATION OF NON-SEGREGATED FACILITIES - 41 CFR PART 60-1.8

Notice to Prospective Federally Assisted Construction Contractors

- 1. A Certification of Non-segregated Facilities shall be submitted prior to the award of a federally-assisted construction contract exceeding \$10,000 which is not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity Clause.
- 2. Contractors receiving federally-assisted construction contract awards exceeding \$10,000 which are not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity Clause will be required to provide for the forwarding of the following notice to prospective subcontractors for supplies and construction contracts where the subcontracts exceed \$10,000 and are not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity Clause. NOTE: The penalty for making false statements in offers is prescribed in 18 U.S.C. 1001.

Notice to Prospective Sub-Contractors of Requirements for Certification of Non-Segregated Facilities

- 1. A Certification of Non-Segregated Facilities shall be submitted prior to the award of a subcontract exceeding \$10,000, which is not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity Clause.
- 2. Contractors receiving subcontract awards exceeding \$10,000 which are not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity Clause will be required to provide for the forwarding of this notice to prospective subcontractors for supplies and construction contracts where the subcontracts exceed \$10,000 and are not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity Clause. NOTE: The penalty for making false statements in offers is prescribed in 18 U.S.C. 1001.

CERTIFICATION OF NON-SEGREGATED FACILITIES

The federally-assisted construction contractor certifies that she or he does not maintain or provide, for his employees, any segregated facilities at any of his establishments and that she or he does not permit his employees to perform their services at any location, under his control, where segregated facilities are maintained. The federally-assisted construction contractor certifies that she or he will not maintain or provide, for his or her employees, segregated facilities at any of his or her establishments and that she or he will not permit his or her employees to perform their services at any location under his or her control where segregated facilities are maintained. The federally-assisted construction contractor agrees that a breach of this certification is a violation of the Equal Opportunity Clause in this contract.

As used in this certification, the term "segregated facilities" means any waiting rooms, work areas, restrooms, and washrooms, restaurants and other eating areas, time-clocks, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees which are segregated by explicit directives or are, in fact, segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, or national origin because of habit, local custom, or any other reason. The federally-assisted construction contractor agrees that (except where she or he has obtained identical certifications from proposed subcontractors for specific time periods) she or he will obtain identical certifications from proposed subcontractors prior to the award of subcontracts exceeding \$10,000 which are not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity Clause and that she or he will retain such certifications in his files.

Application

Incorporate in all construction contracts and subcontracts that exceed \$10,000. The notices should be placed within the solicitation for proposals. The actual certification should be incorporated in the contract agreement.

Reference

Executive Order 11246 41 CFR Part 60 -1.8 AC 150/5100-15, Para. 22.b.